Citizens Survey 2017 Index of Dashboards

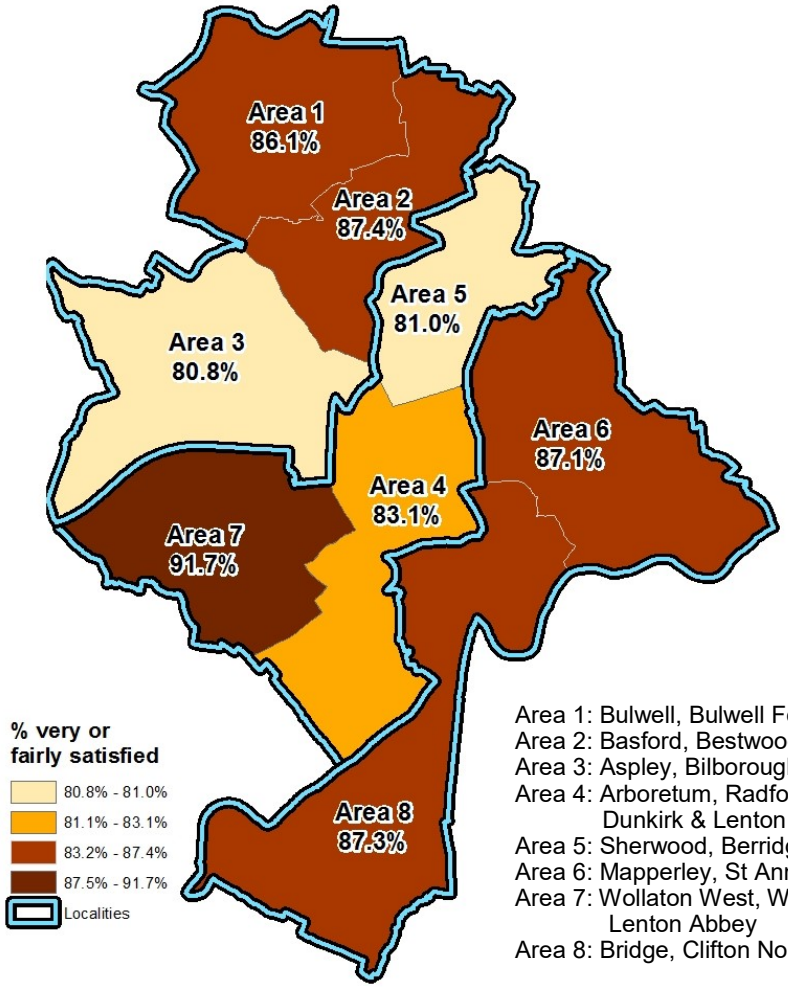
1. Local Area Satisfaction
2. Cleanliness of Local Area
3. Cleanliness of City Centre
4. Local Area Cohesion
5. Ability to Influence Decisions
6. Ability to Rely on Local People
7. Ability to Rely on Local Groups
8. Range of Local Events
9. Quality of Local Events
10. Fair Treatment
11. Contacting the Council
12. Satisfaction with Handling of an Enquiry
13. Politeness of Person Handling an Enquiry
14. Delivering of Promises Relating to a Query
15. Query Handled in Reasonable Time
16. Feeling Informed about Services and Benefits
17. Easy to Understand Information
18. Value for Money
19. Council Satisfaction
20. Feelings about Nottingham
21. Recommend Nottingham as a Place to Live
22. Recommend Nottingham as a Place to Study
23. Recommend Nottingham as a Place to Visit
24. Recommend Nottingham as a Place to Work
25. Visiting Parks and Open Spaces
26. Reason why People Visit Parks and Open Spaces
27. Media Accessed Regularly
28. Preferences for Receiving Council Information
29. Keeping up with Bills
30. Where to go for advice on financial hardship

31. Changes made due to Economic Climate
32. Smoking
33. What People Smoke
34. Alcohol Consumption
35. Alcohol Risk Categories
36. Binge Drinking
37. Mental Wellbeing Categories (1 of 2)
38. Mental Wellbeing Categories (2 of 2)
39. Loneliness
40. Travel to Work

1: Local Area Satisfaction

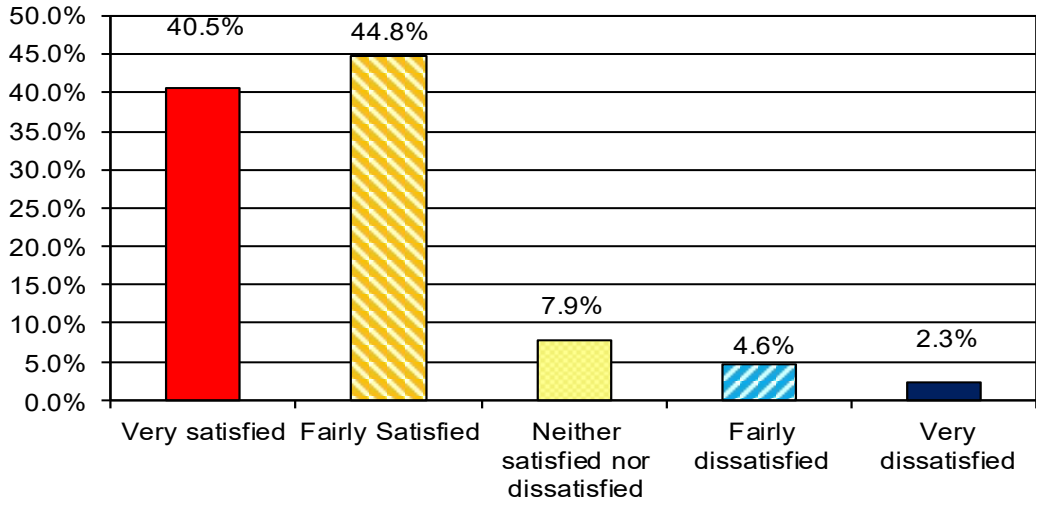
Headline: 85% satisfied with local area

Percentage of respondents who are very or fairly satisfied with their local area.

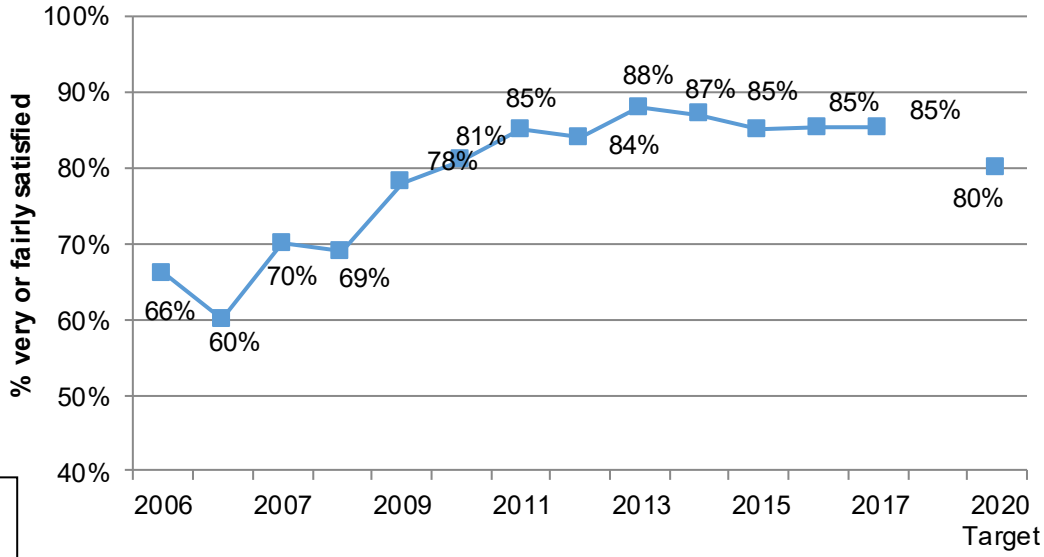


Area 1: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest
Area 2: Basford, Bestwood
Area 3: Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley
Area 4: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton
Area 5: Sherwood, Berridge
Area 6: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales
Area 7: Wollaton West, Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey
Area 8: Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

Local area satisfaction



City change over time (percentage very or fairly satisfied)

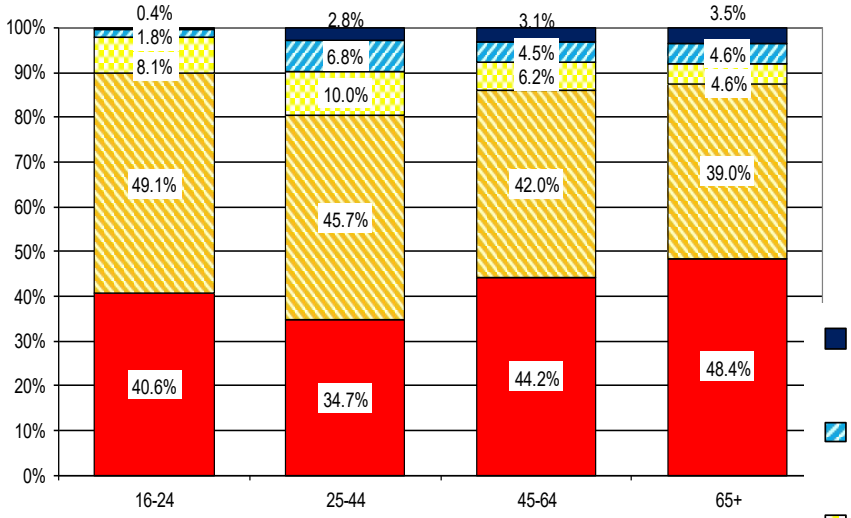


Based on 2,017 respondents in total. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

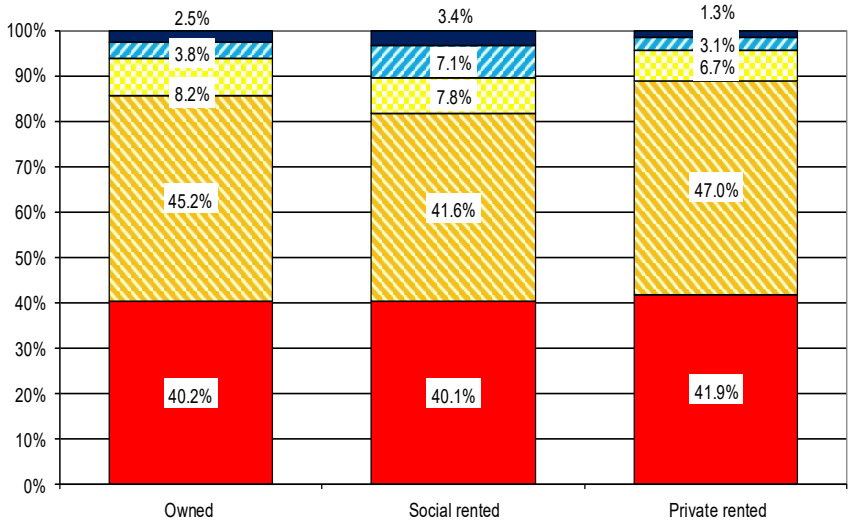
Key Points

- Area 7 has the highest levels of satisfaction at 91.7%.
- Satisfaction is highest amongst the 16-24 age group.
- The lowest levels of satisfaction are amongst people who are unemployed

Satisfaction by age



Satisfaction by tenure



Very dissatisfied

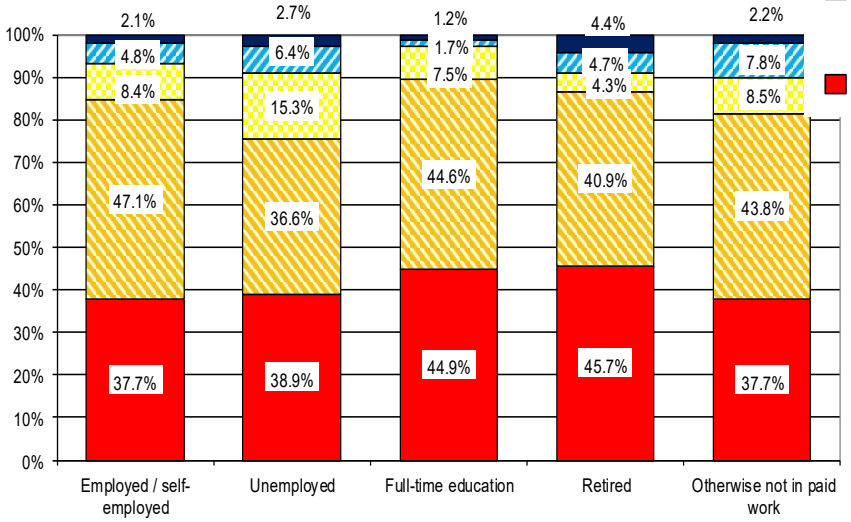
Fairly dissatisfied

Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied

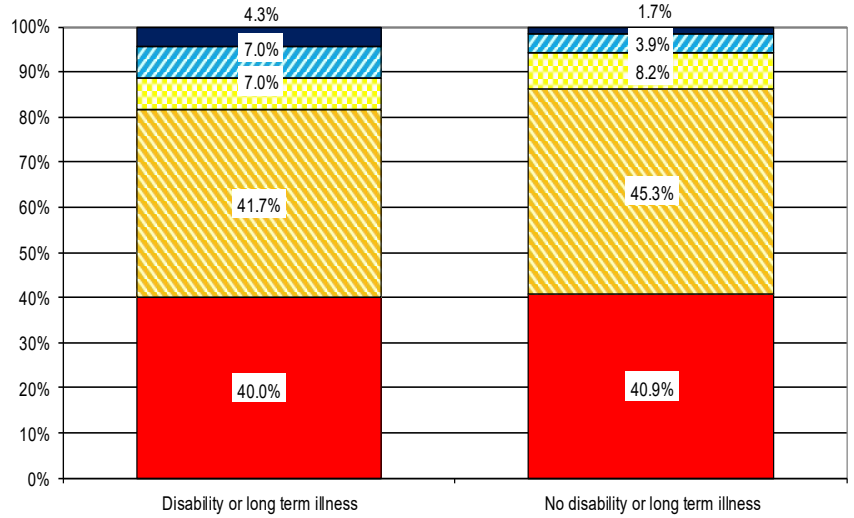
Fairly Satisfied

Very satisfied

Satisfaction by employment status



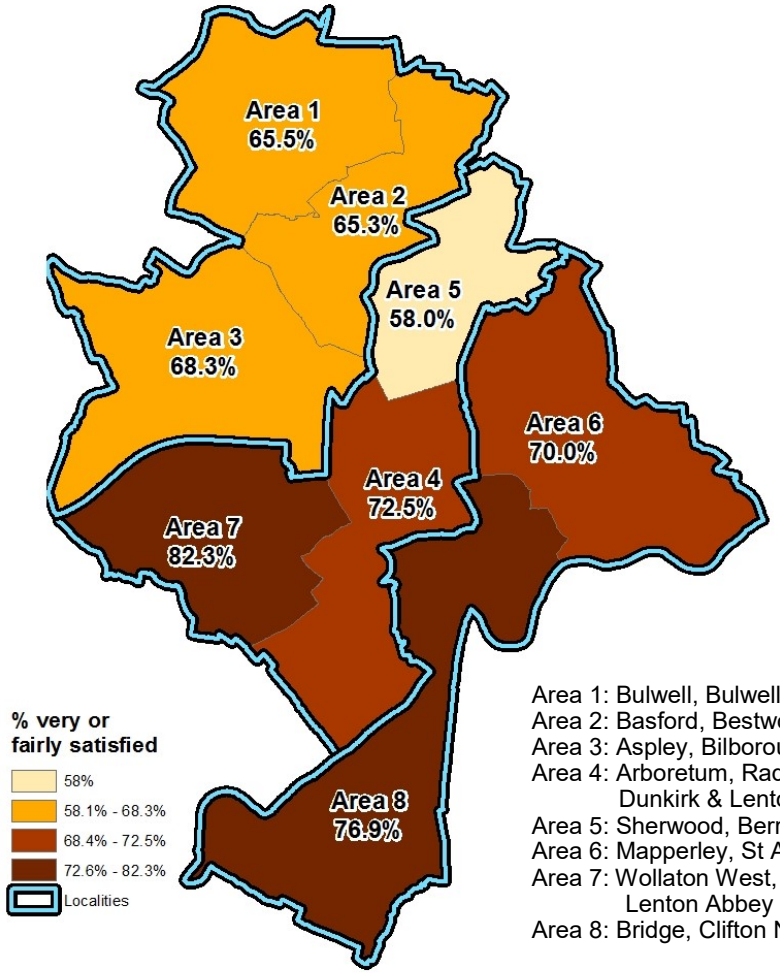
Satisfaction by disability or long term illness



2: Cleanliness of Local Area

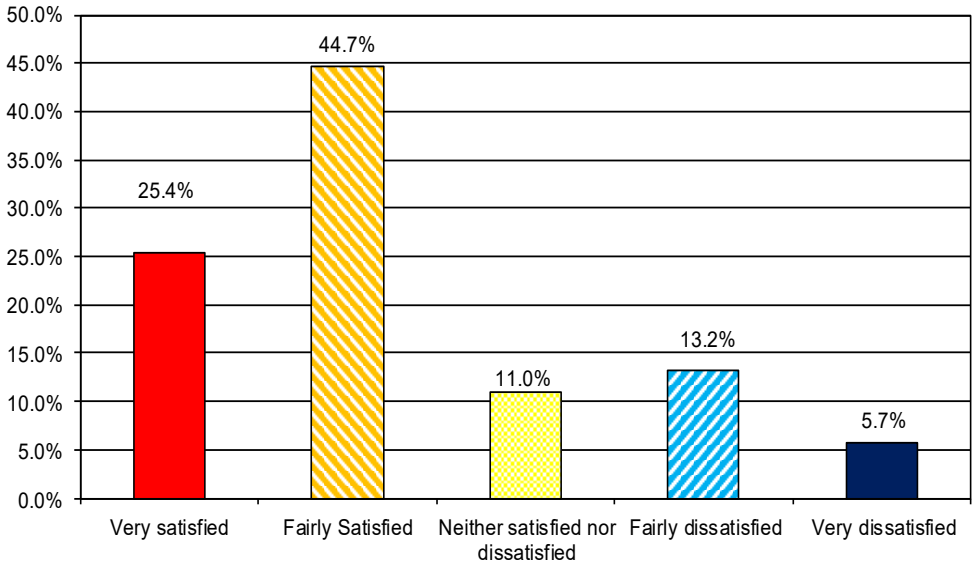
Headline: 70% satisfied with cleanliness of their local area

Percentage of respondents who are very or fairly satisfied with the cleanliness of their local area.

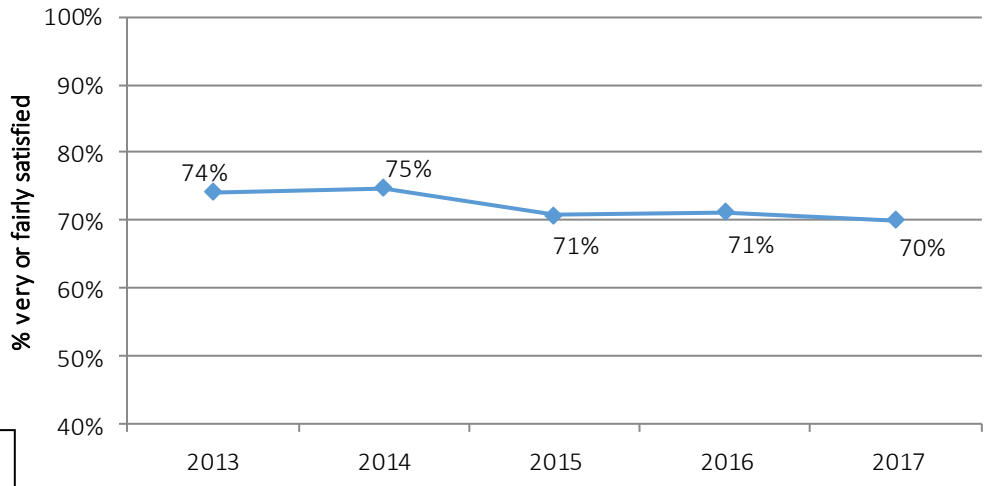


Area 1: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest
Area 2: Basford, Bestwood
Area 3: Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley
Area 4: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton
Area 5: Sherwood, Berridge
Area 6: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales
Area 7: Wollaton West, Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey
Area 8: Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

Satisfaction with cleanliness of local area



Change over time

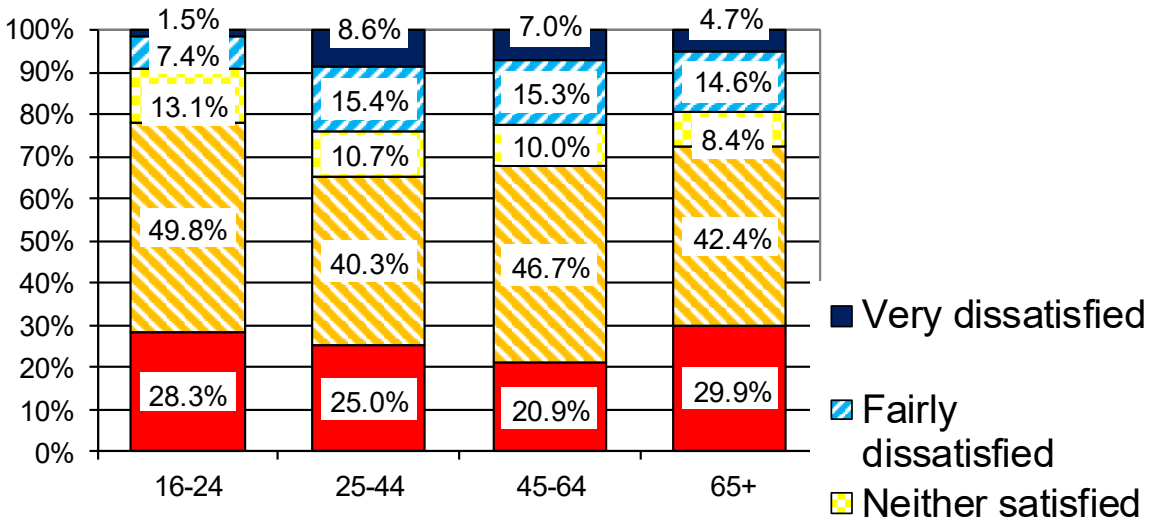


Based on 2,016 respondents in total. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

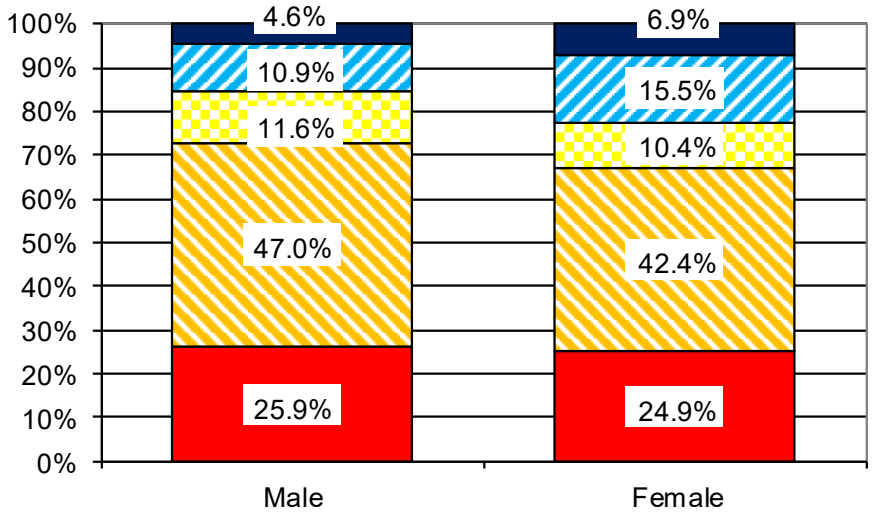
Key Points

- Satisfaction is highest in Area 7 and lowest in Area 5.
- Satisfaction is highest people in full time education.
- The lowest levels of satisfaction are amongst people 'otherwise not in paid work' and those in social rented housing.

Satisfaction by age



Satisfaction by gender



Very dissatisfied

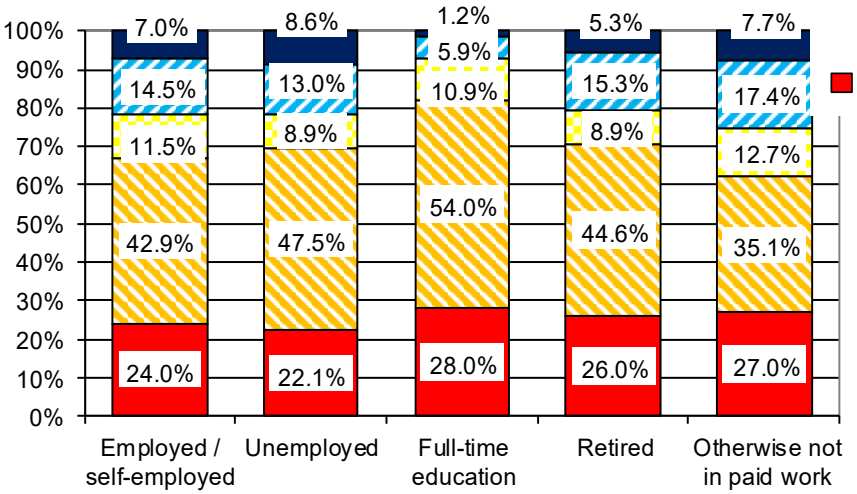
Fairly dissatisfied

Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied

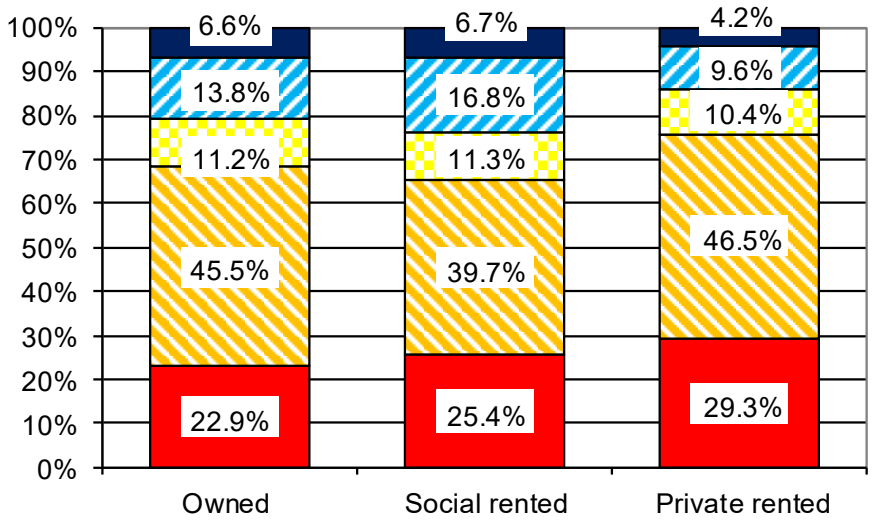
Fairly Satisfied

Very satisfied

Satisfaction by employment status



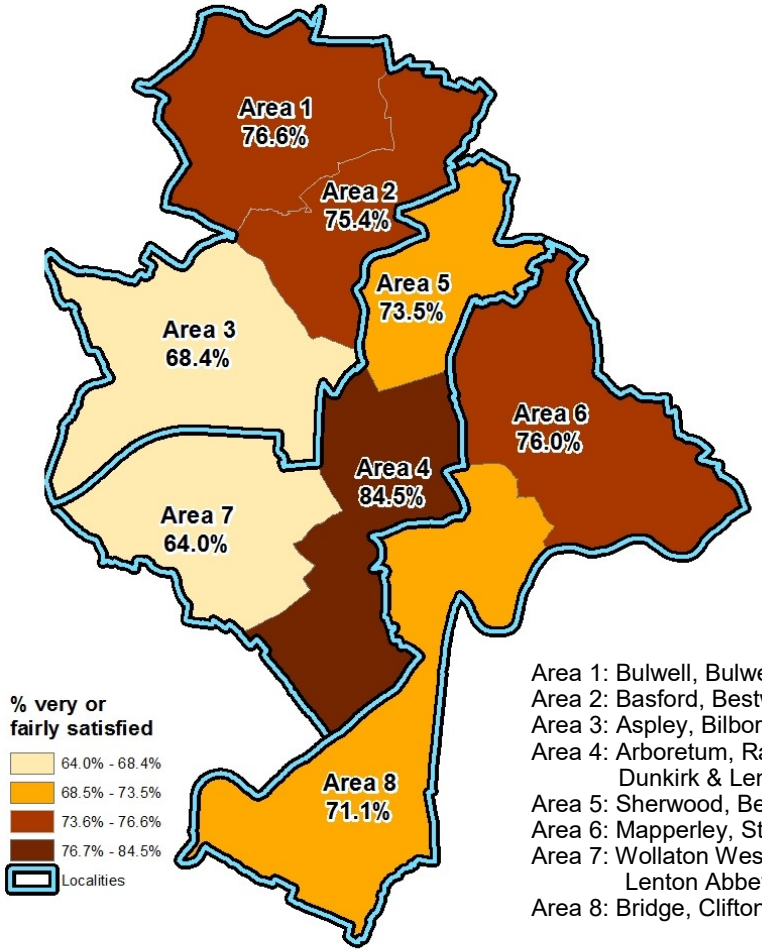
Satisfaction by housing tenure



3: Cleanliness of the City Centre

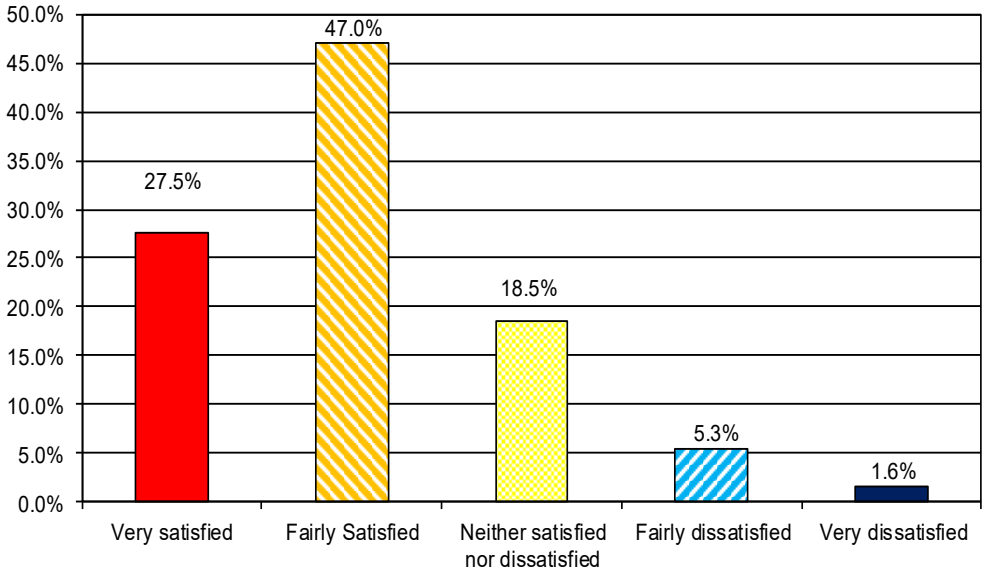
Headline: 75% satisfied with cleanliness of the City Centre

Percentage of respondents who are very or fairly satisfied with the cleanliness of the City Centre.

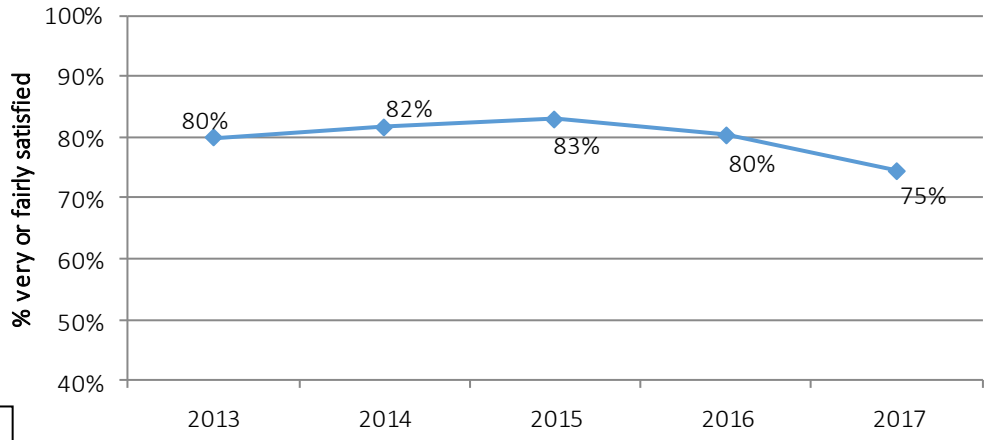


Area 1: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest
Area 2: Basford, Bestwood
Area 3: Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley
Area 4: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton
Area 5: Sherwood, Berridge
Area 6: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales
Area 7: Wollaton West, Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey
Area 8: Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

Satisfaction with cleanliness of the City Centre



Change over time

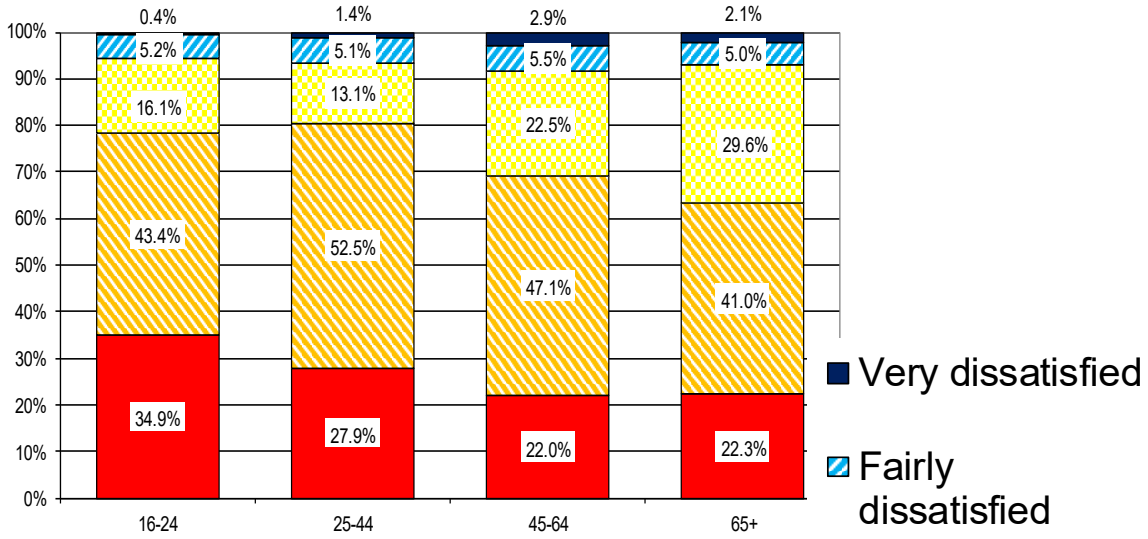


Based on 1,954 respondents in total. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

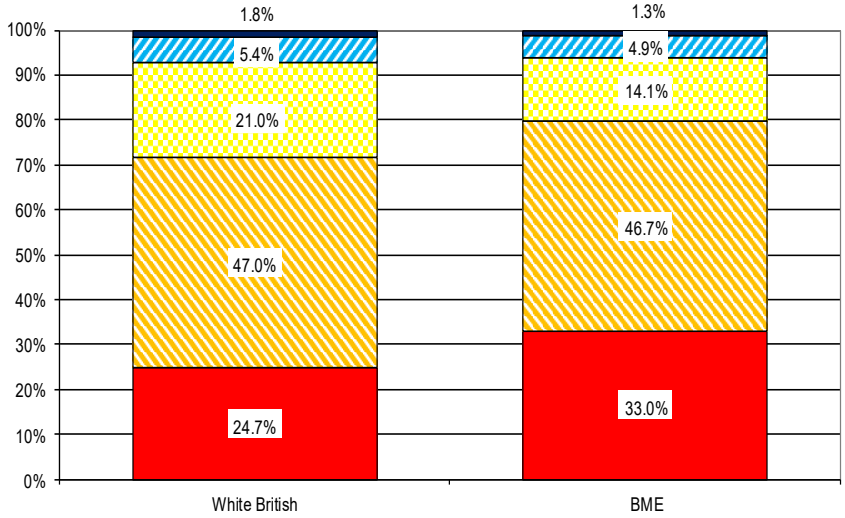
Key Points

- Satisfaction is highest in Area 4 and lowest in Areas 3 and 7.
- Satisfaction is highest amongst people who are unemployed
- People aged 65 and over and those with a disability or long term illness are least likely to be satisfied with the cleanliness of the City Centre.

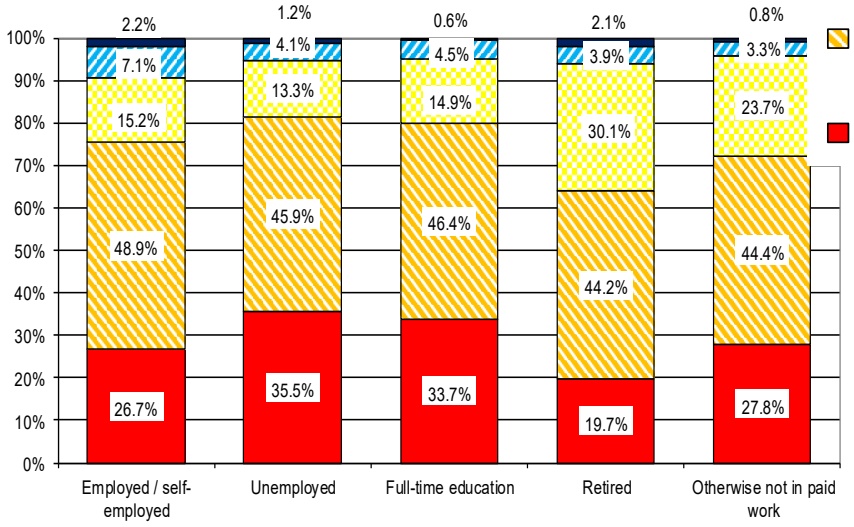
Satisfaction by age



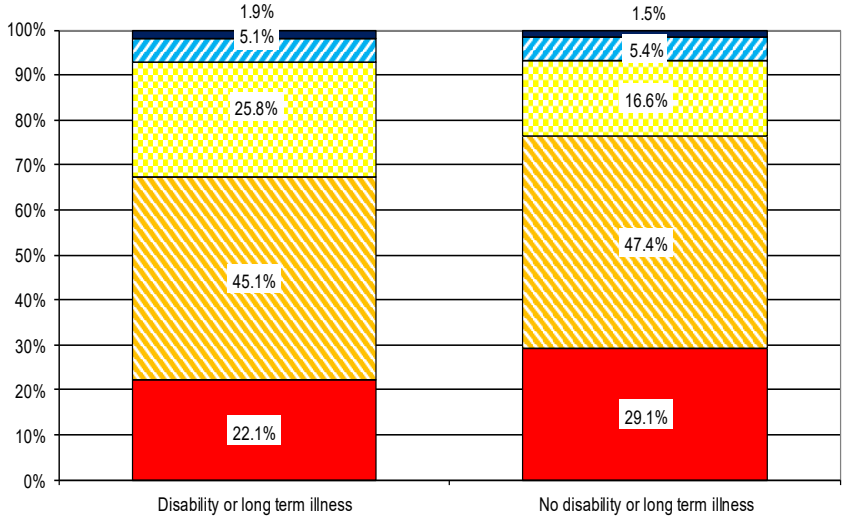
Satisfaction by ethnicity



Satisfaction by employment status



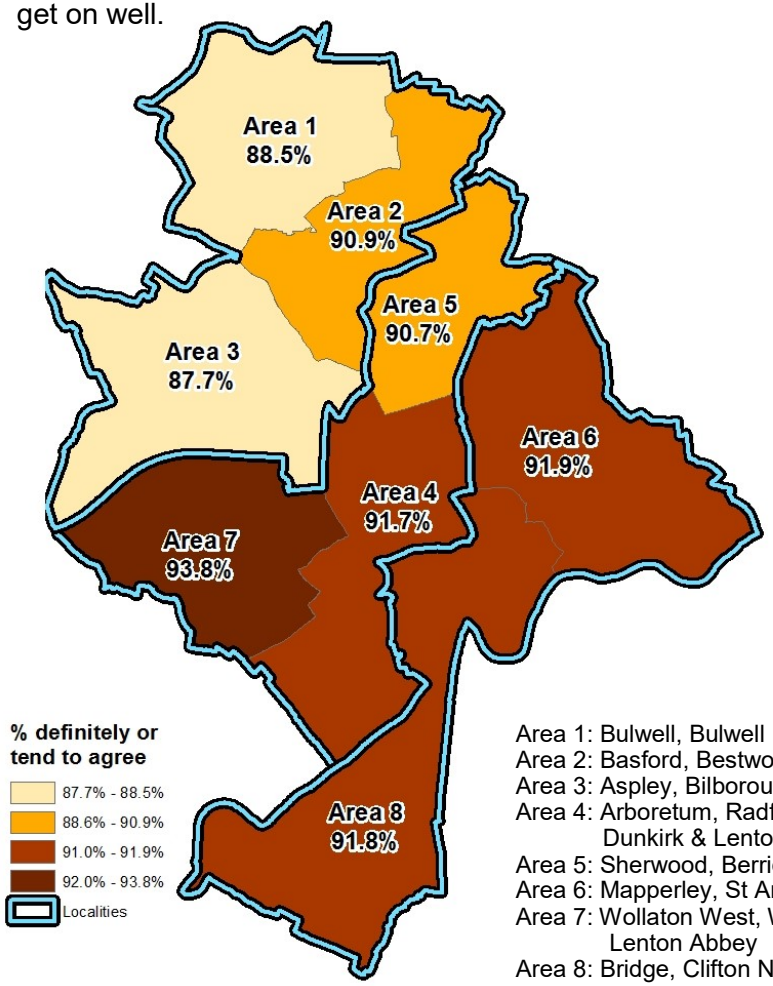
Satisfaction by disability or long term illness



4: Local Area Cohesion

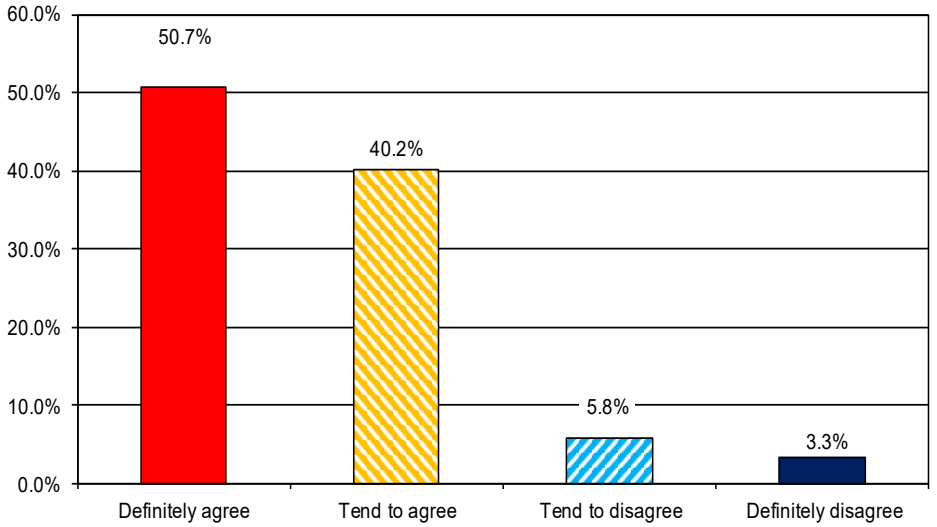
Headline: 91% agree that people from different backgrounds get on well

Percentage of respondents who definitely or tend to agree their local area is a place where people from different backgrounds get on well.

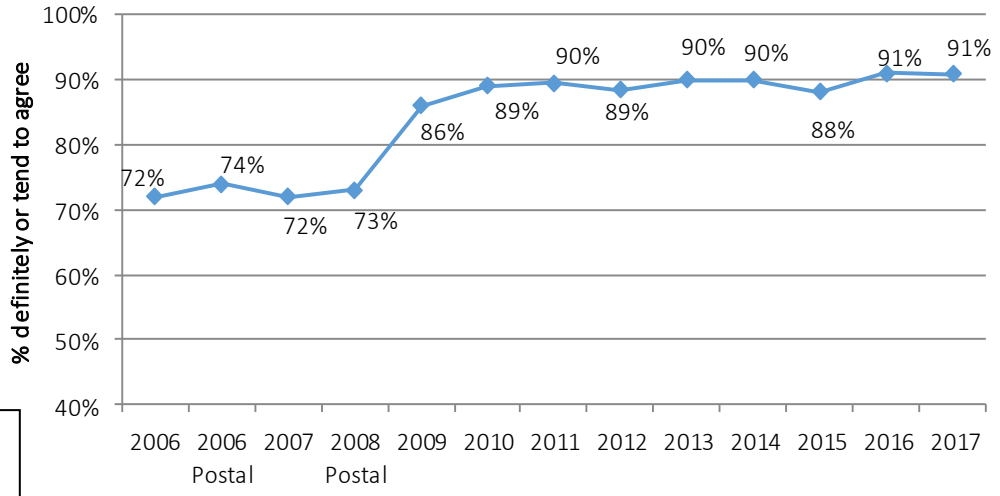


Area 1: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest
Area 2: Basford, Bestwood
Area 3: Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley
Area 4: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton
Area 5: Sherwood, Berridge
Area 6: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales
Area 7: Wollaton West, Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey
Area 8: Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

Local Area Cohesion



City change over time (percentage agree or tend to agree)

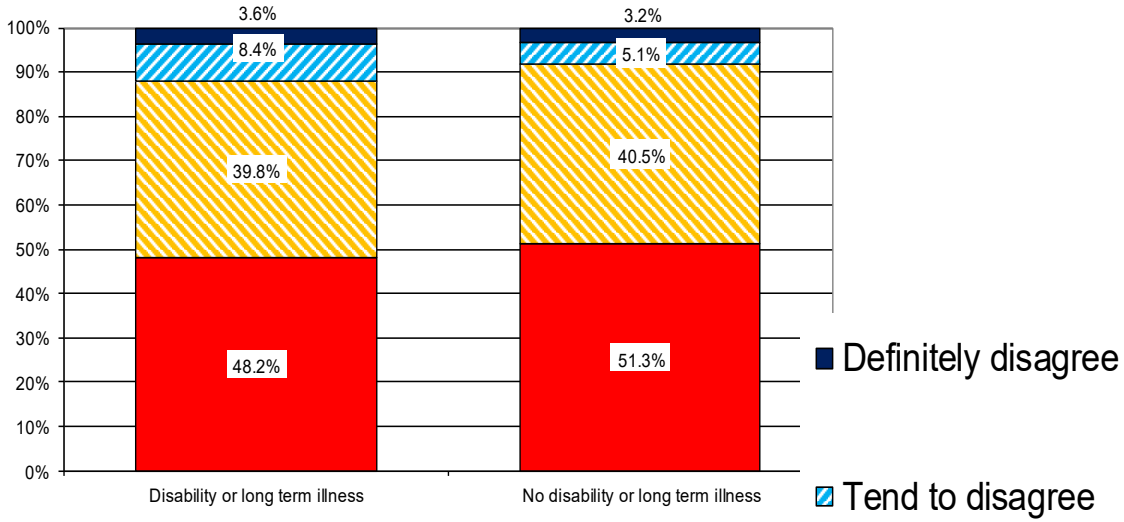


Based on 1,862 respondents in total. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

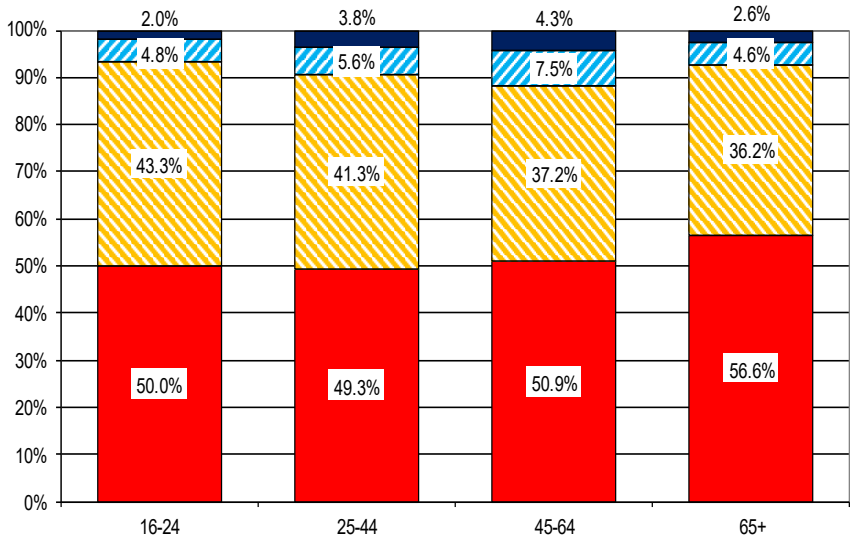
Key Points

- The proportion of respondents who agree that, in their local area, people from different backgrounds tend to get on well remains high at 91%.
- Area 7 has the highest level of agreement and Area 3 the lowest.
- There is little variation between demographic groups with between 87.0% and 93.3% of people agreeing with the statement.

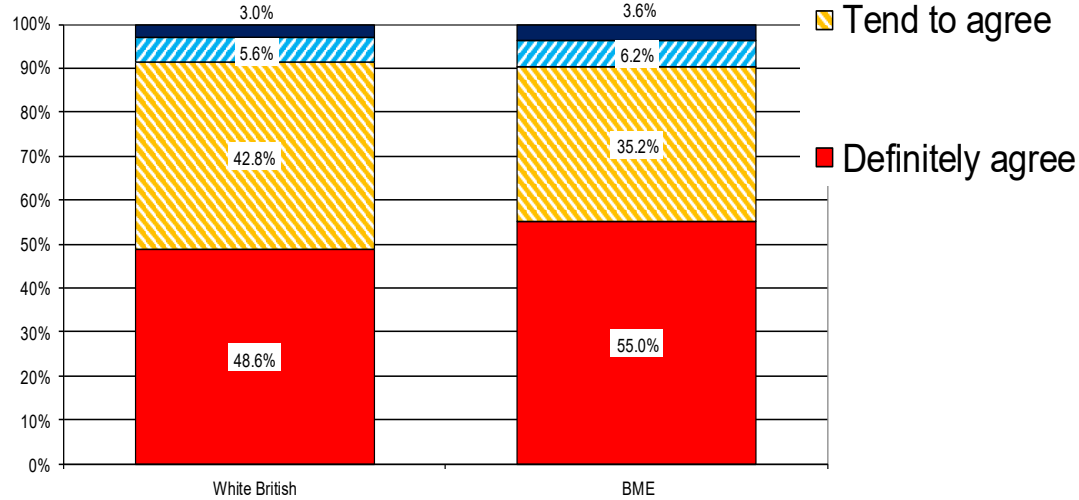
Opinion by disability



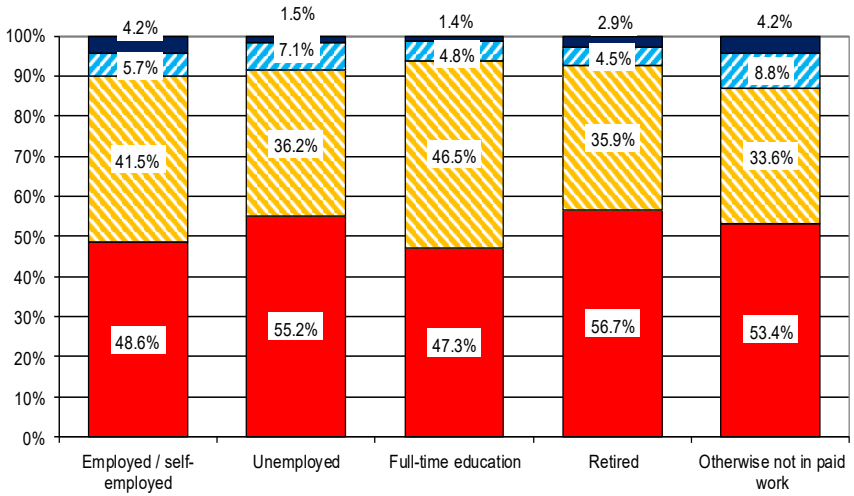
Opinion by age



Opinion by ethnicity



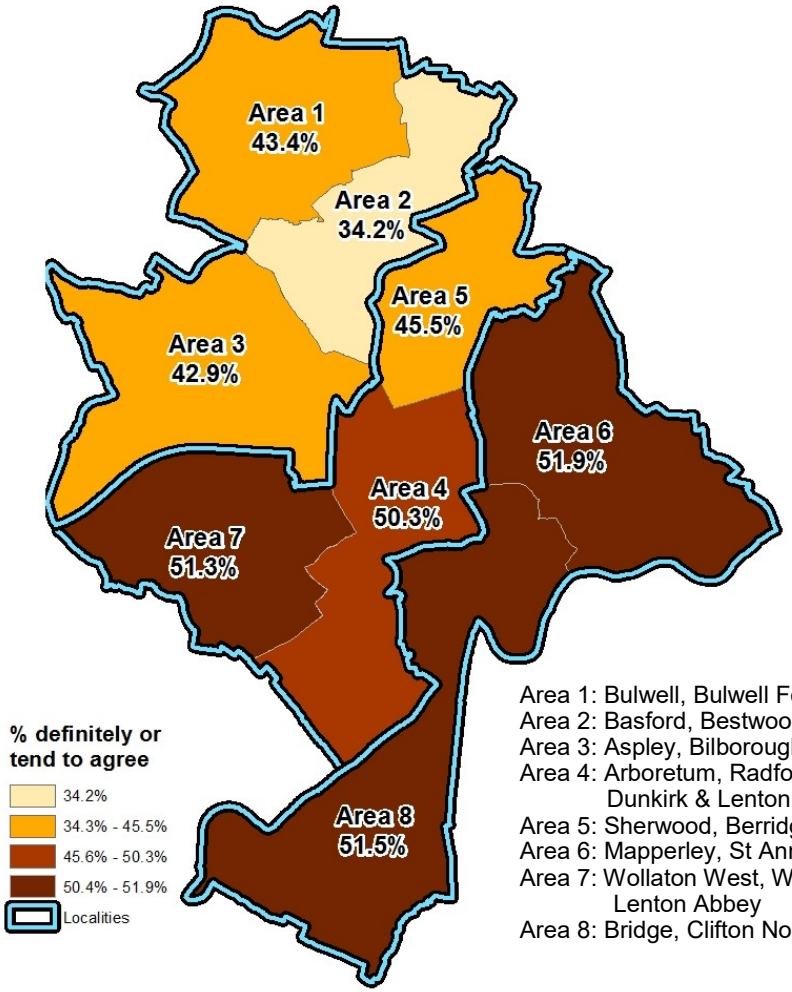
Opinion by employment status



5: Ability to influence local decisions

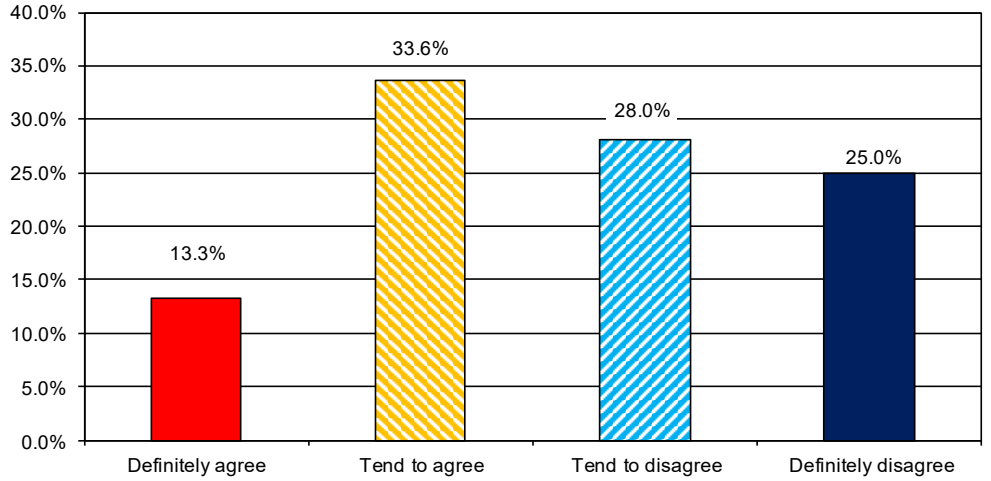
Headline: 47% feel they can influence decisions

Percentage of respondents who definitely or tend to agree they can influence decisions which affect their local area

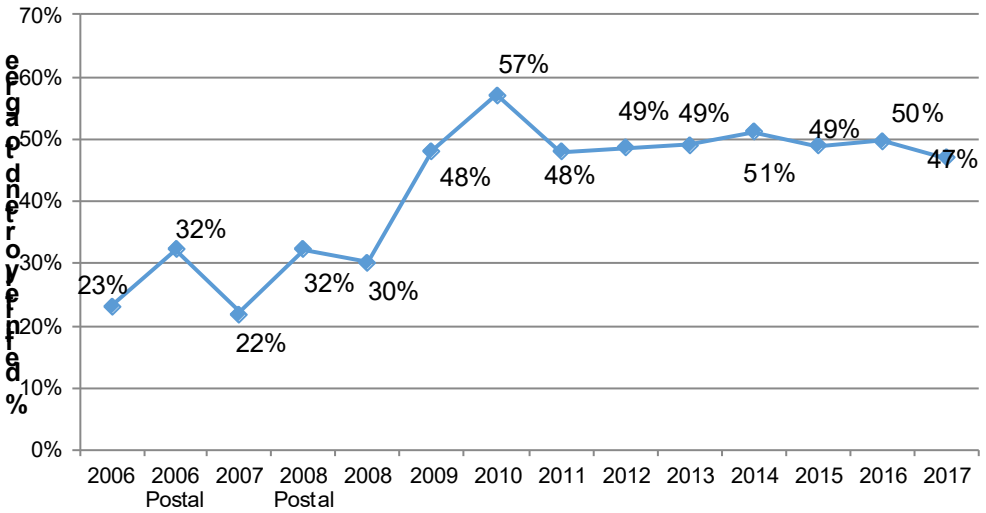


Area 1: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest
Area 2: Basford, Bestwood
Area 3: Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley
Area 4: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton
Area 5: Sherwood, Berridge
Area 6: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales
Area 7: Wollaton West, Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey
Area 8: Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

Ability to influence local decisions



City change over time (percentage definitely or tend to agree)

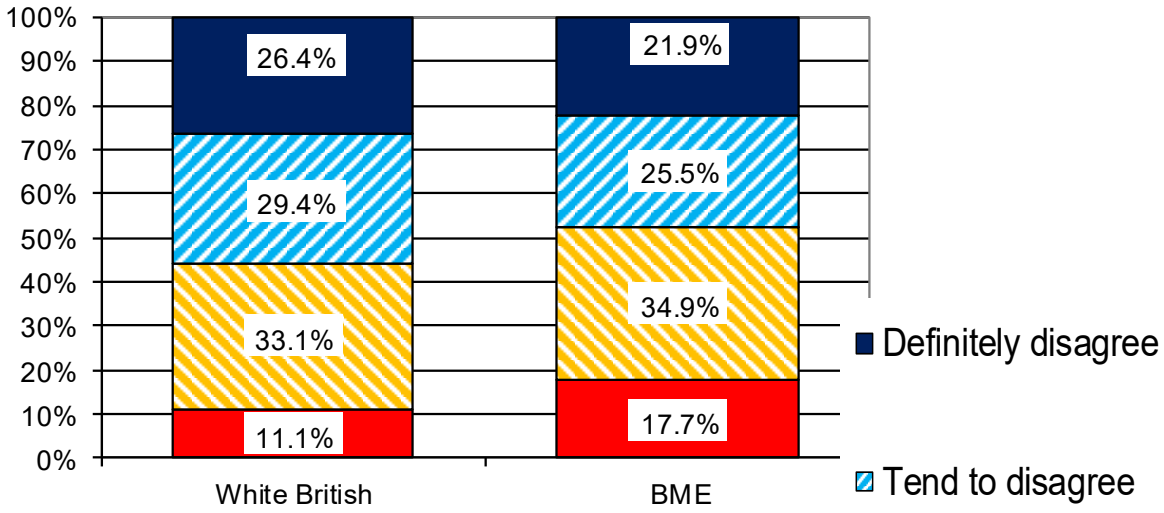


Based on 1,678 respondents in total. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

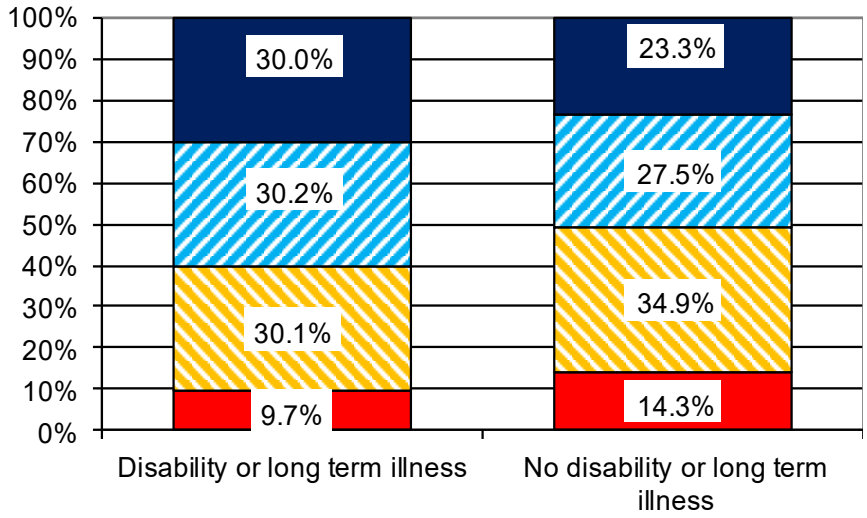
Key Points

- Areas 6, 7 and 8 have the highest proportion of people who agree they can influence decisions that affect the local area, Area 2 has the lowest proportion.
- Unemployed people and people from Black and Minority Ethnic groups are the most likely to agree they can influence decisions.
- People with a disability or long term illness are least likely to agree.

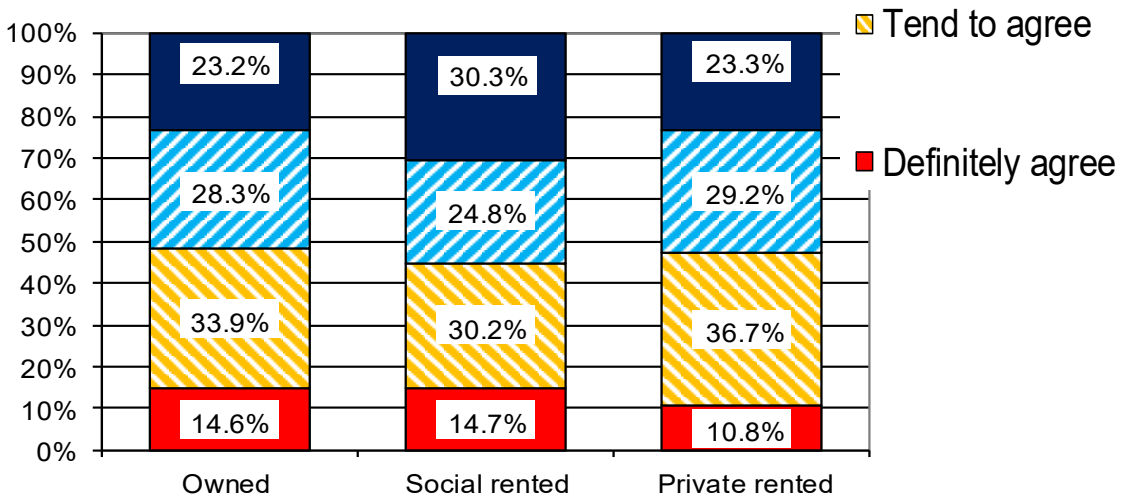
Opinion by ethnicity



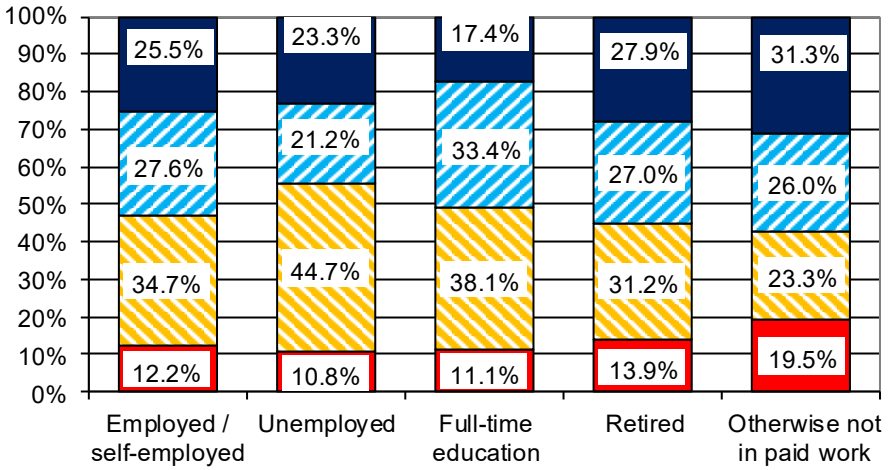
Opinion by disability or long term illness



Opinion by housing tenure



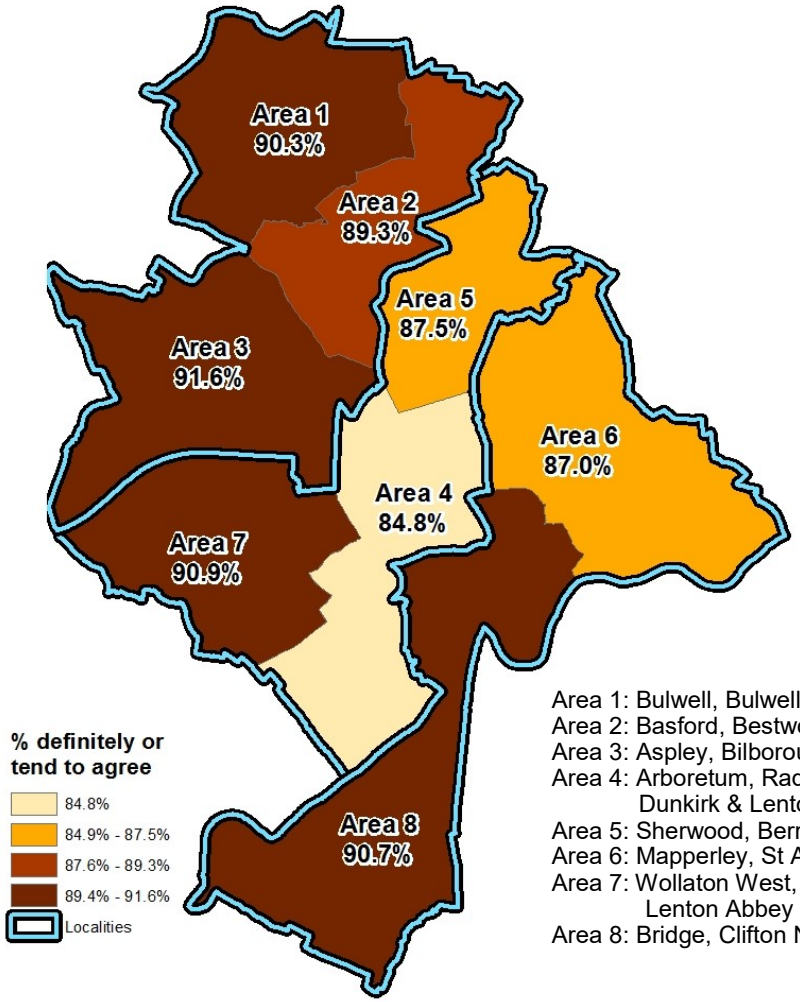
Opinion by employment status



6: Ability to rely on local people

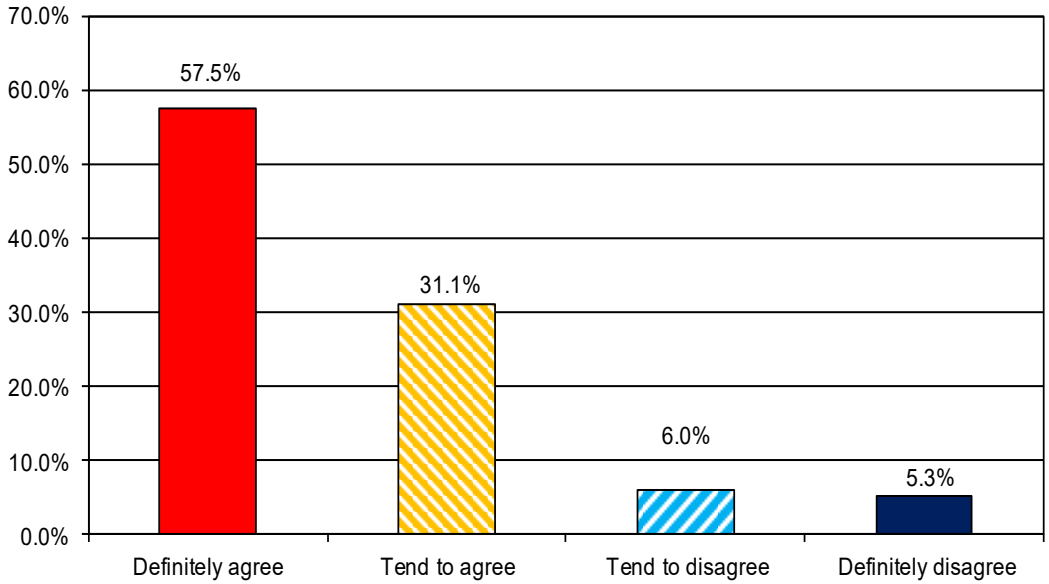
Headline: 89% of people agree they can rely on friends, family or neighbours

Percentage of respondents who definitely or tend to agree they can rely on local people (friends, family, neighbours) to provide help.



Area 1: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest
Area 2: Basford, Bestwood
Area 3: Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley
Area 4: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton
Area 5: Sherwood, Berridge
Area 6: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales
Area 7: Wollaton West, Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey
Area 8: Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

Ability to rely on local people to help

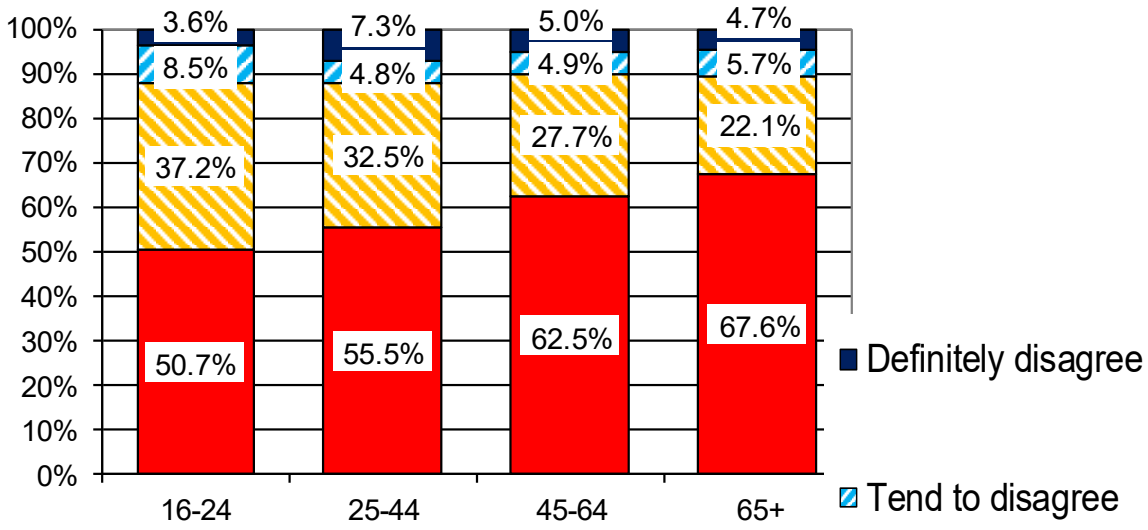


Based on 1,938 respondents in total. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

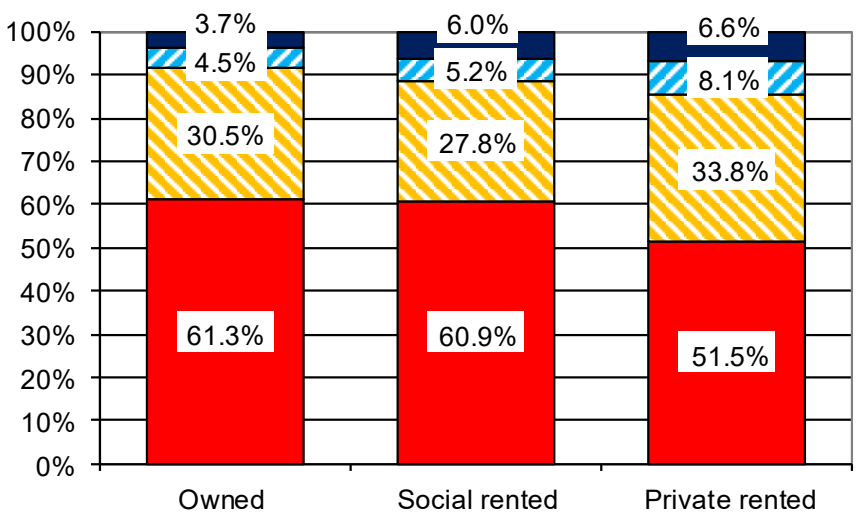
Key Points

- More than 90% of people in Areas 1, 3, 7 and 8 agree they can rely on local people
- People who own their home and people who are retired are most likely to agree they can rely on local people.
- People in private rented accommodation are the least likely to agree.

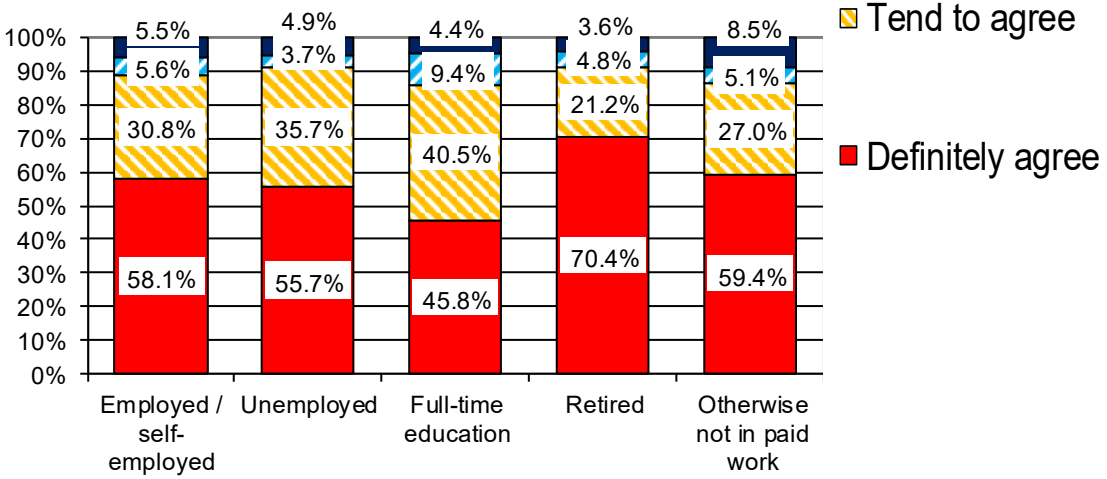
Opinion by age



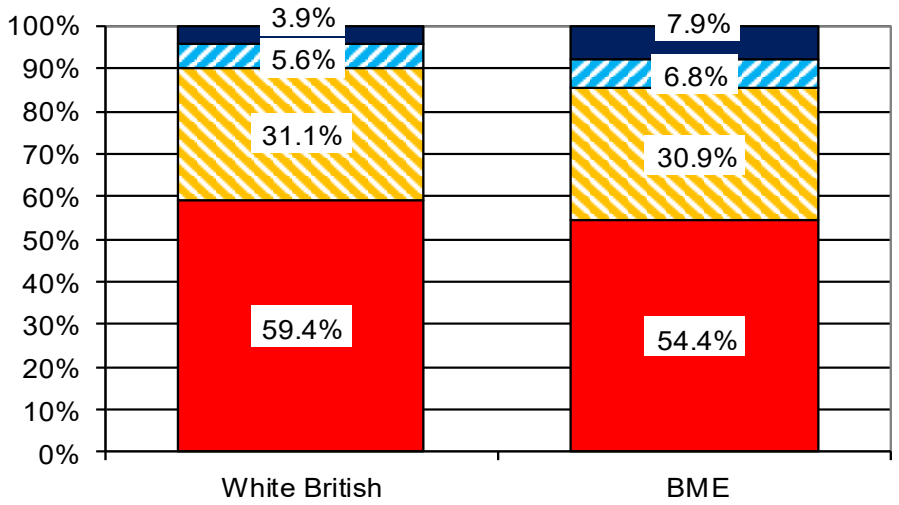
Opinion by housing tenure



Opinion by employment status



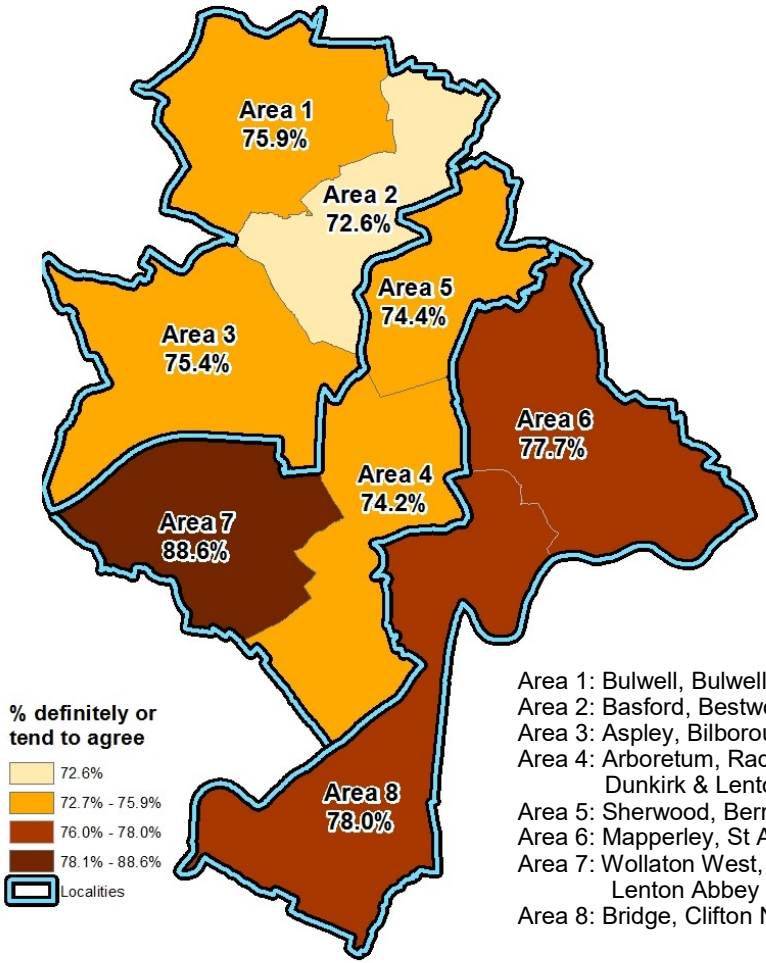
Opinion by ethnic group



7: Ability to rely on local groups

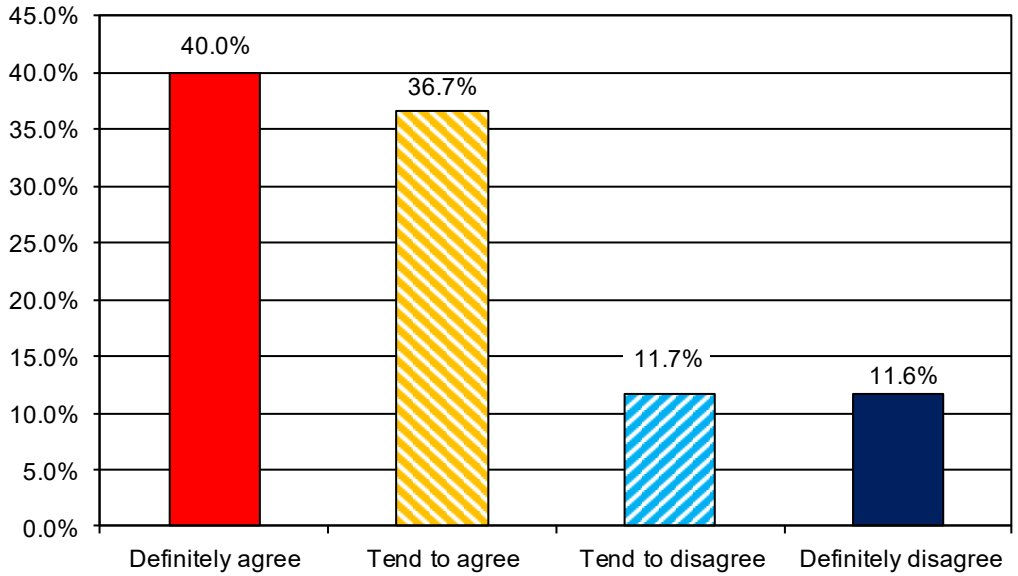
Headline: 77% of people agree they can rely on local groups for help

Percentage of respondents who definitely or tend to agree they can rely on local people (voluntary, faith groups etc) to provide help.



Area 1: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest
Area 2: Basford, Bestwood
Area 3: Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley
Area 4: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton
Area 5: Sherwood, Berridge
Area 6: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales
Area 7: Wollaton West, Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey
Area 8: Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

Ability to rely on local groups for help

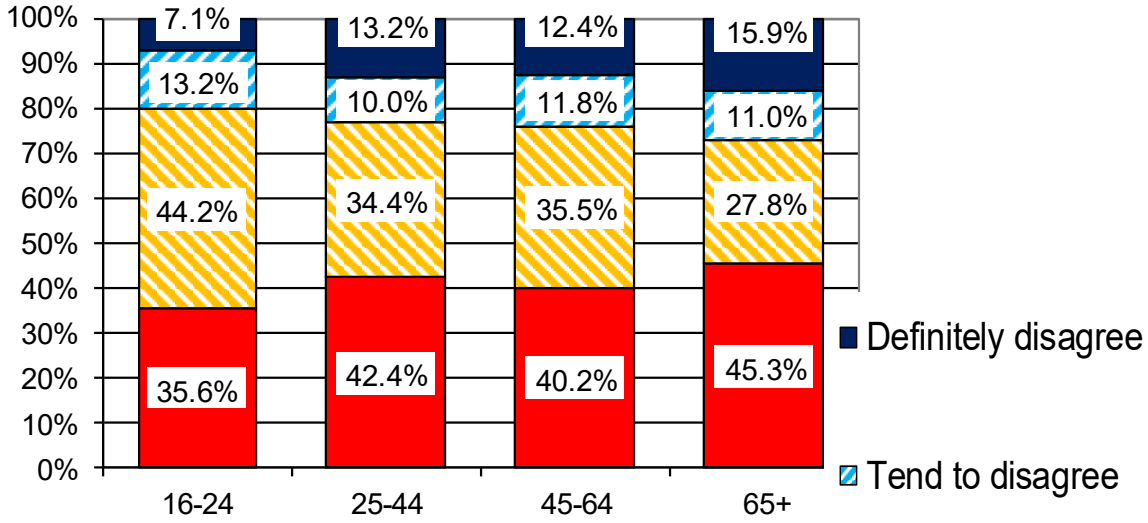


Based on 1,355 respondents in total. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

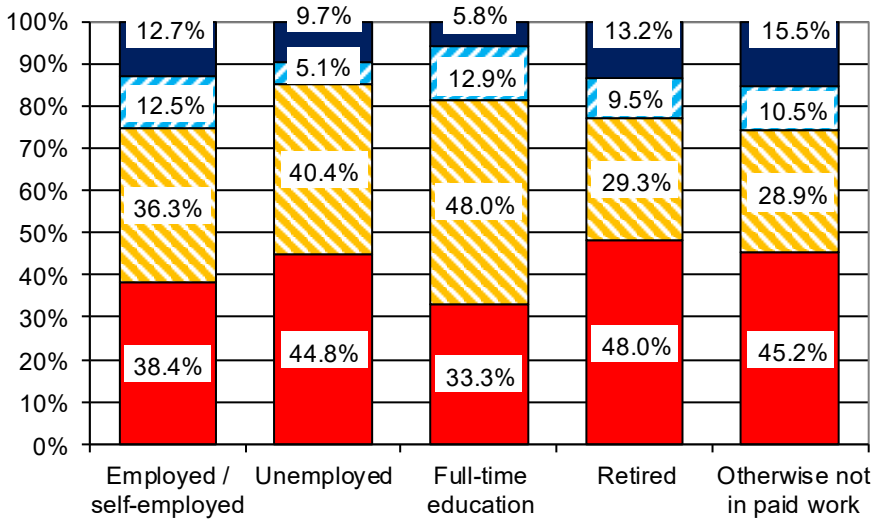
Key Points

- Area 7 has the highest proportion of respondents who agree they can rely on local groups for help.
- The highest proportions are amongst people who are unemployed.
- People aged 65 or over are least likely to agree.

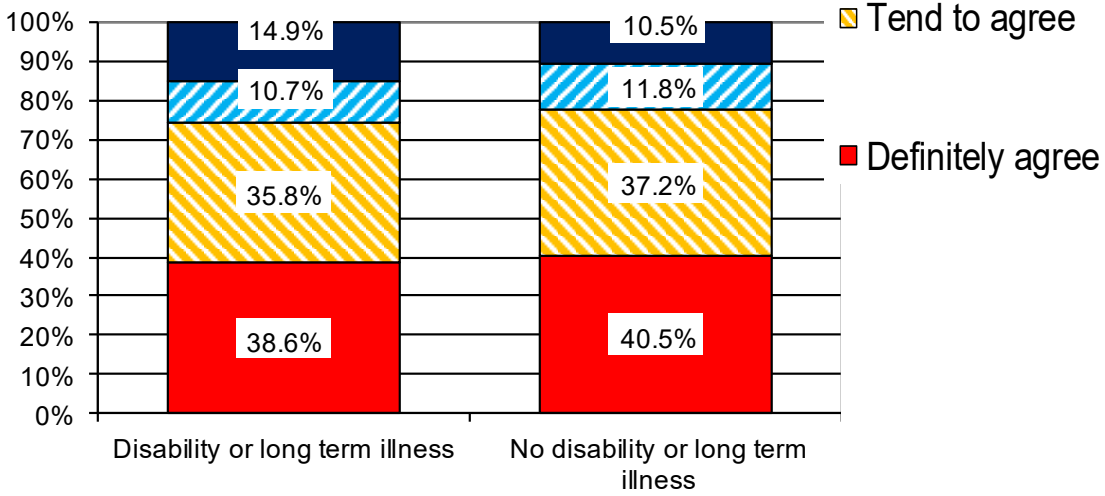
Opinion by age



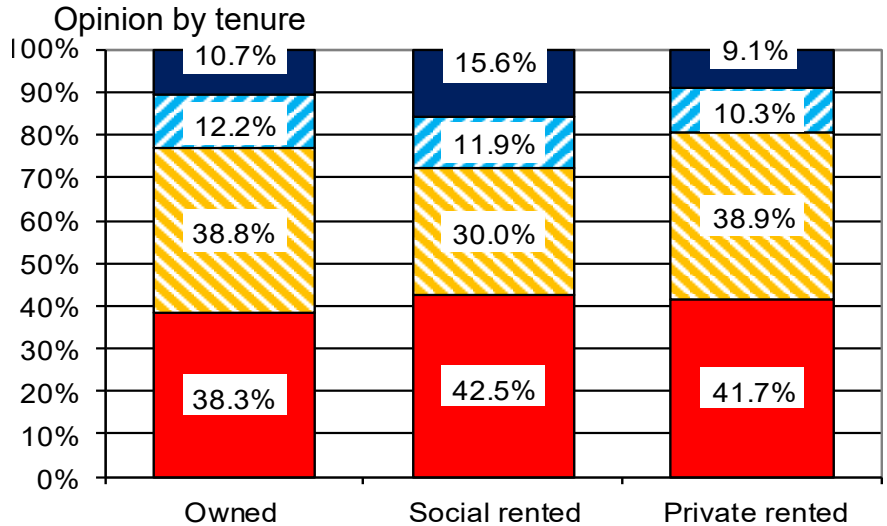
Opinion by employment status



Opinion by disability or long term illness



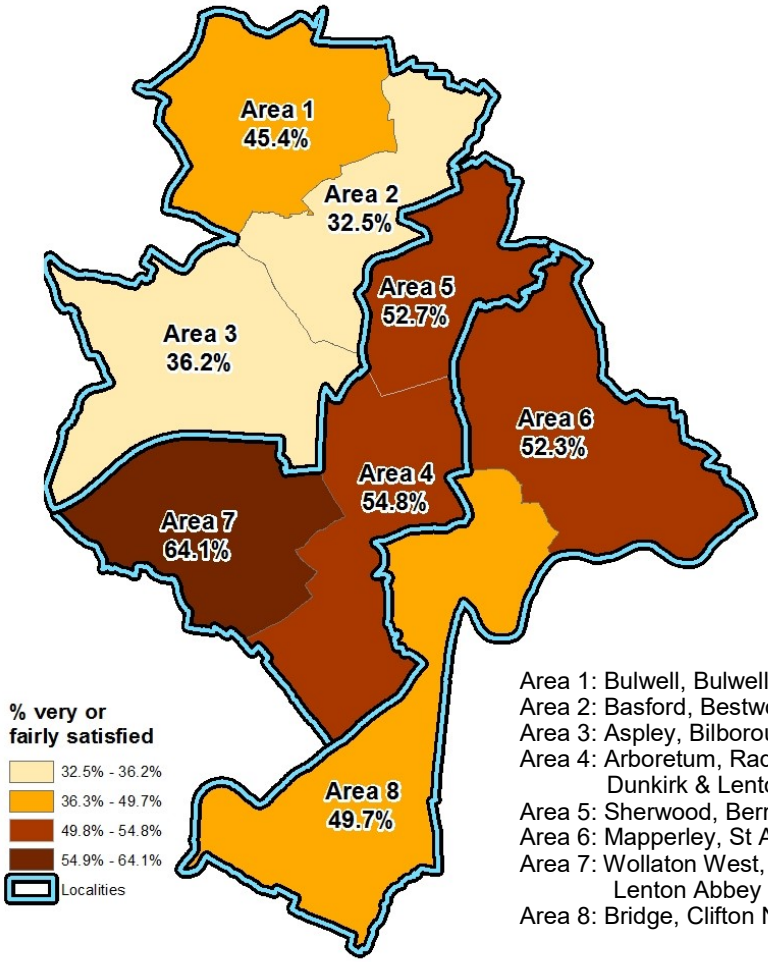
Opinion by tenure



8: Satisfaction with the range of events

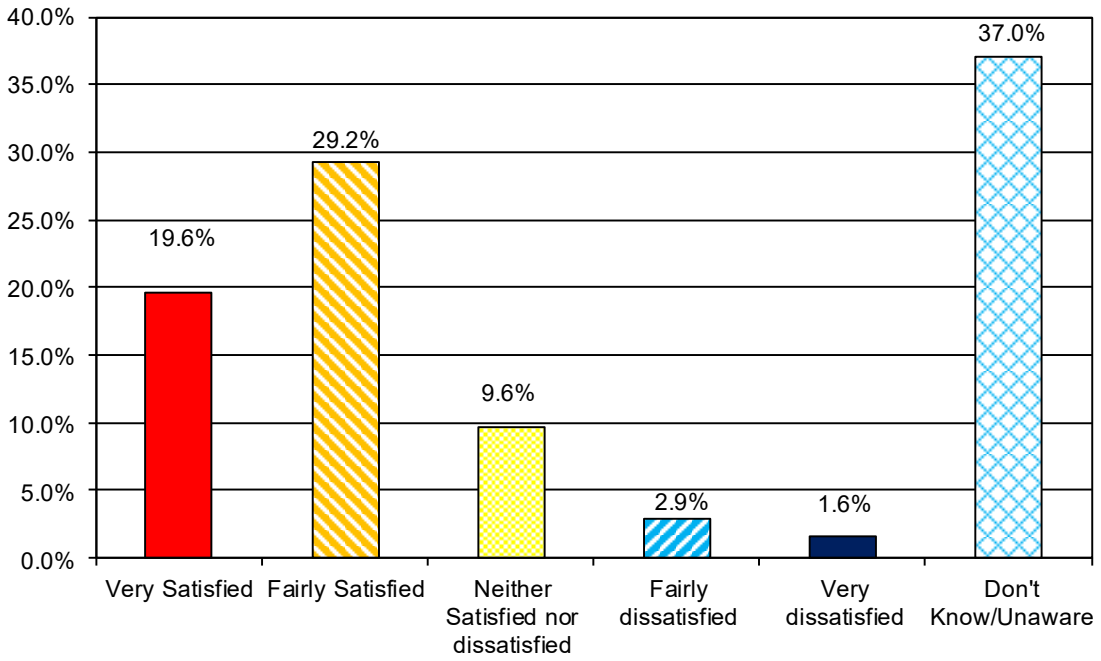
Headline: 49% of people are satisfied with the range of events in their local area

Percentage of respondents who are very or fairly satisfied with the range of events in their local area



Area 1: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest
Area 2: Basford, Bestwood
Area 3: Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley
Area 4: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton
Area 5: Sherwood, Berridge
Area 6: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales
Area 7: Wollaton West, Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey
Area 8: Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

Satisfaction with range of local events

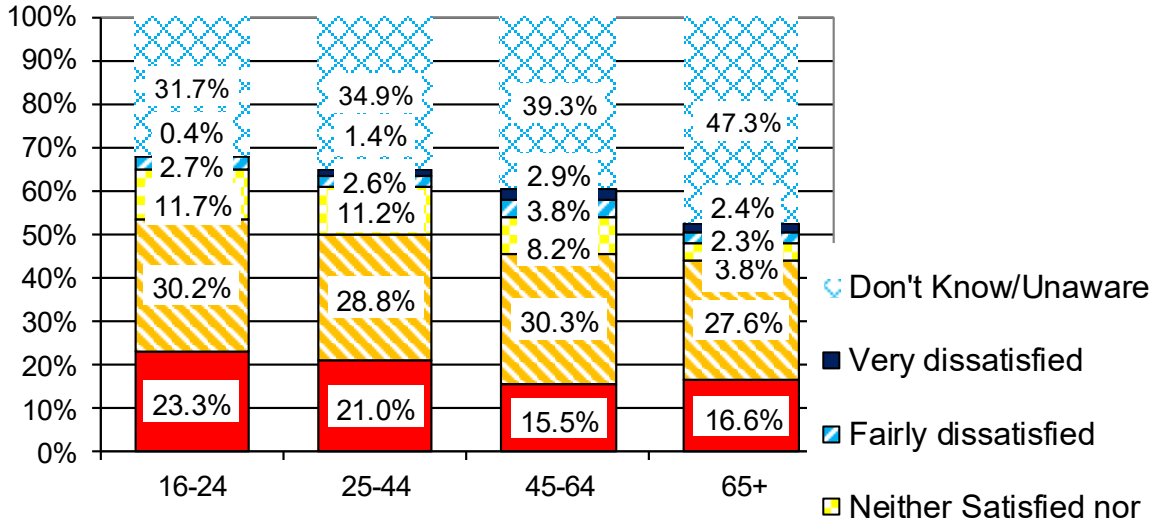


Based on 1,992 respondents in total. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

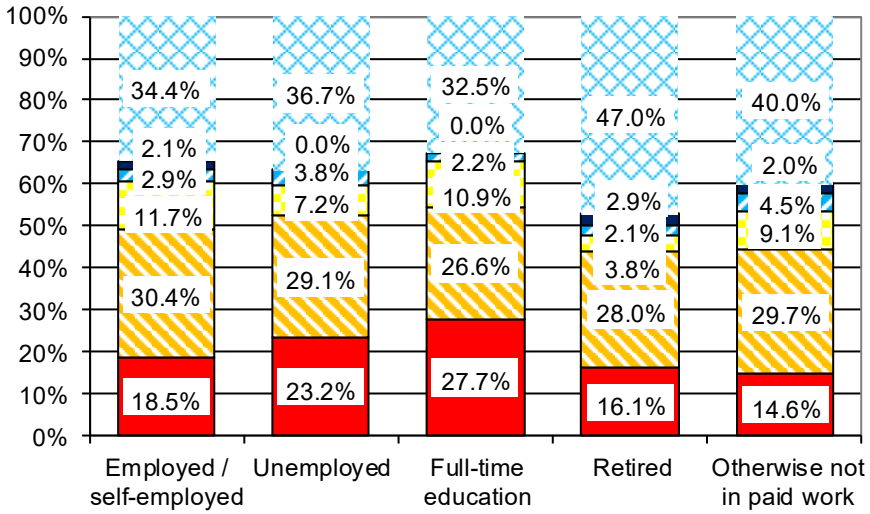
Key Points

- Respondents in Area 7 are most satisfied with the range of local events, people in Area 2 are least satisfied. Overall, 37% of respondents have no opinion or were unaware of any local events.
- People in full time education are the most satisfied with the range of events.
- People with a disability or long term illness are the least satisfied. Retired people are most likely to have no opinion or to be unaware of local events.

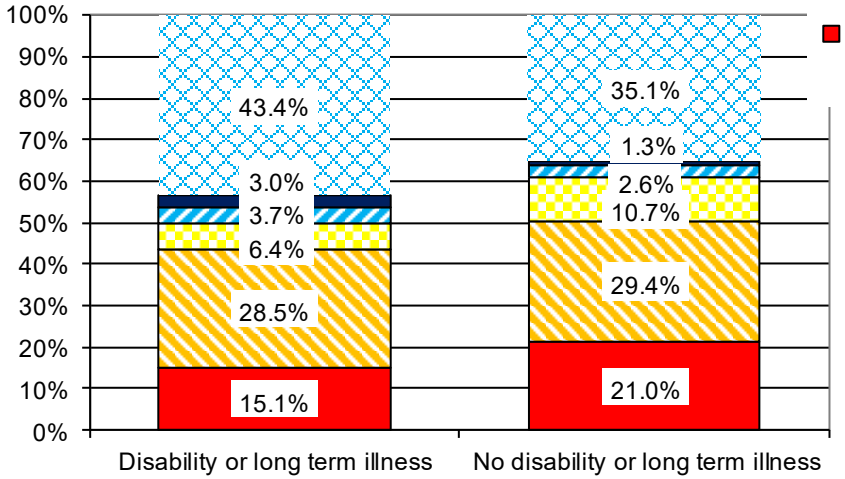
Opinion by age



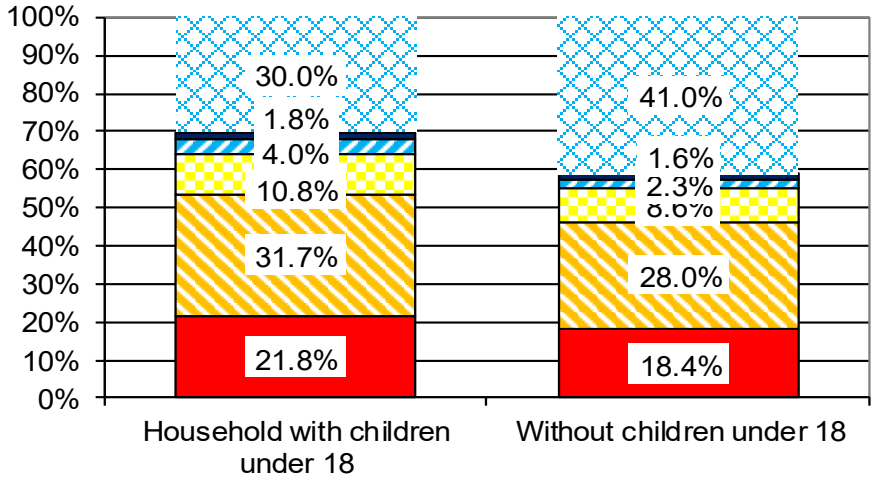
Opinion by employment status



Opinion by disability or long term illness



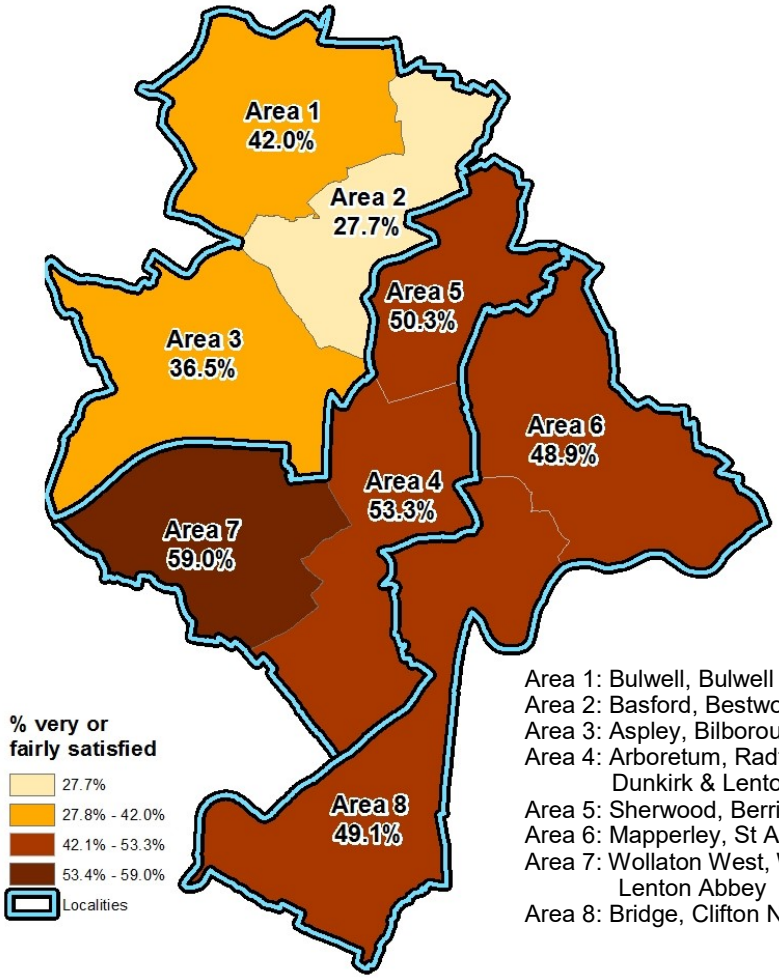
Opinion by children in household



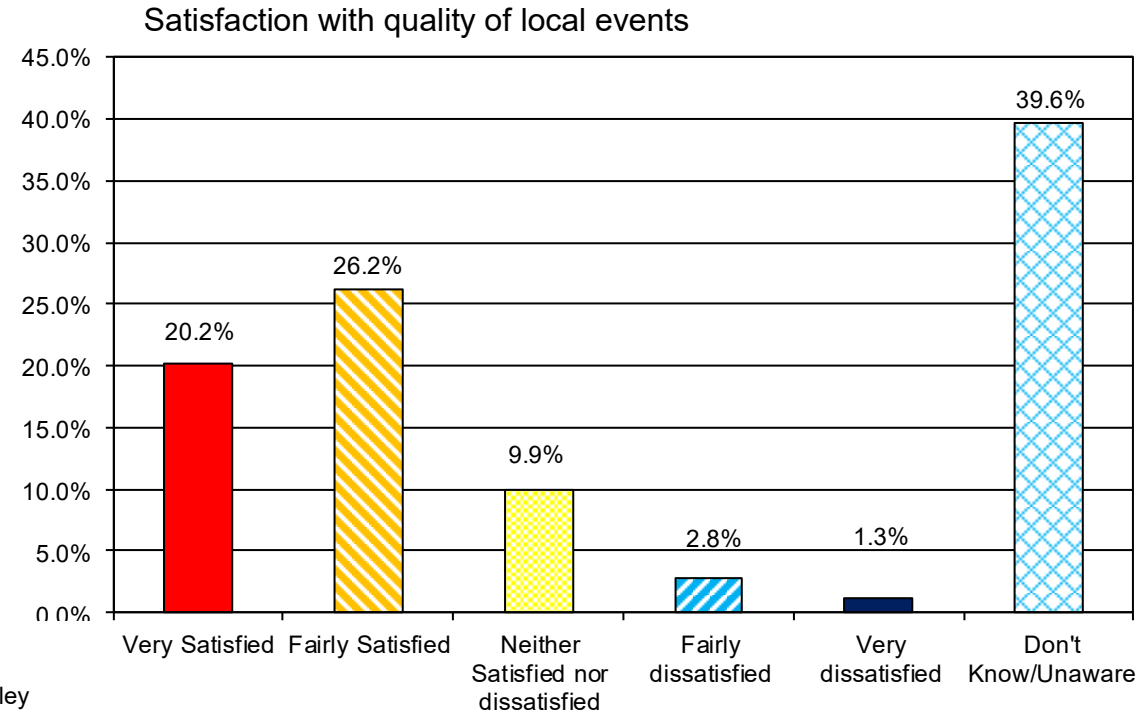
9: Satisfaction with the quality of events

Headline: 46% of people are satisfied with the quality of events in their local area

Percentage of respondents who are very or fairly satisfied with the quality of events in their local area



Area 1: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest
Area 2: Basford, Bestwood
Area 3: Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley
Area 4: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton
Area 5: Sherwood, Berridge
Area 6: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales
Area 7: Wollaton West, Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey
Area 8: Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

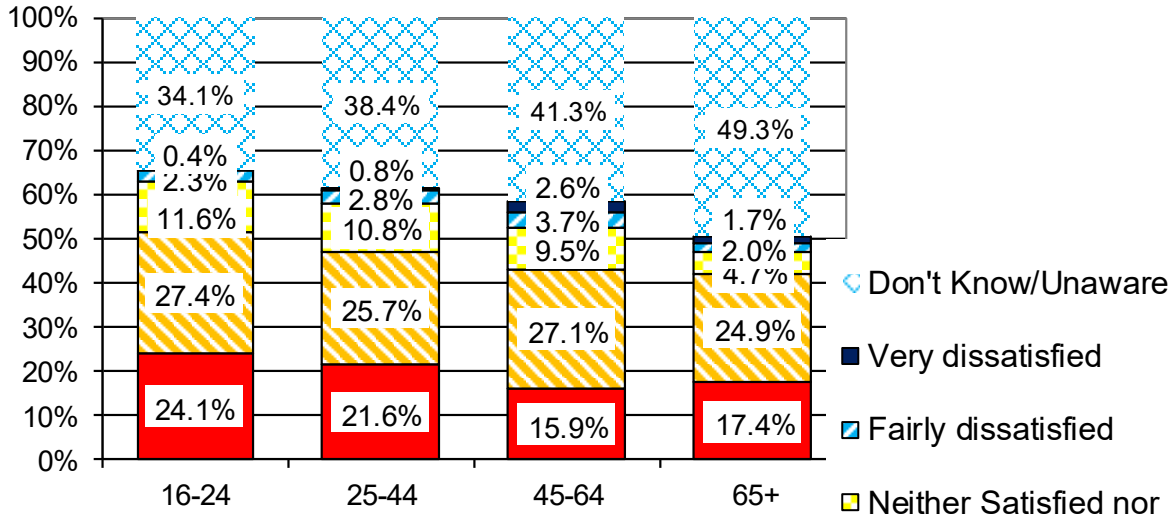


Based on 1,989 respondents in total. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

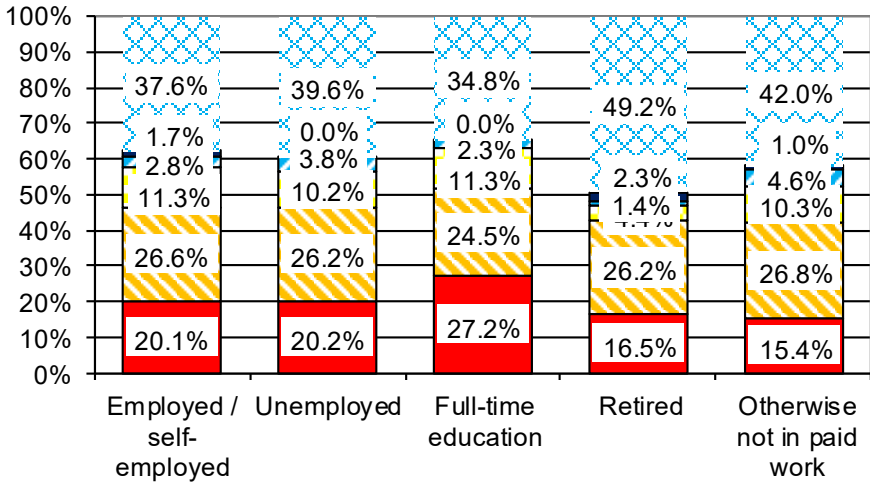
Key Points

- Respondents in Area 7 are the most satisfied with the quality of local events, people in Area 2 are the least satisfied.
- People in full time education are the most satisfied with the quality of events.
- People with a disability or long term illness are the least satisfied. The over 65s are most likely to have no opinion or to be unaware of any local events.

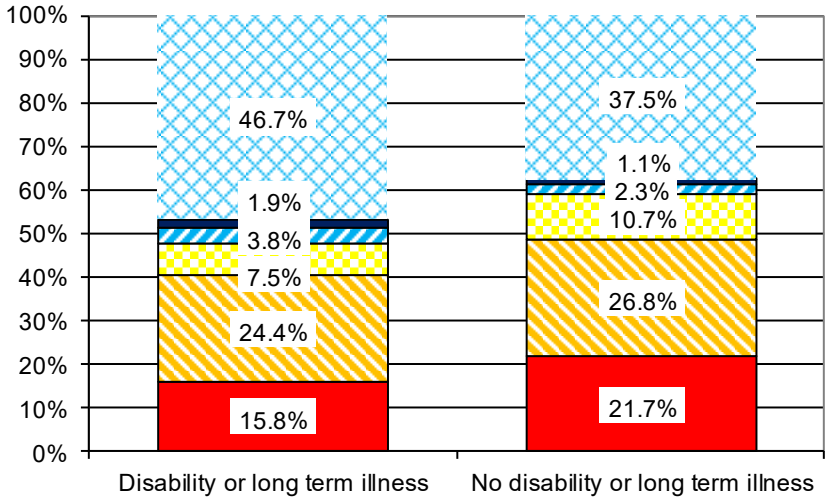
Opinion by age



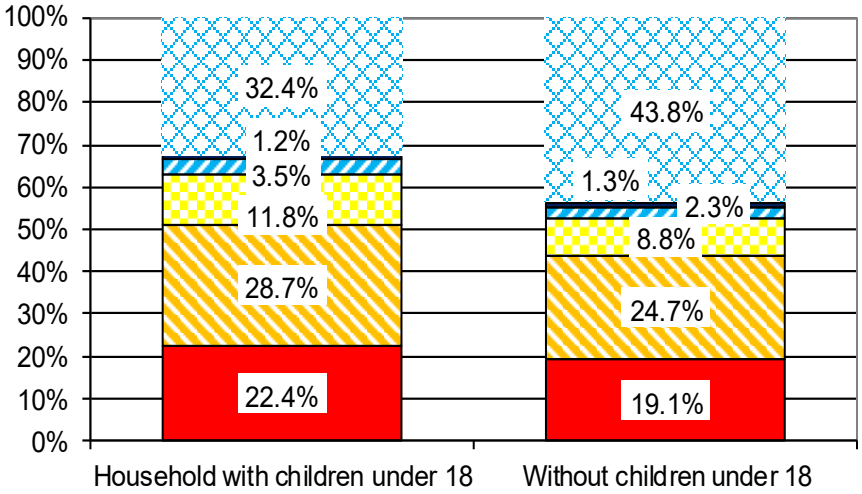
Opinion by employment status



Opinion by disability or long term illness



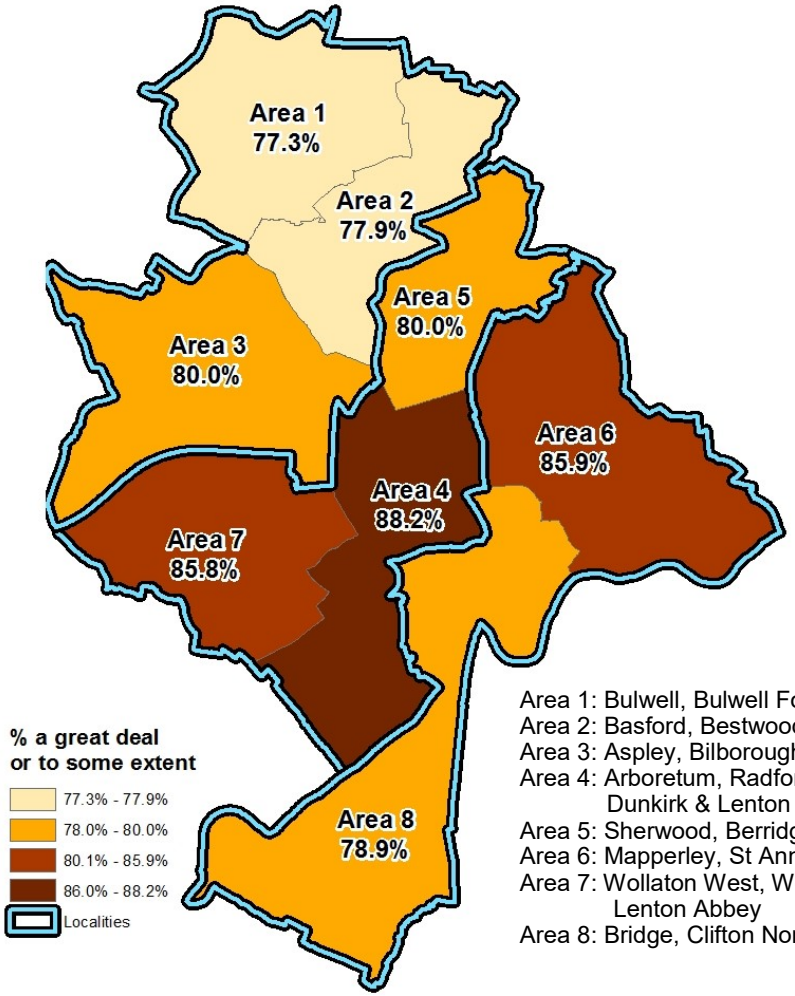
Opinion by children in household



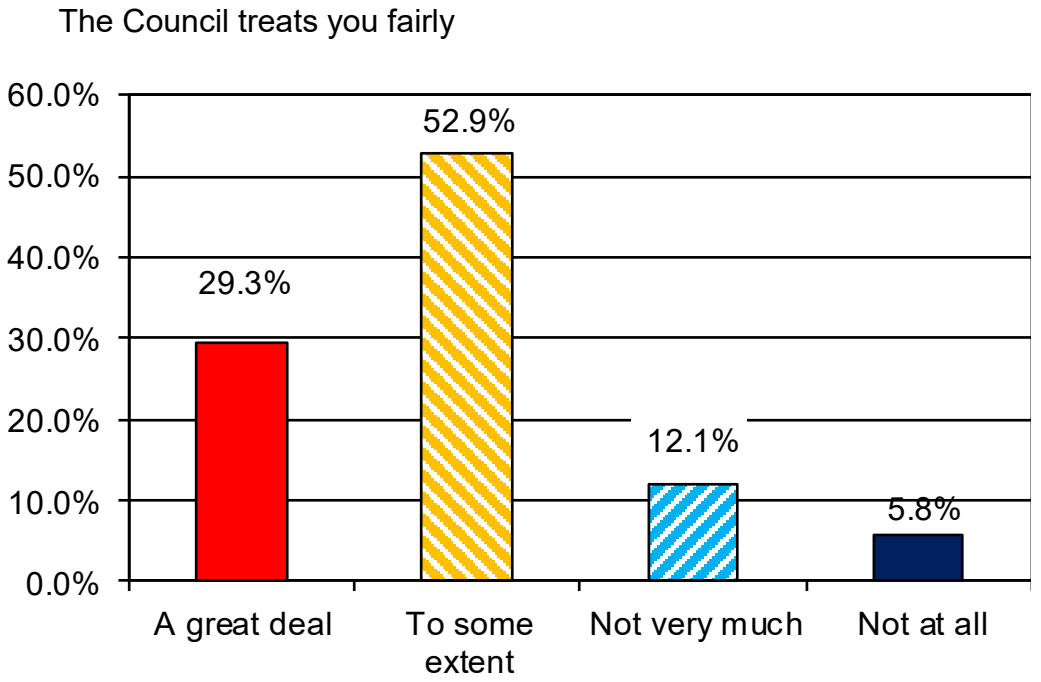
10: Fair treatment

Headline: 82% think that the Council treats them fairly

Percentage of respondents who think that the Council treats them fairly a great deal or to some extent.



Area 1: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest
Area 2: Basford, Bestwood
Area 3: Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley
Area 4: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton
Area 5: Sherwood, Berridge
Area 6: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales
Area 7: Wollaton West, Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey
Area 8: Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

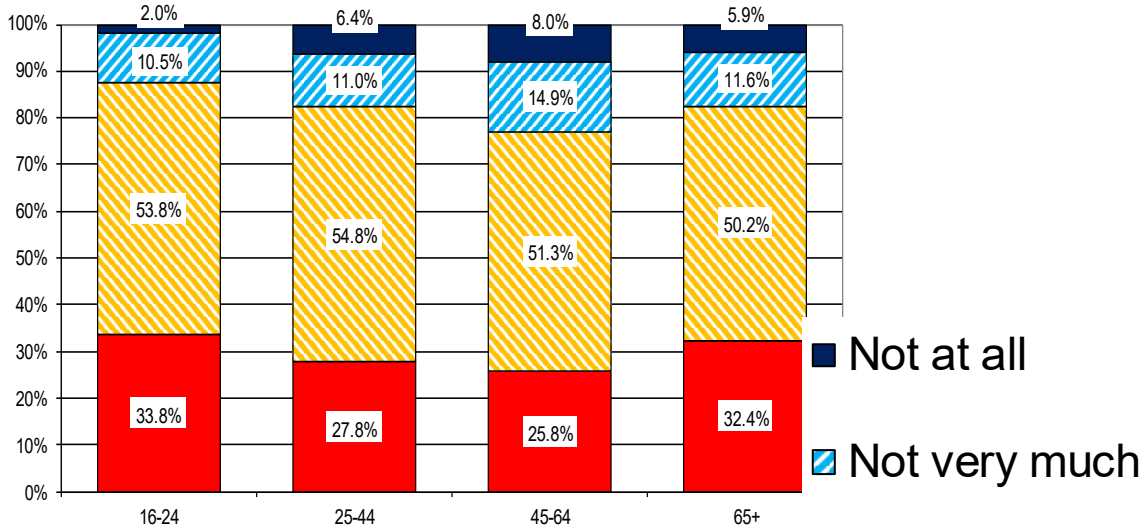


Based on 1,780 respondents in total. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details. This is a new question, a similar question was asked in previous

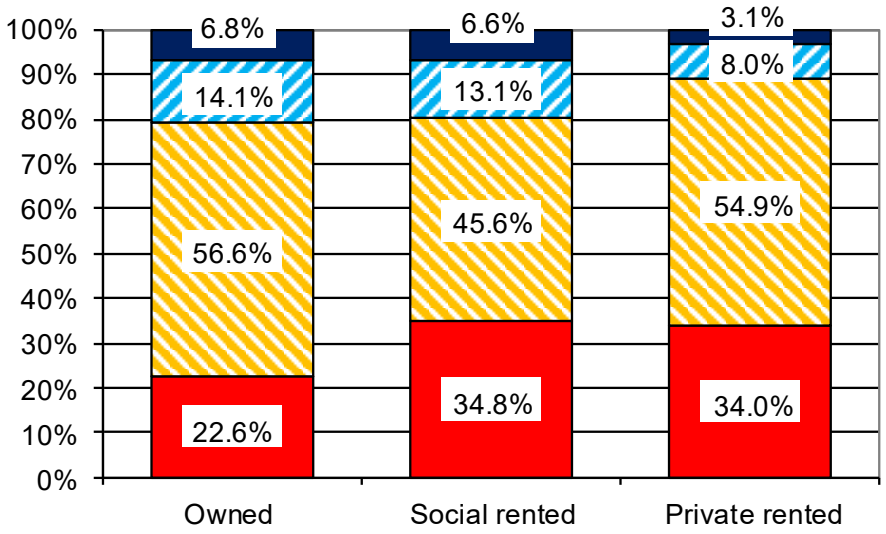
Key Points

- Area 4 has the highest percentage of respondents who think they are treated fairly by the Council.
- People in private rented accommodation are most likely to agree.
- People aged 45-64 and people who have a disability or long term illness are least likely to agree.

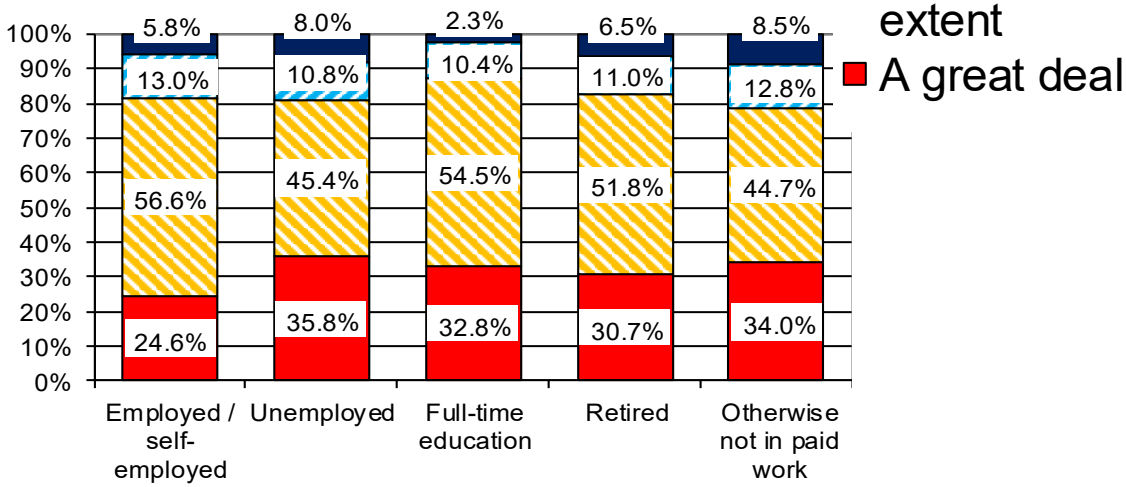
Opinion by age



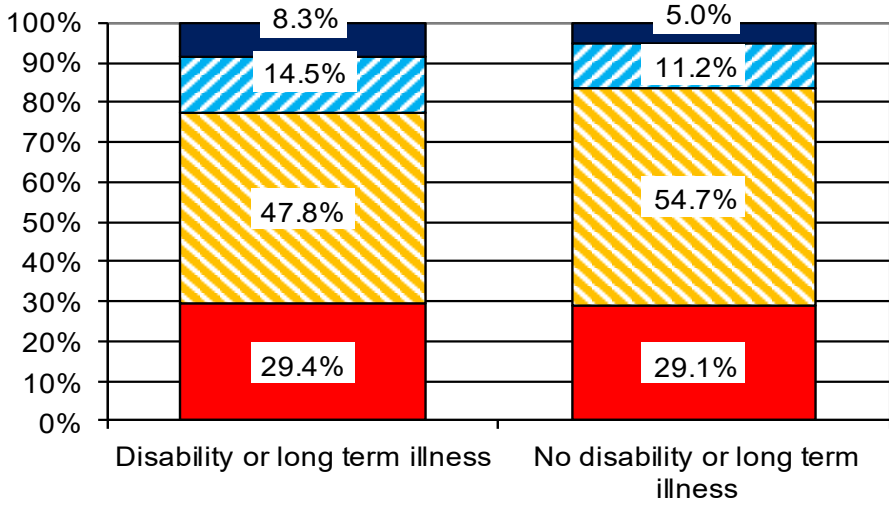
Opinion by housing tenure



Opinion by employment status



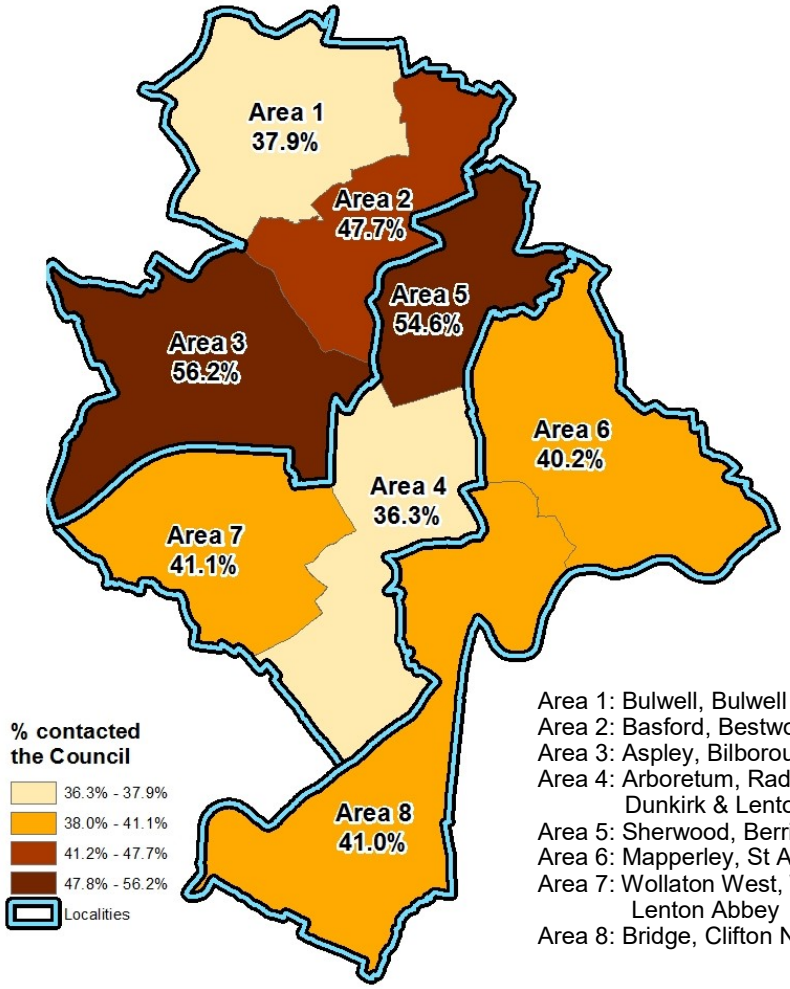
Opinion by disability or long term illness



11: Contacting the Council

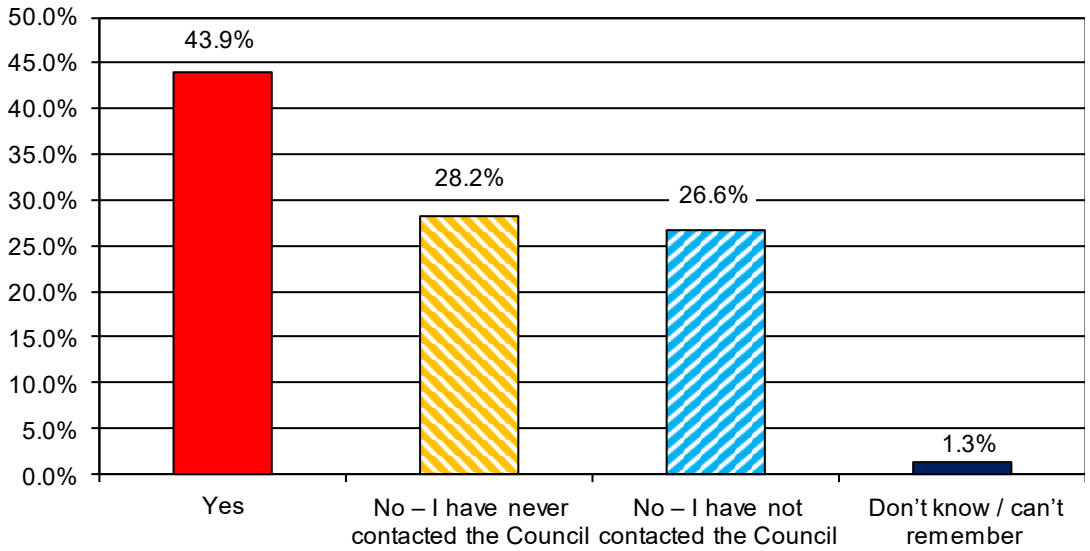
Headline: 44% have contacted the Council

Percentage of respondents who have contacted the Council in the last year

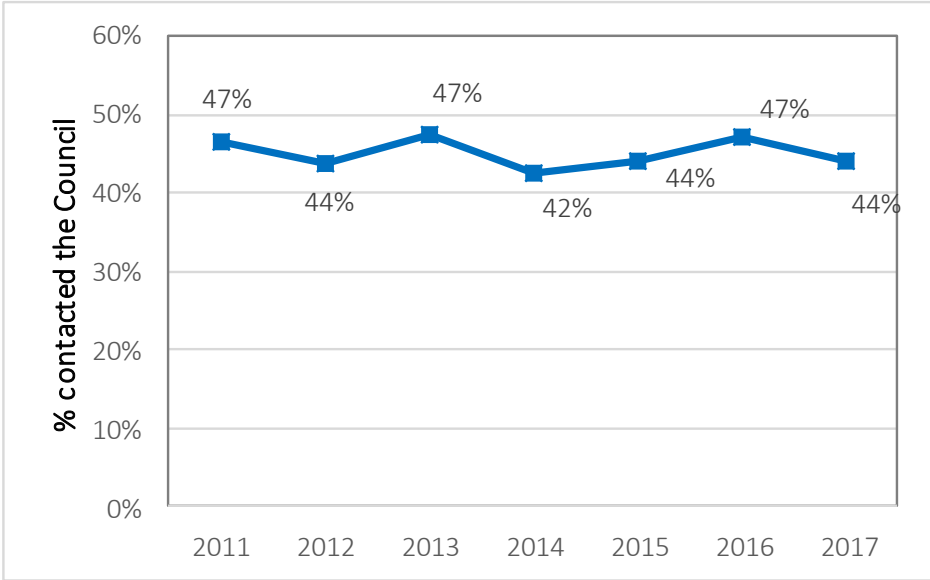


Area 1: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest
Area 2: Basford, Bestwood
Area 3: Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley
Area 4: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton
Area 5: Sherwood, Berridge
Area 6: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales
Area 7: Wollaton West, Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey
Area 8: Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

Have people contacted the Council in the last year.



City Change over time.

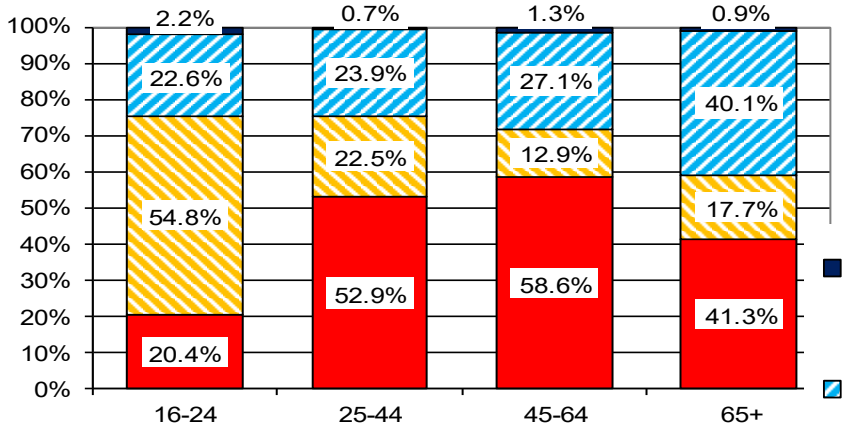


Based on 2,012 respondents in total. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

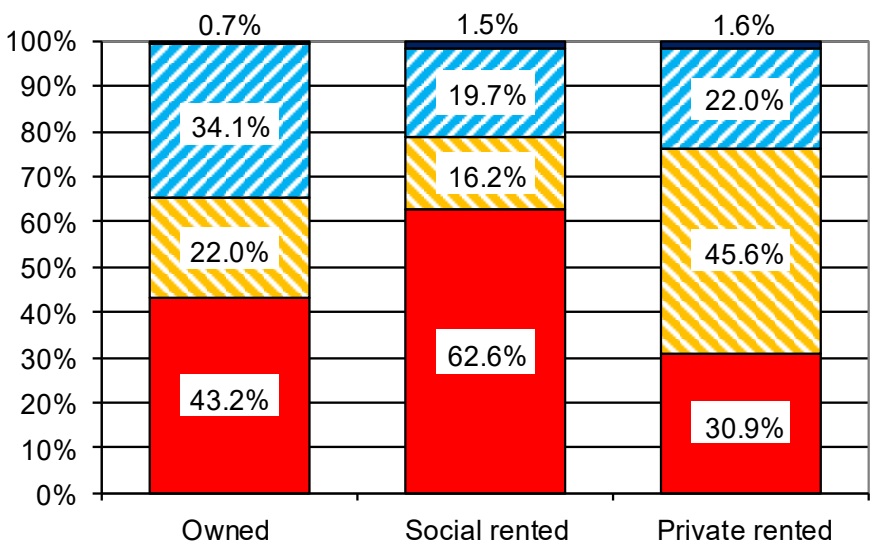
Key Points

- Area 3 and Area 5 have the largest proportion of respondents who contacted the Council, Area 4 has the smallest proportion.
- People in Social rented housing and those 'otherwise not in paid work' are most likely to contact the Council.
- People in full time education are least likely to contact the Council.

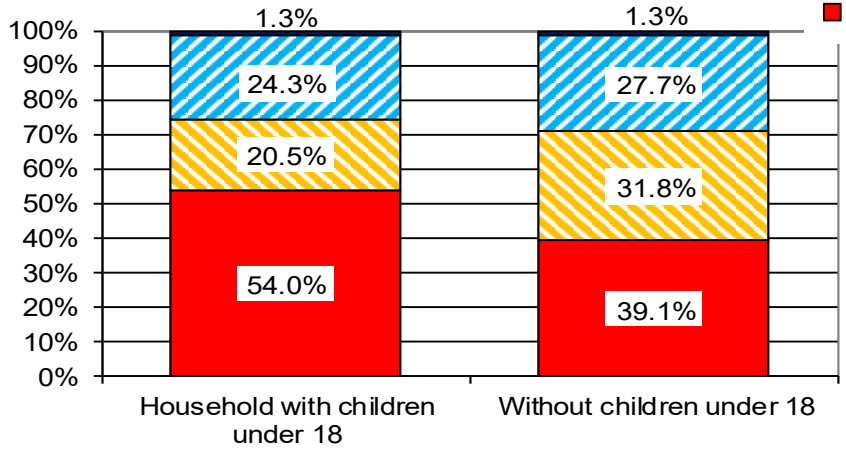
Contact by age



Contact by housing tenure

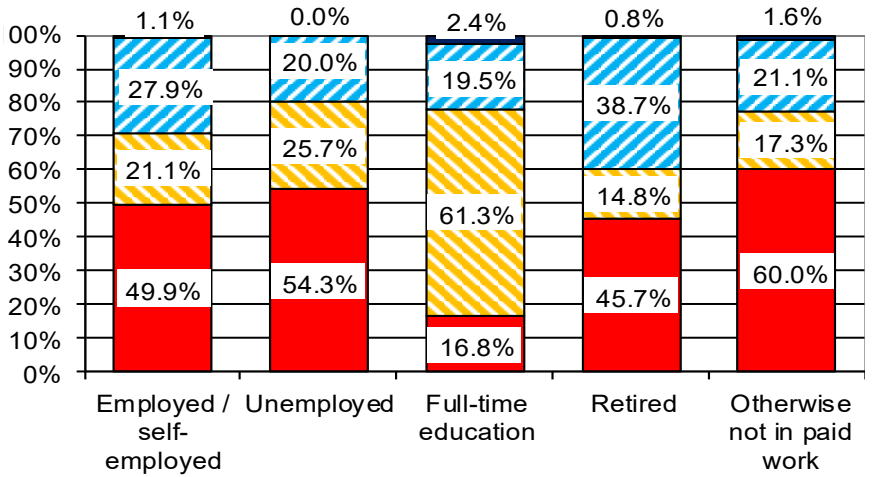


Contact by children in household





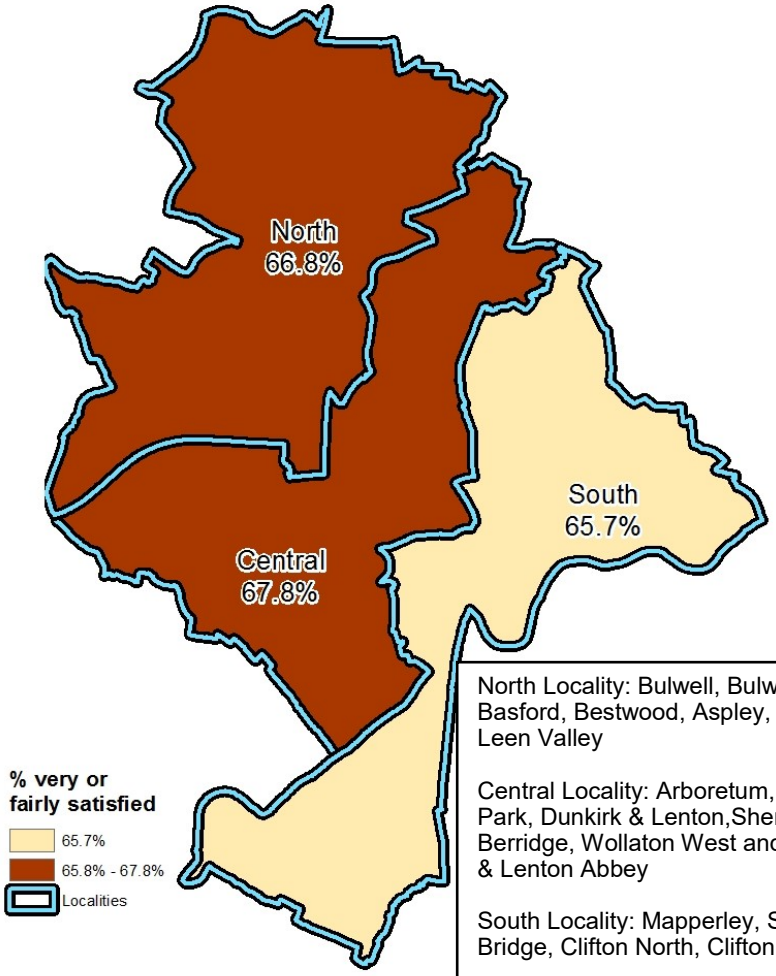
Contact by employment status



12: Satisfaction with handling of a query

Headline: 67% satisfied with the handling of their query

Percentage of respondents who are very or fairly satisfied with how the Council handled their last enquiry

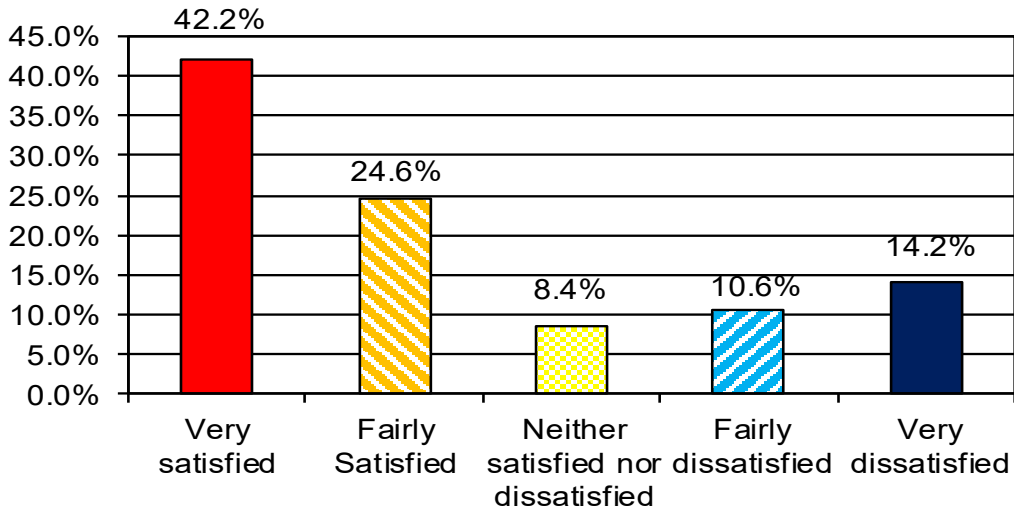


North Locality: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest, Basford, Bestwood, Aspley, Bilborough and Leen Valley

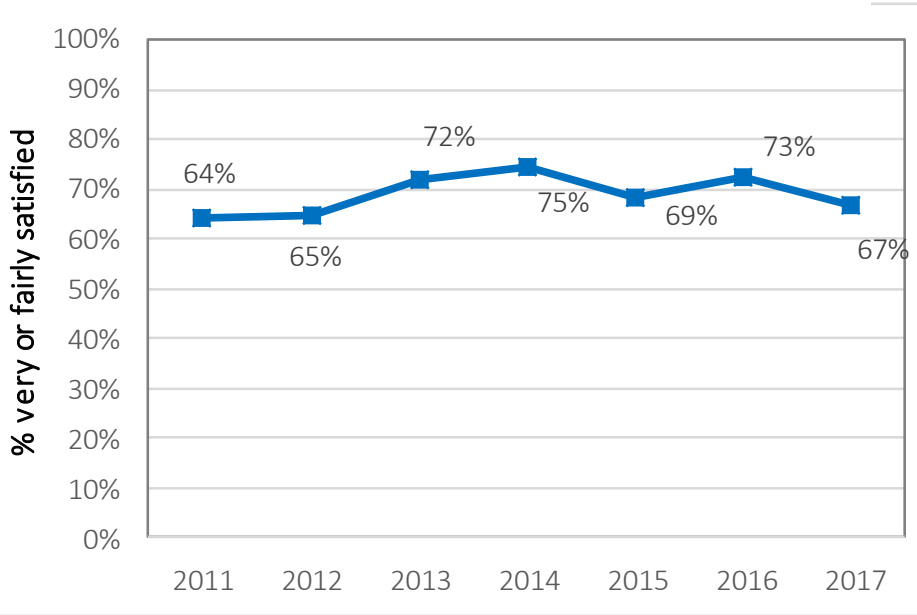
Central Locality: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton,Sherwood, Berridge, Wollaton West and Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey

South Locality: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales, Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

Satisfaction with Council's handling of a query



City Change over time

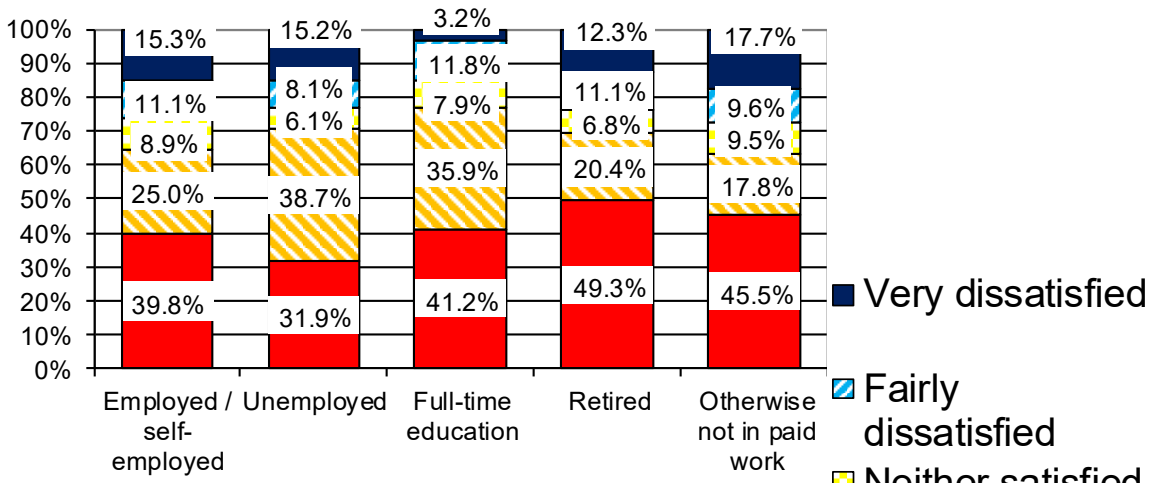


Based on 883 respondents who had contacted the Council in the last year. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

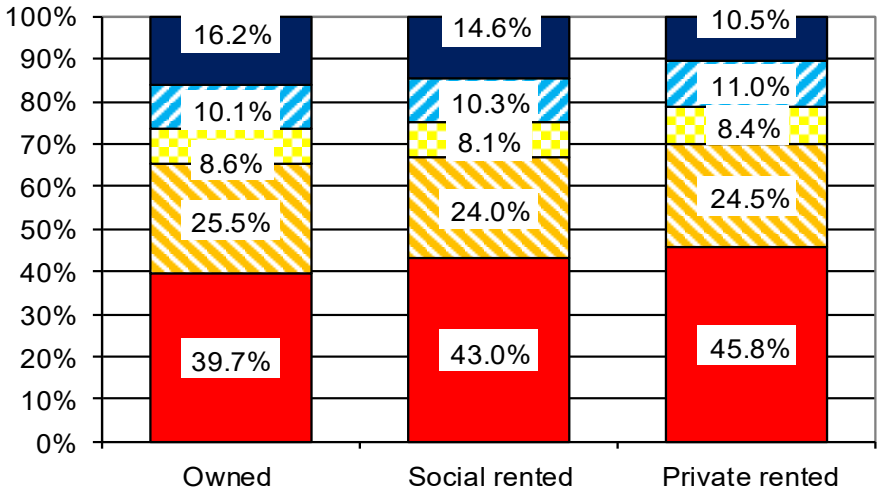
Key Points

- There is relatively little variation in satisfaction between the three Localities.
- People in full time education are most likely to be satisfied with how their query was handled.
- People 'Otherwise not in paid work' are least likely to be satisfied.

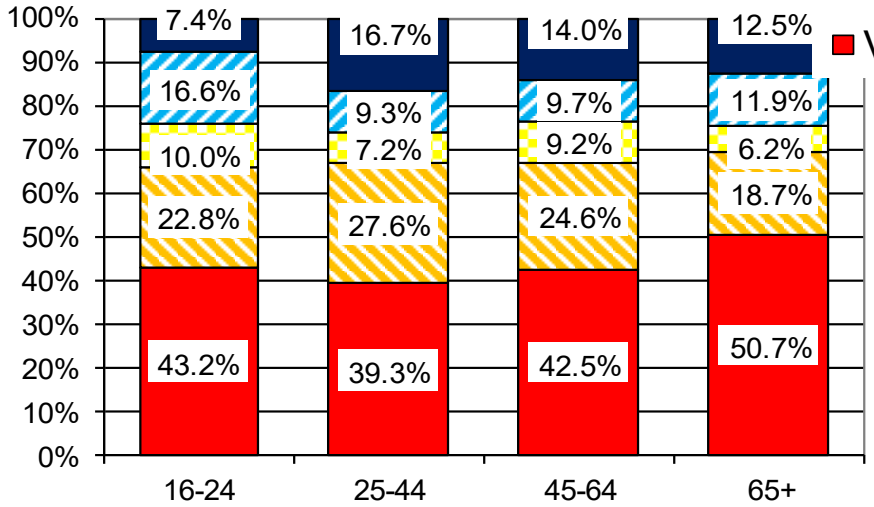
Satisfaction by economic activity



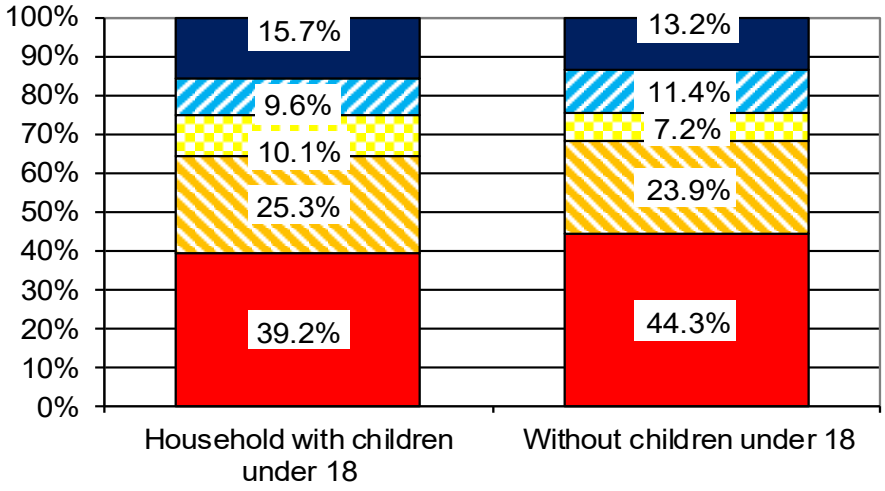
Satisfaction by housing tenure



Satisfaction by age



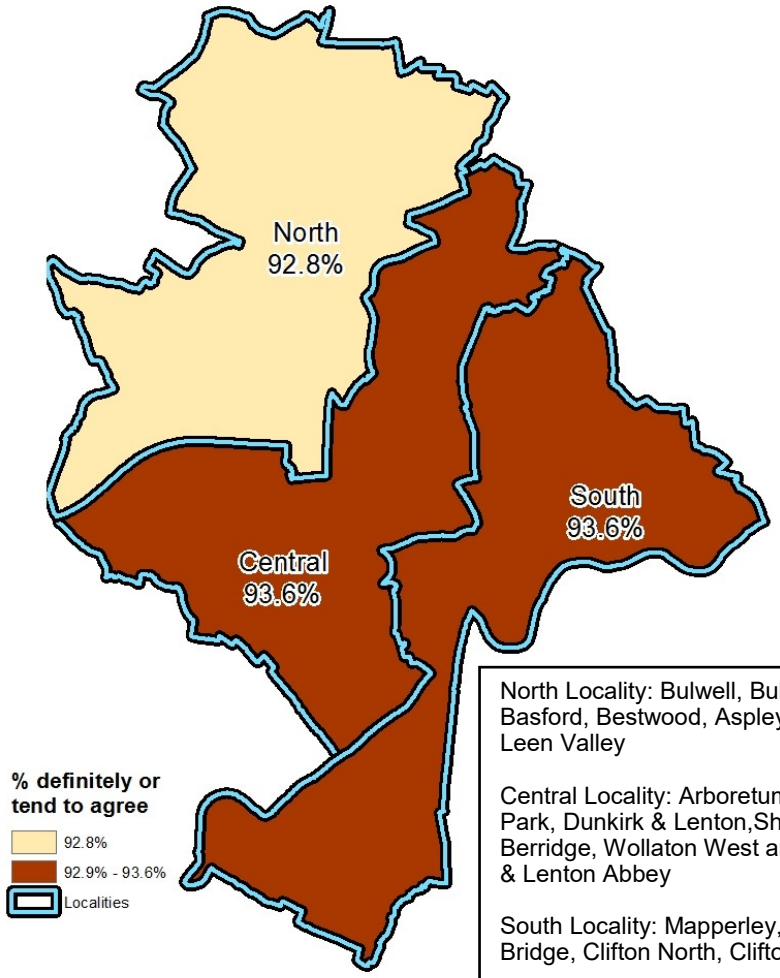
Satisfaction by children in household



13: Politeness of person handling a query

Headline: 93% agree the person handling their query was polite

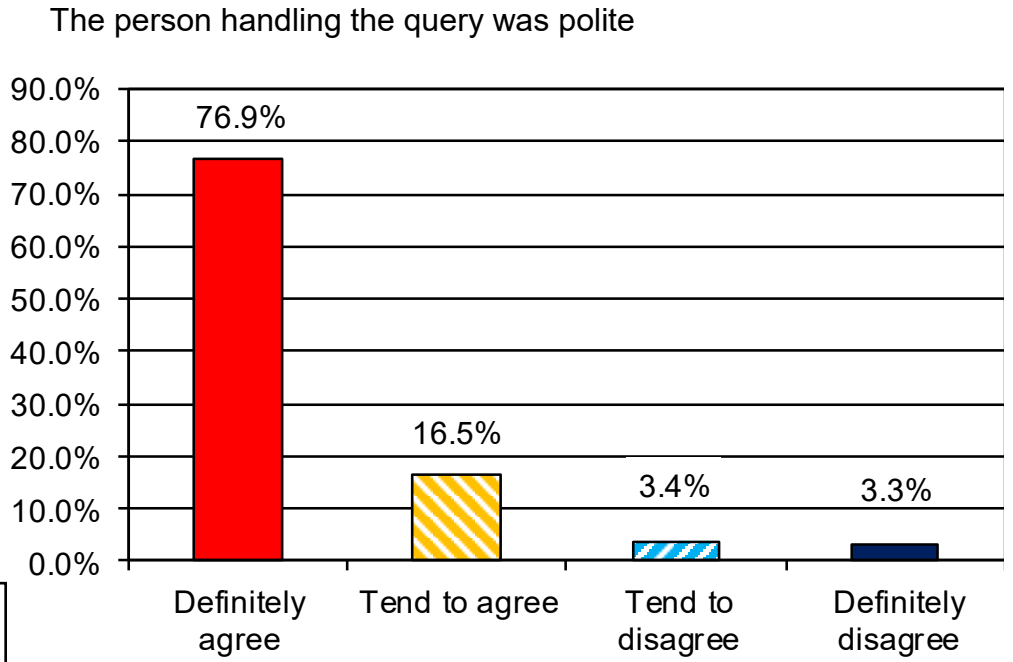
Percentage of respondents who definitely or tend to agree that the person who handled their last query to the Council was polite.



North Locality: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest, Basford, Bestwood, Aspley, Bilborough and Leen Valley

Central Locality: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton,Sherwood, Berridge, Wollaton West and Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey

South Locality: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales, Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

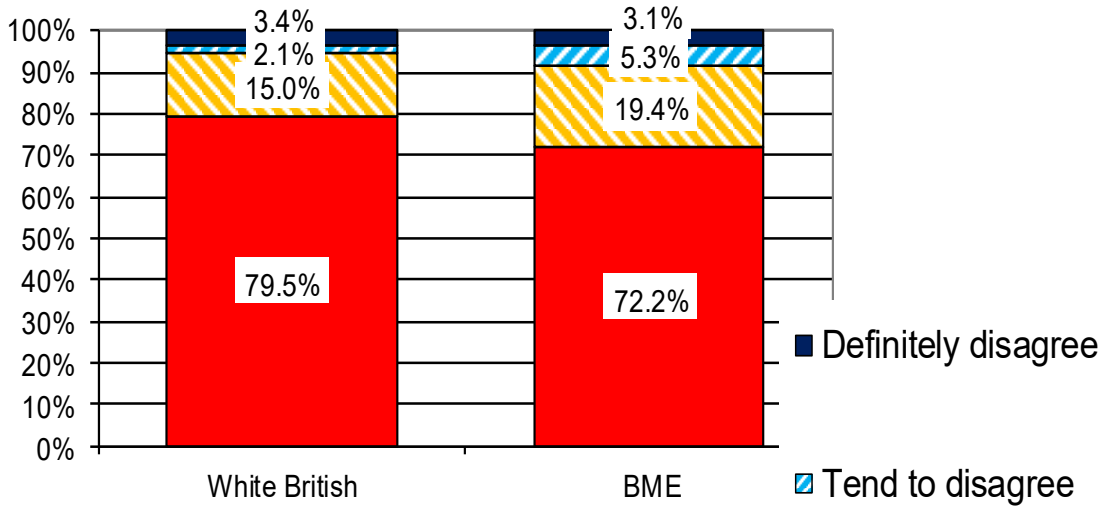


Based on 822 respondents who had contacted the Council in the last year. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

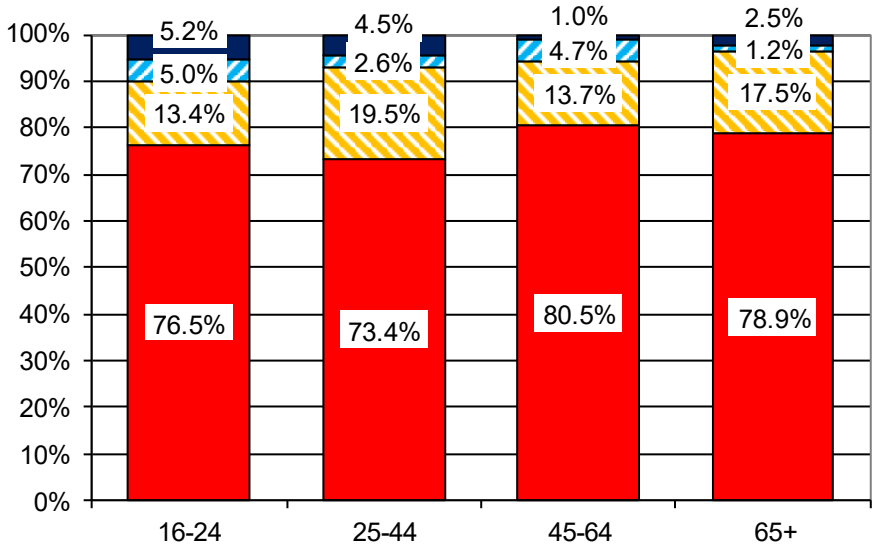
Key Points

- There is very little variation between different parts of the City and between different groups.
- In every locality, more than 92% agree that the person who handled their query was polite.
- The highest levels of agreement are from people in full time education and the 65 and over age group. People aged 16-24 were least likely to agree.

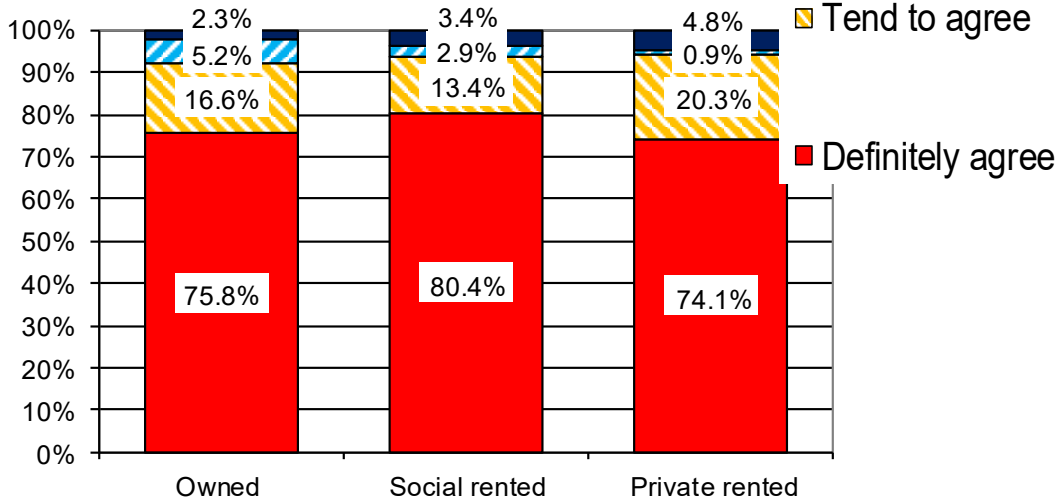
Opinion by ethnic group



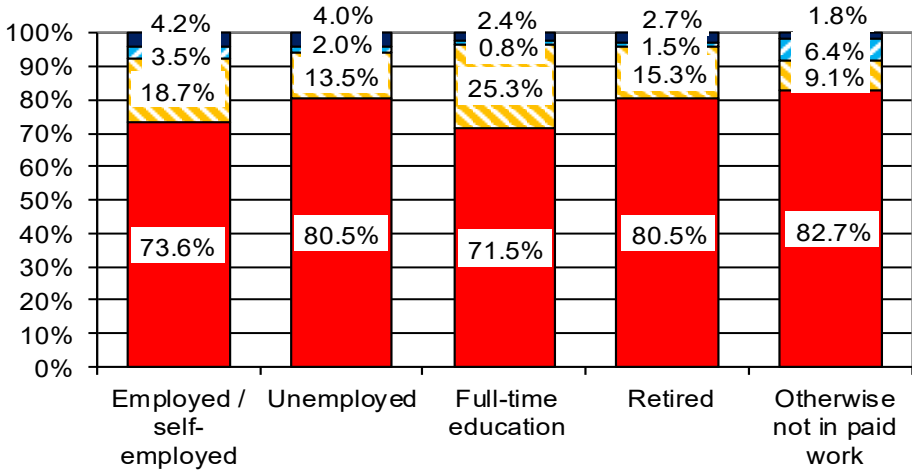
Opinion by age



Opinion by tenure



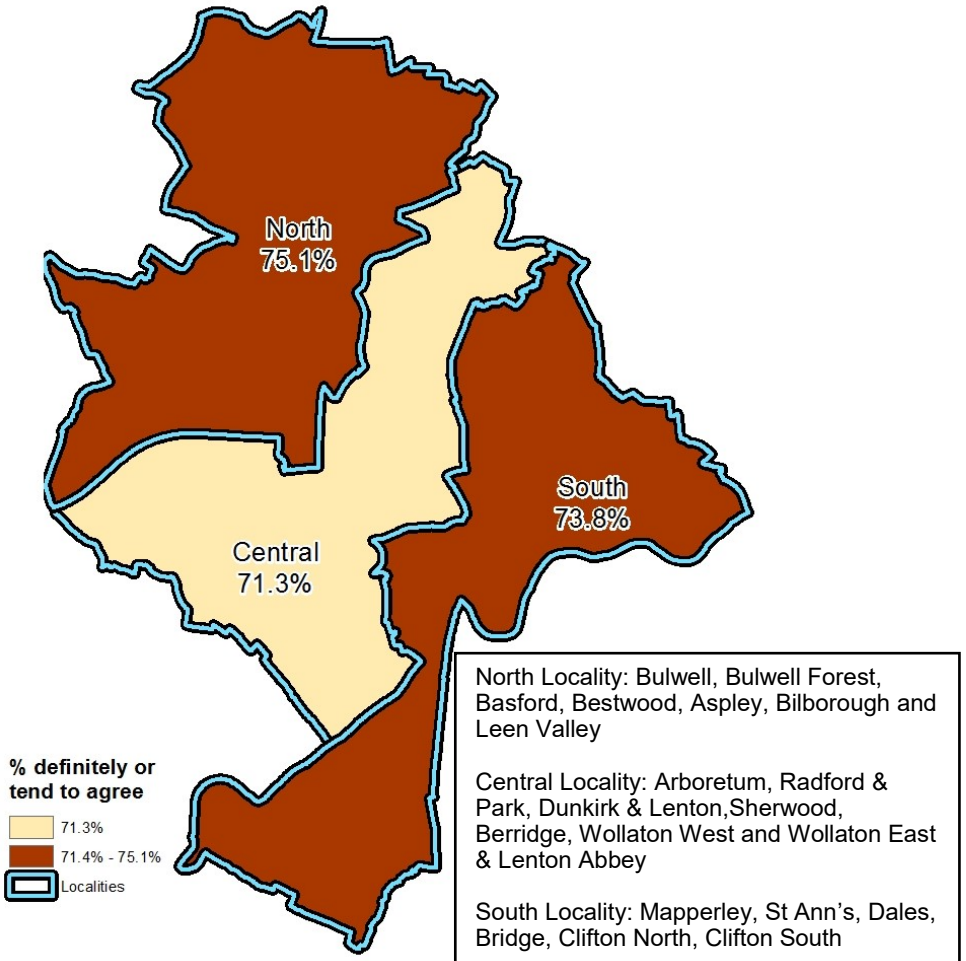
Opinion by employment status



14: Delivery of promises relating to a query

Headline: 73% agree the person handling their query delivered what they promised

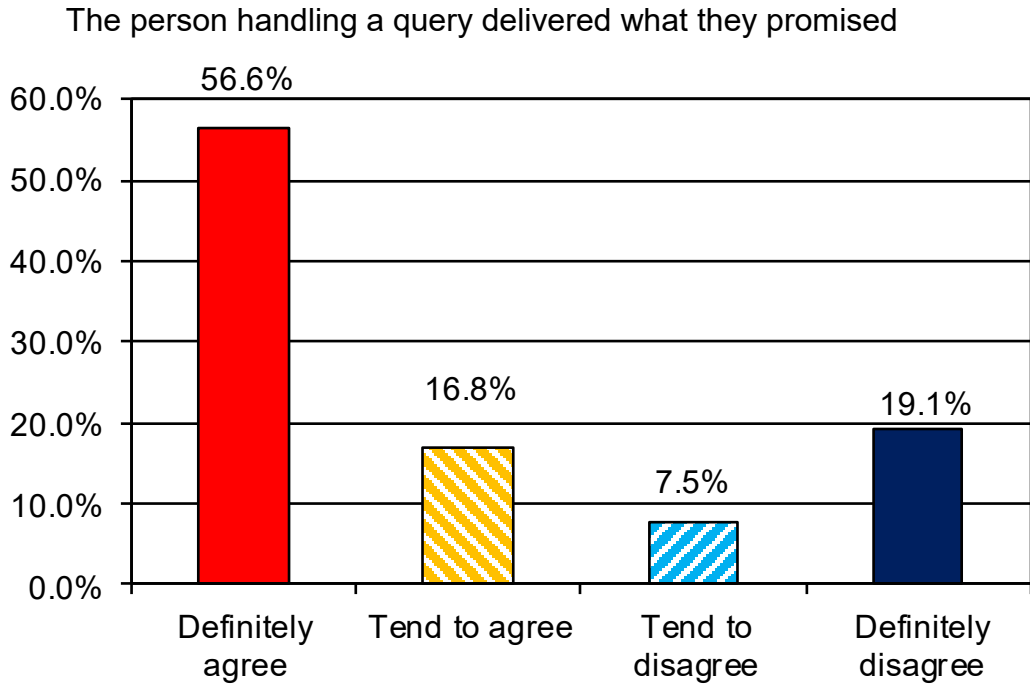
Percentage of respondents who definitely or tend to agree that the person who handled their last query to the Council delivered what they promised.



North Locality: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest, Basford, Bestwood, Aspley, Bilborough and Leen Valley

Central Locality: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton,Sherwood, Berridge, Wollaton West and Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey

South Locality: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales, Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

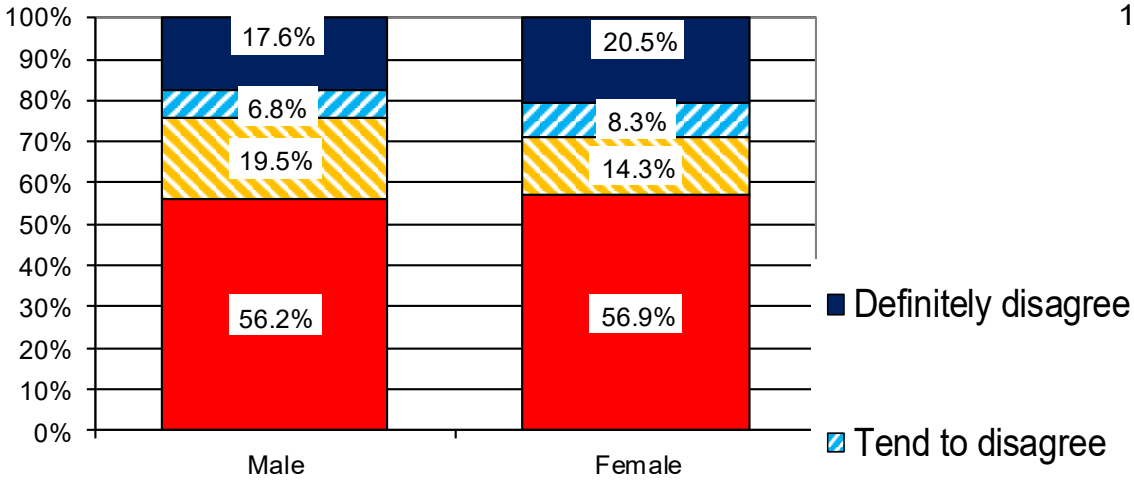


Based on 825 respondents who had contacted the Council in the last year. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

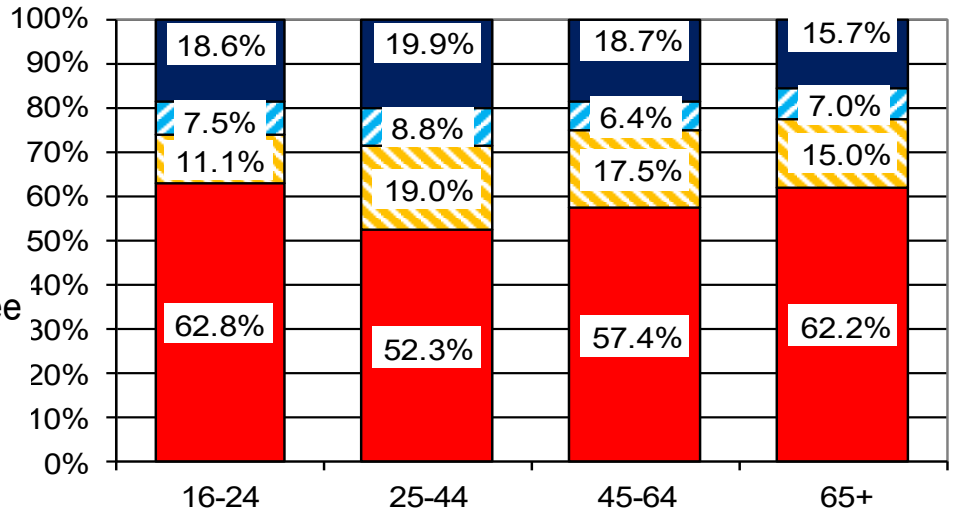
Key Points

- People in the North Locality are most likely to agree that the person handling their query delivered on their promises.
- People living in full time education are most likely to agree and people who are unemployed are least likely.
- 19.1% of people definitely disagreed.

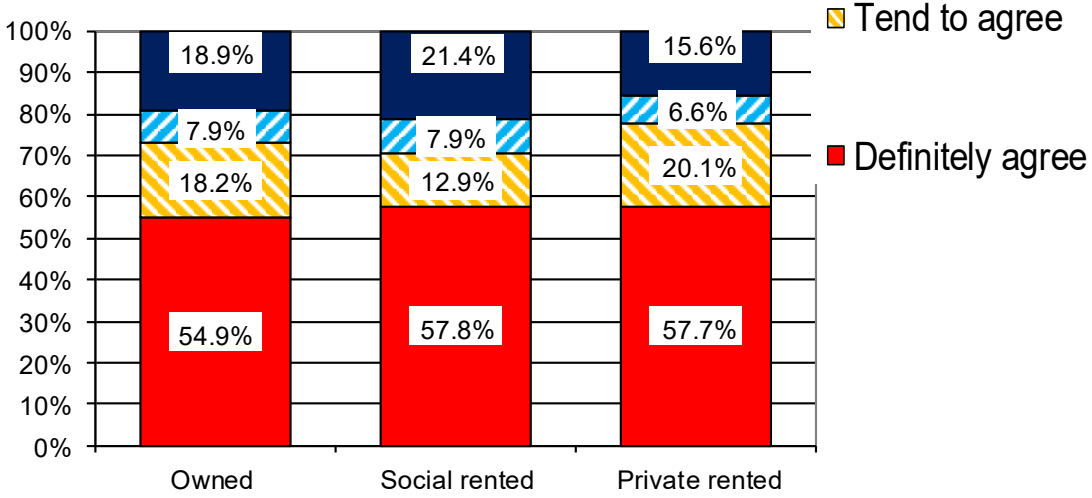
Opinion by gender



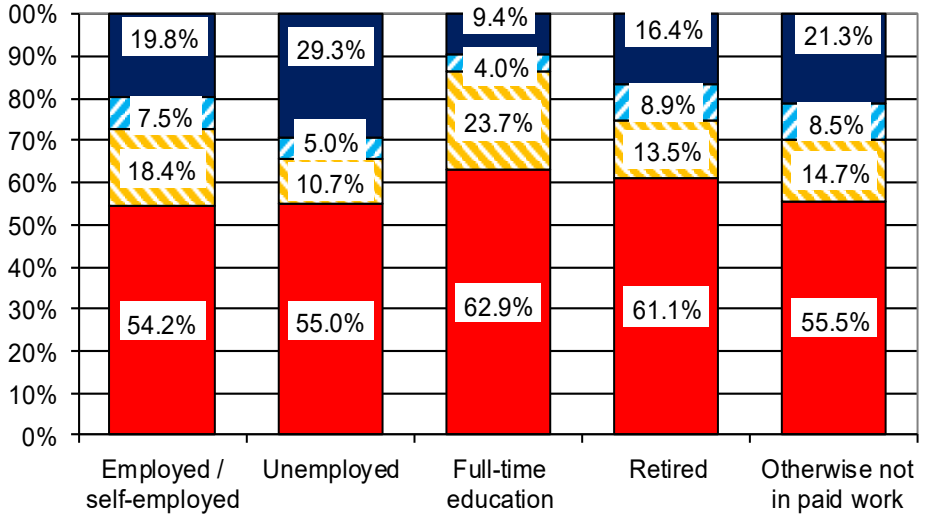
Opinion by age



Opinion by housing tenure



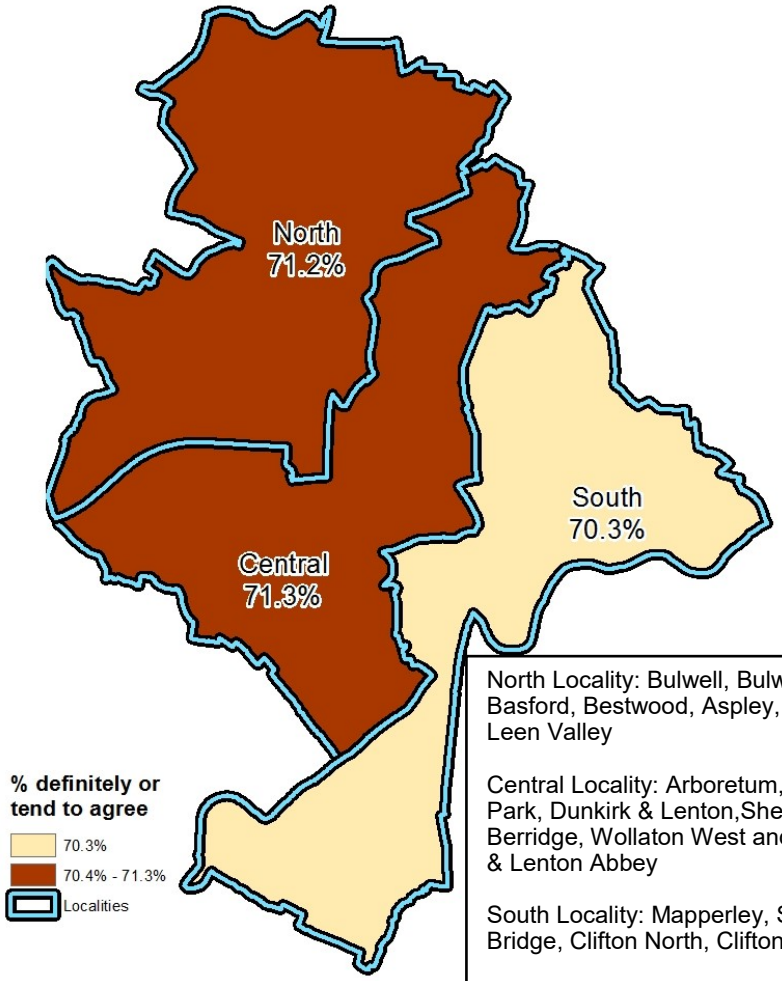
Opinion by economic status



15: Query handled in reasonable time

Headline: 71% agree that their query was handled in a reasonable length of time

Percentage of respondents who definitely or tend to agree that their last query to the Council was handled in a reasonable length of time.

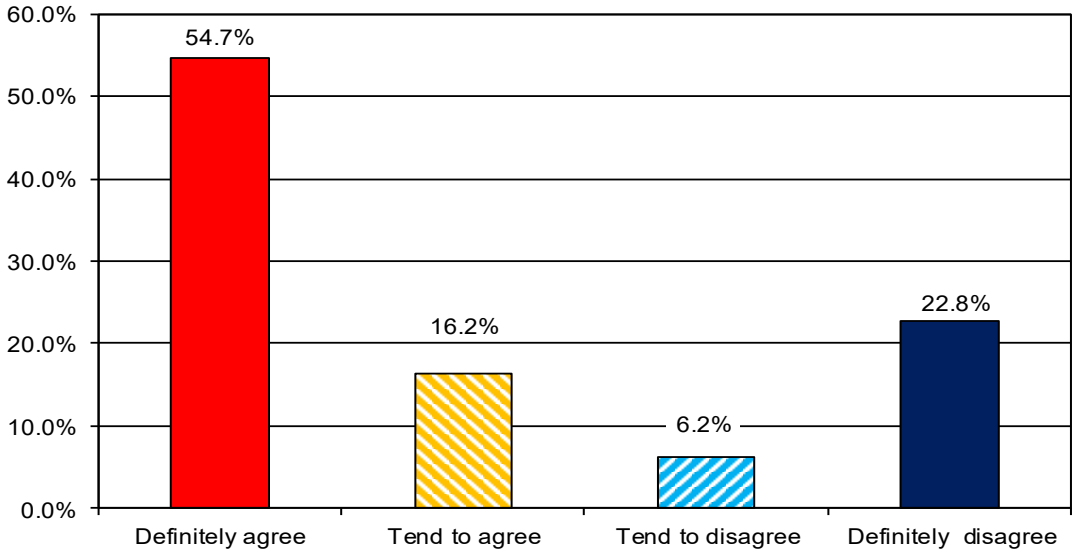


North Locality: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest, Basford, Bestwood, Aspley, Bilborough and Leen Valley

Central Locality: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton,Sherwood, Berridge, Wollaton West and Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey

South Locality: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales, Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

Query handled in a reasonable length of time

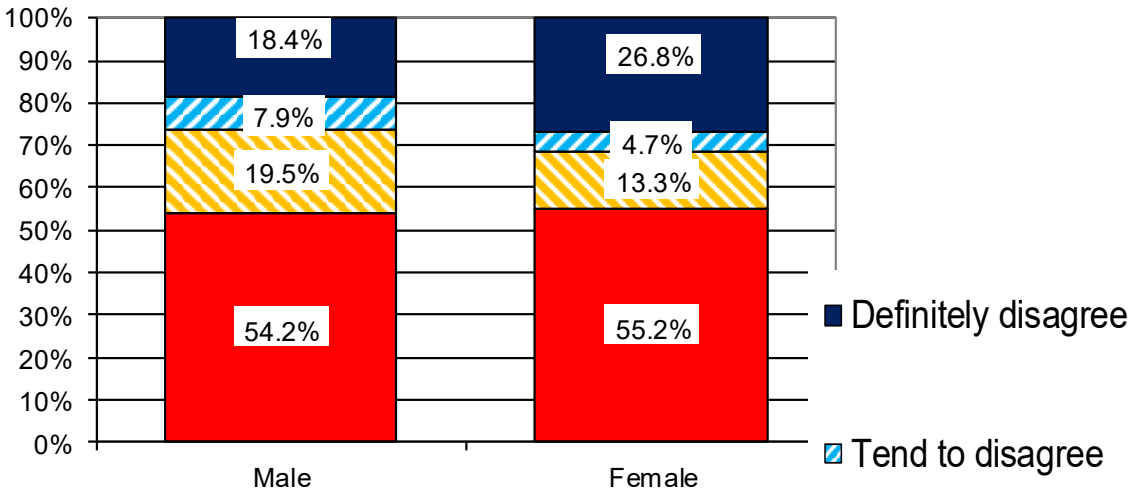


Based on 836 respondents who had contacted the Council in the last year. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

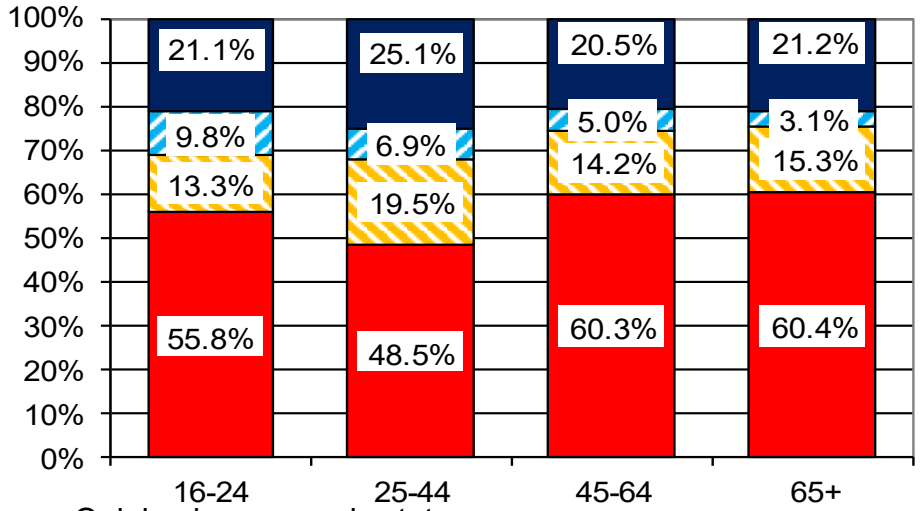
Key Points

- More than 70% of people in all three Localities agreed that their query was handled in a reasonable time.
- Retired people are most likely to agree.
- Unemployed people are least likely to agree.

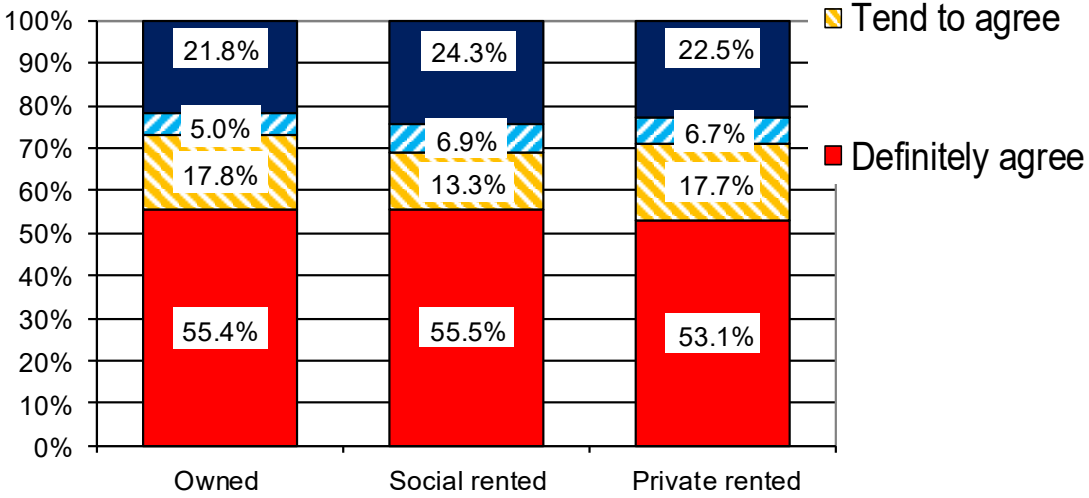
Opinion by gender



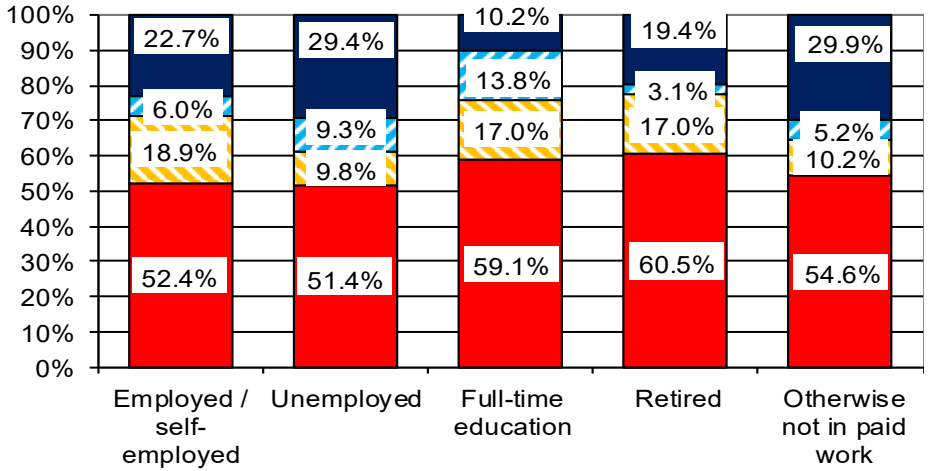
Opinion by age



Opinion by housing tenure



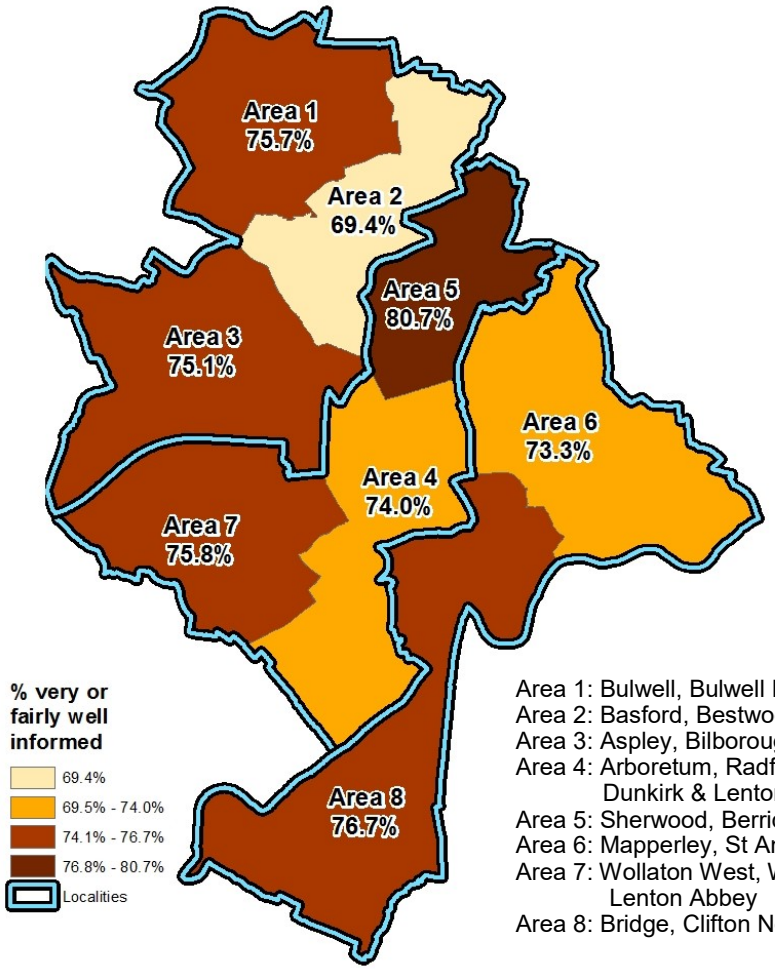
Opinion by economic status



16: Feeling Informed

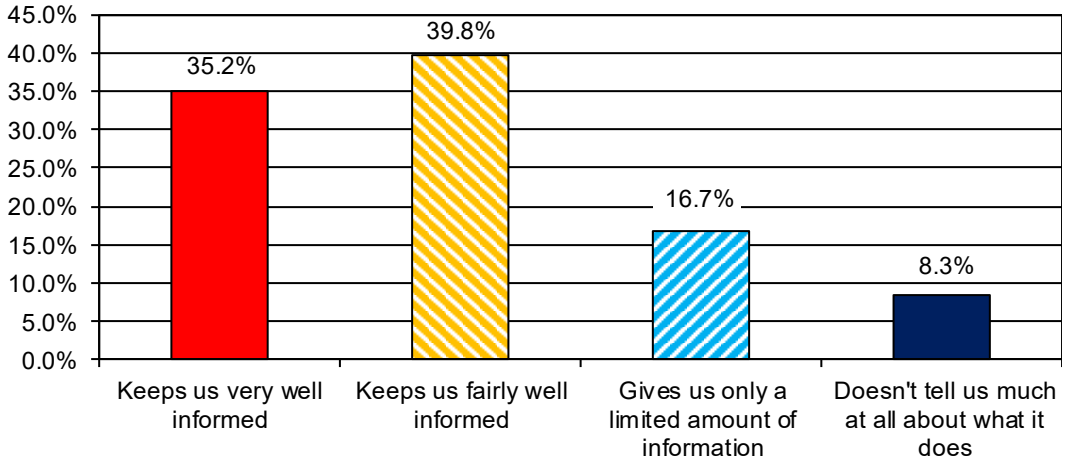
Headline: 75% feel well informed about Council services and benefits

Percentage of respondents who think the Council keeps them very or fairly well informed about the services and benefits it provides.

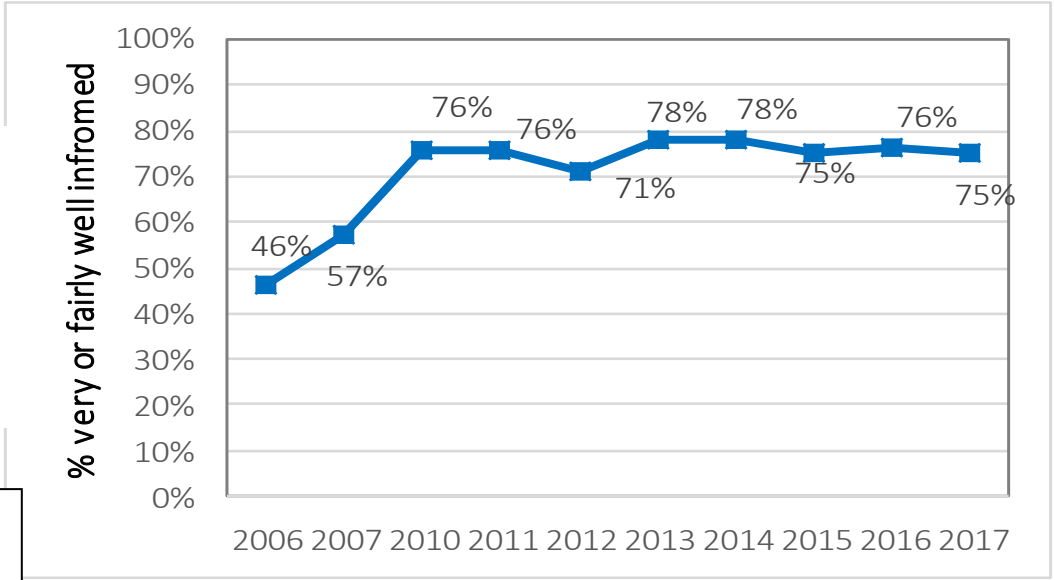


Area 1: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest
Area 2: Basford, Bestwood
Area 3: Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley
Area 4: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton
Area 5: Sherwood, Berridge
Area 6: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales
Area 7: Wollaton West, Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey
Area 8: Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

Council keeps people informed about services and benefits



Change over time (percentage very or fairly well informed)

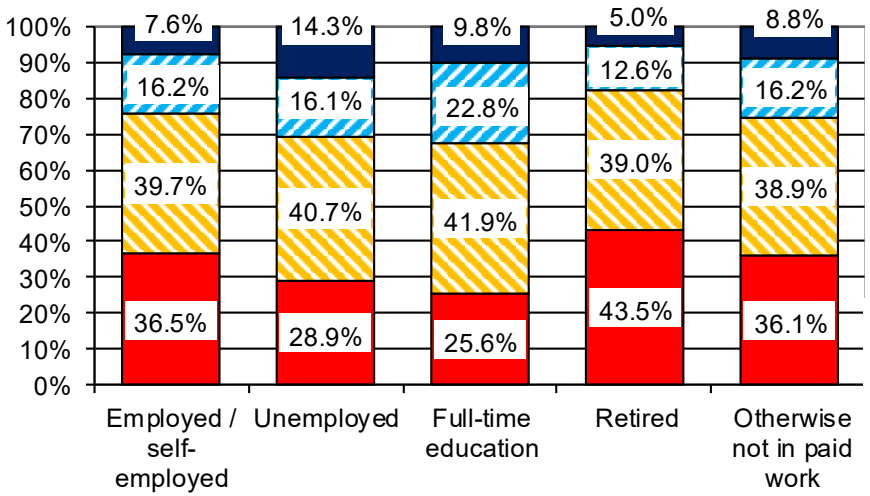


Based on 1,874 respondents in total. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

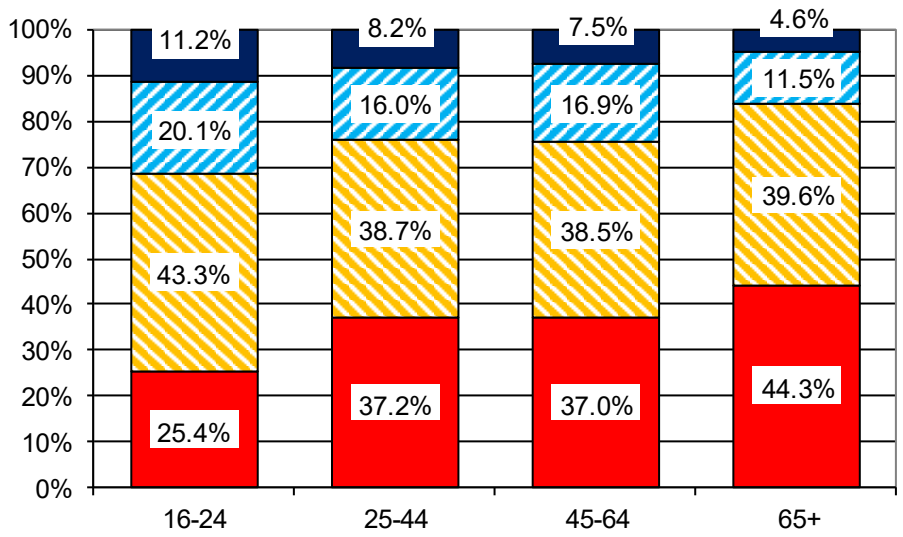
Key Points

- People in Area 5 are most likely to feel informed about Council services and benefits.
- People aged over 65 are most likely to feel informed, while those aged 16-24 are least likely.
- People who have a disability or long term illness feel more informed about services than people who do not.

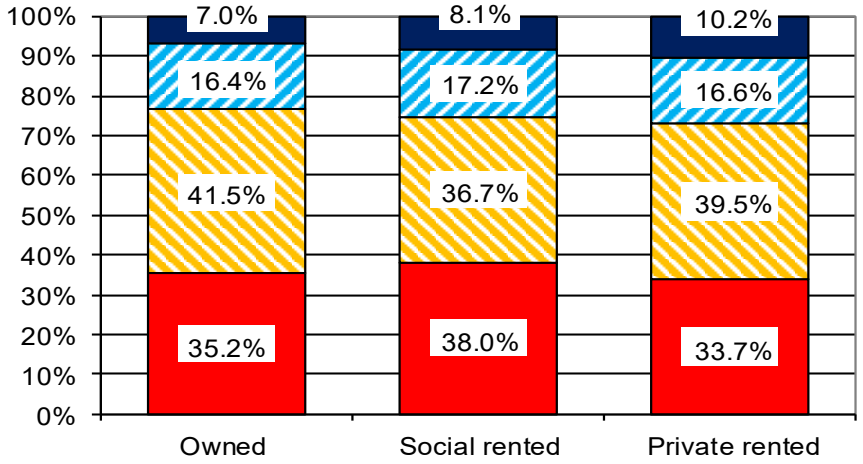
Opinion by employment status



Opinion by age



Opinion by tenure



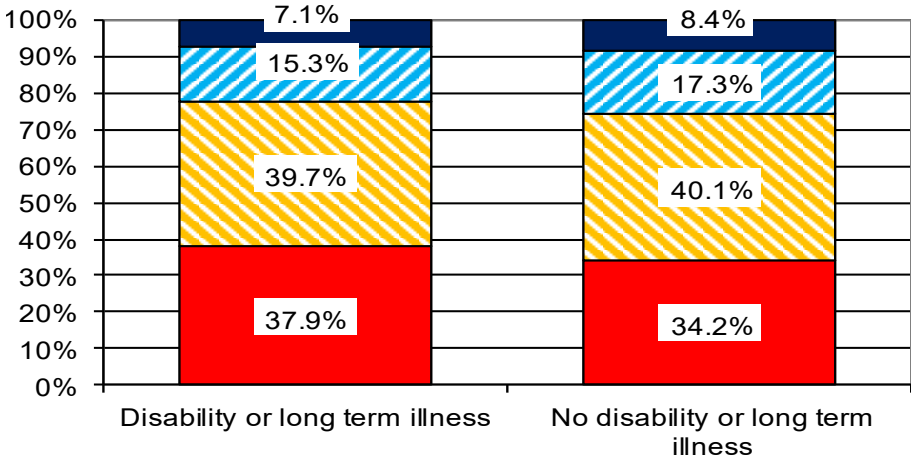
Doesn't tell us much at all about what it does

Gives us only a limited amount of information

Keeps us fairly well informed

Keeps us very well informed

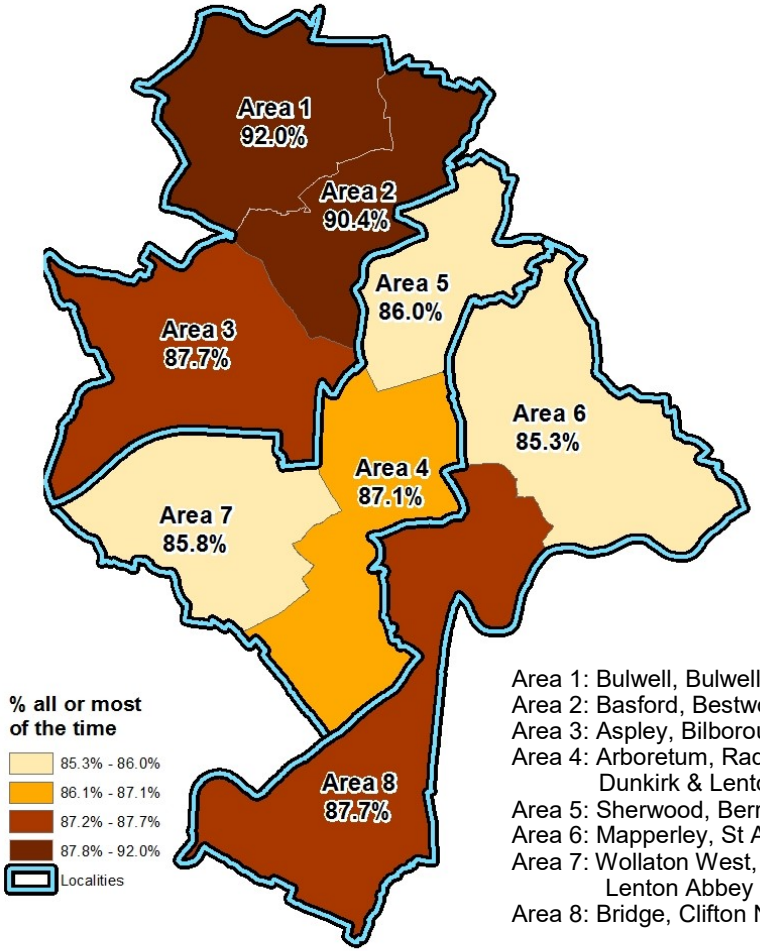
Opinion by disability or long term illness



17: Easy to understand information

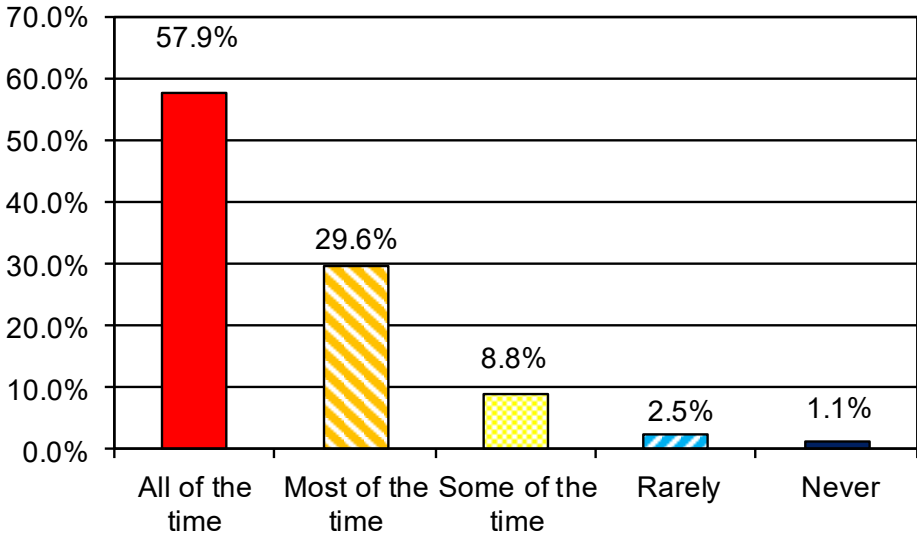
Headline: 88% think the information the Council provides is easy to understand all or most of the time

Percentage of respondents who think that information provided by the Council is easy to understand all or most of the time

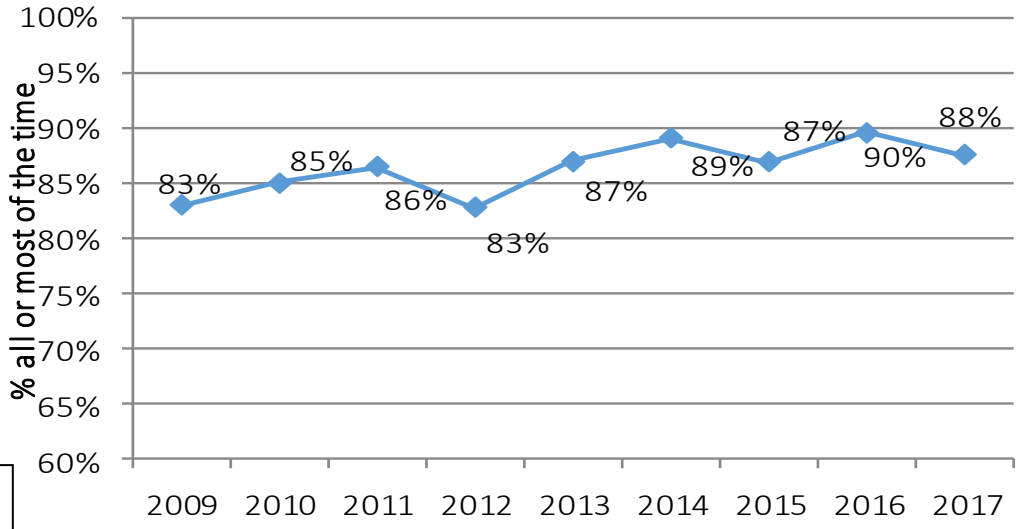


Area 1: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest
Area 2: Basford, Bestwood
Area 3: Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley
Area 4: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton
Area 5: Sherwood, Berridge
Area 6: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales
Area 7: Wollaton West, Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey
Area 8: Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

Council information is easy to understand



Change over time

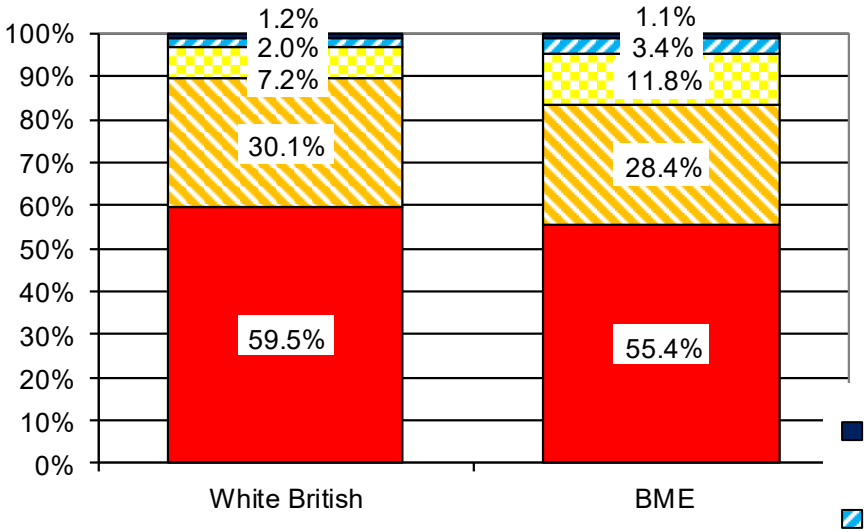


Based on 1,834 respondents in total. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

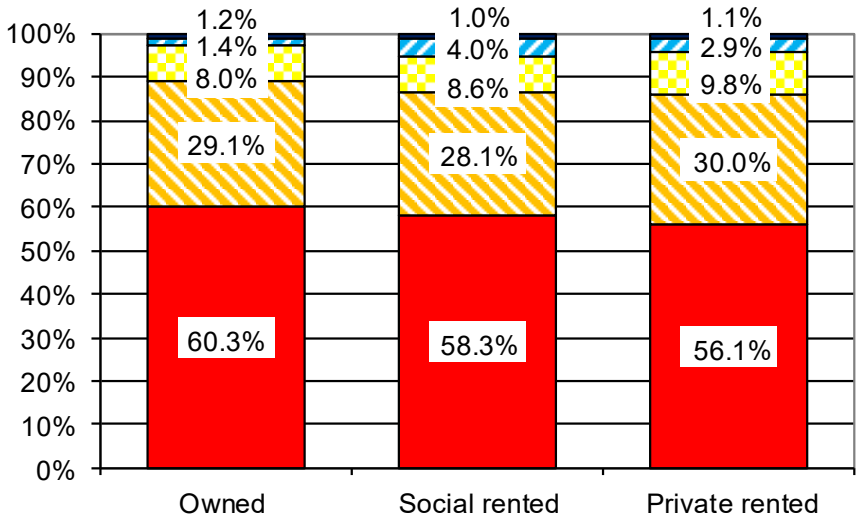
Key Points

- More than 90% of respondents in Areas 1 and 2 find the Council's information easy to understand.
- The over 65s are most likely to find the information easy to understand, people in full time education are least likely.
- People in BME groups are less likely to find information easy to understand than the White British ethnic group.

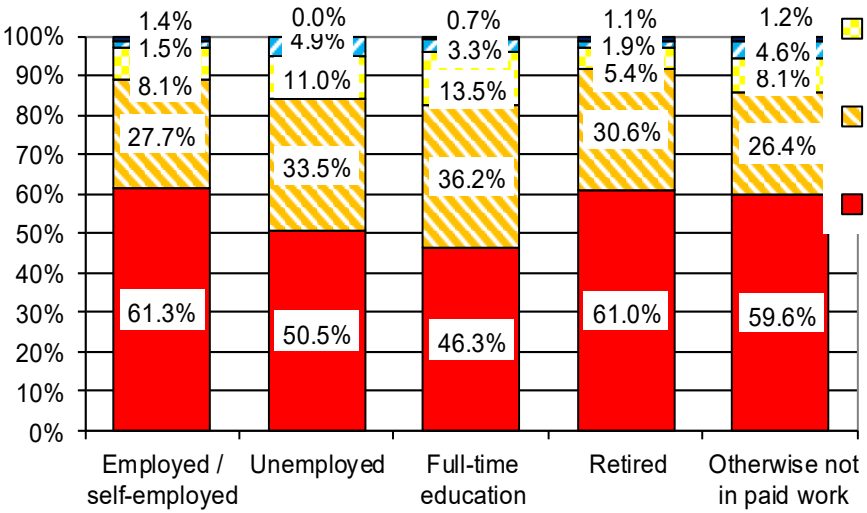
Opinion by ethnic group

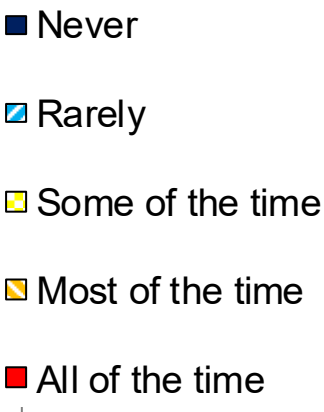


Opinion by tenure

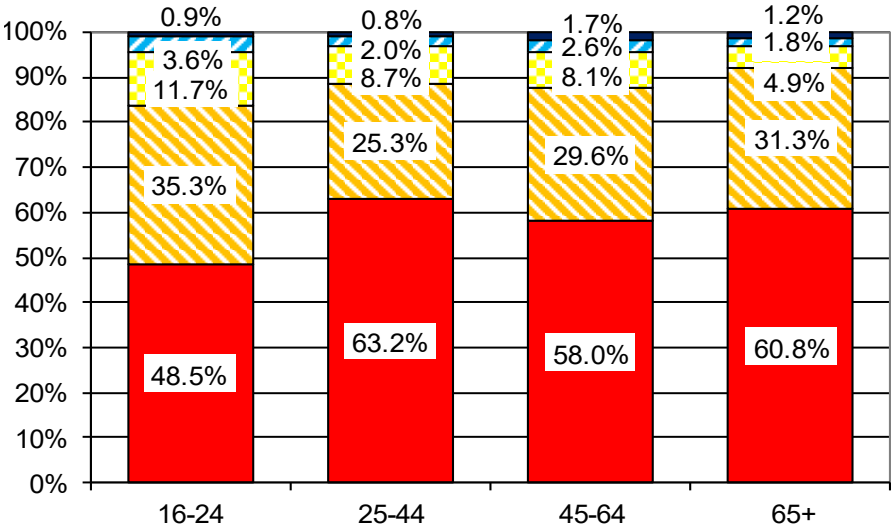


Opinion by employment status





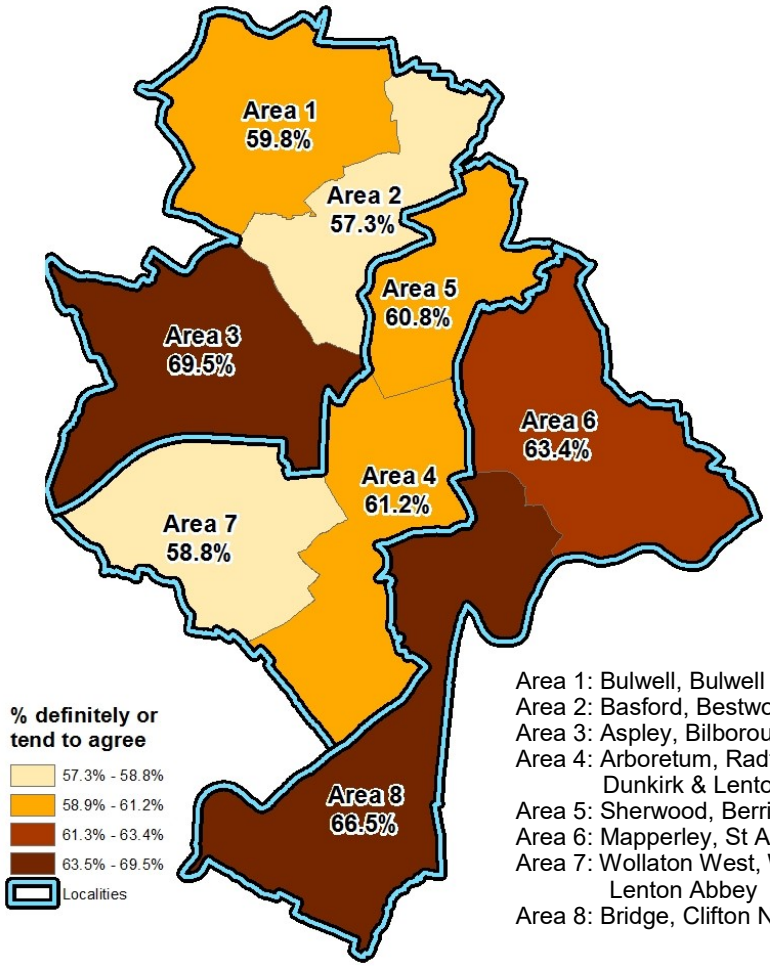
Opinion by age



18: Value for money

Headline: 63% think the Council provides value for money

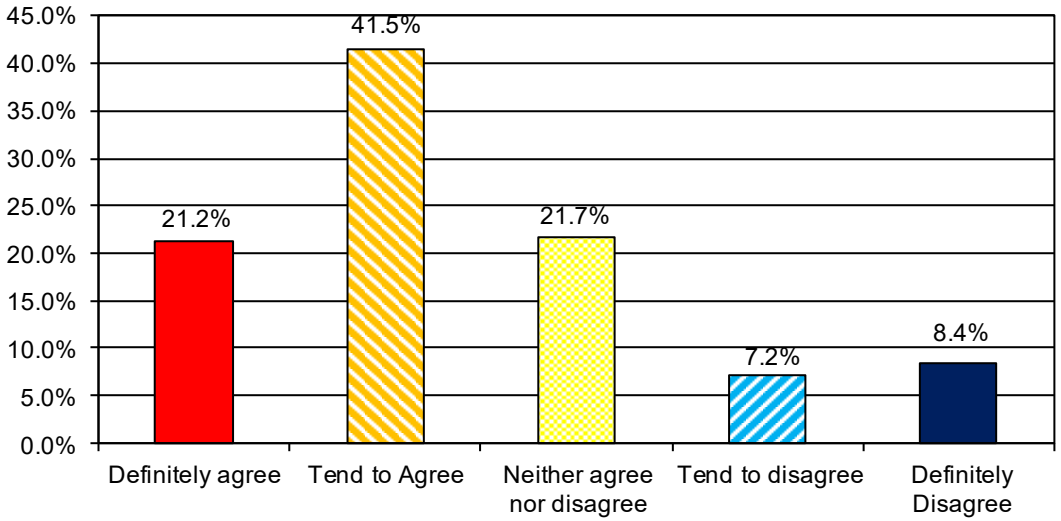
Percentage of respondents who definitely or tend to agree that the Council provides value for money.



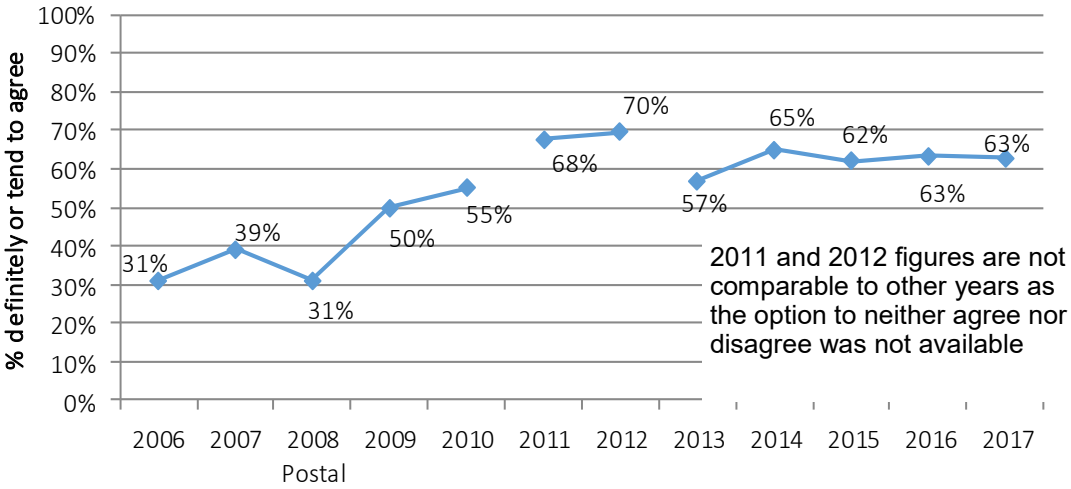
Area 1: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest
Area 2: Basford, Bestwood
Area 3: Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley
Area 4: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton
Area 5: Sherwood, Berridge
Area 6: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales
Area 7: Wollaton West, Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey
Area 8: Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

Based on 1,747 respondents in total. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details. NB in 2011 and 2012, the option 'Neither agree nor disagree' was not given to respondents.

Council provides value for money



Change over time (percentage who definitely or tend to agree)

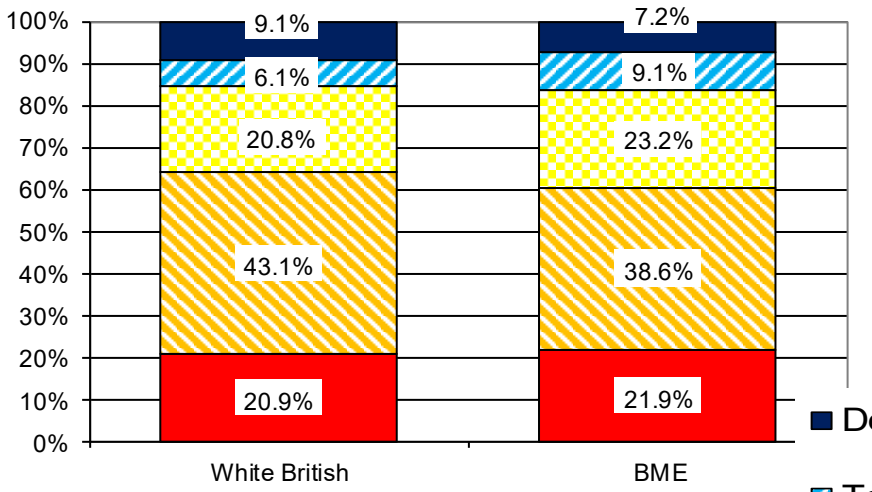


An October 2017 national survey by the Local Government Association found 50% of people agreed that their local council provided value for money.

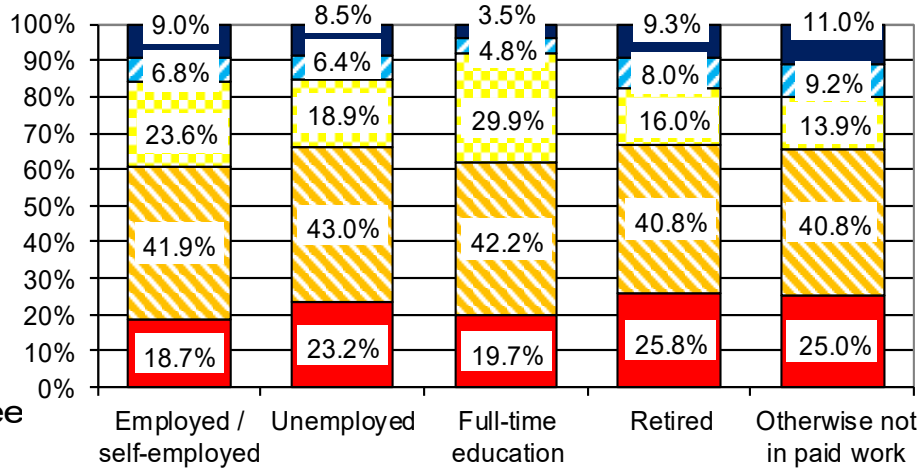
Key Points

- Respondents in Area 3 were most likely to say the Council provides value for money. Areas 2 and 7 were least likely to agree.
- Retired and unemployed people were the most likely to think that the Council provides value for money.
- The lowest proportions are amongst home owners.

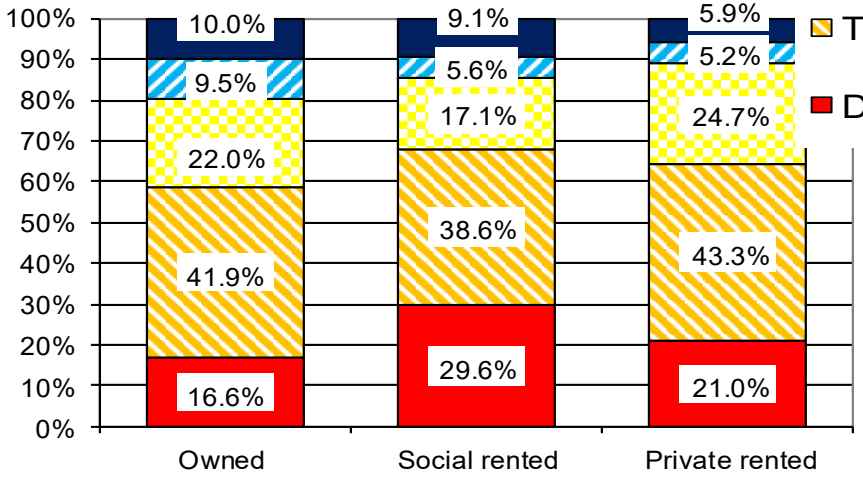
Opinion by ethnic group

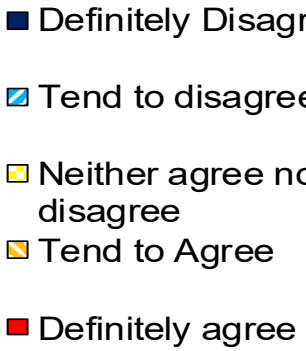


Opinion by employment status

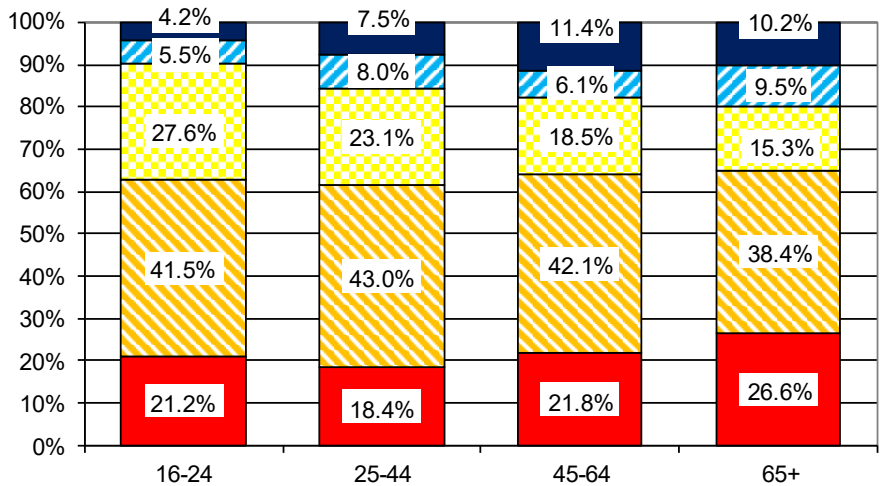


Opinion by housing tenure





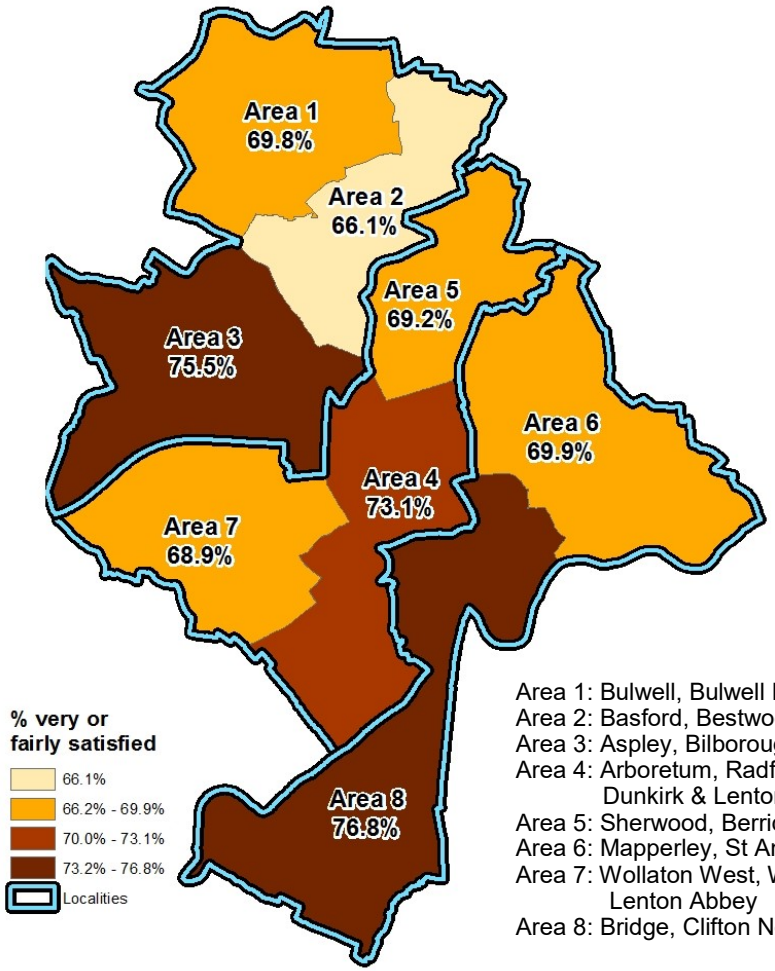
Opinion by age



19: Council Satisfaction

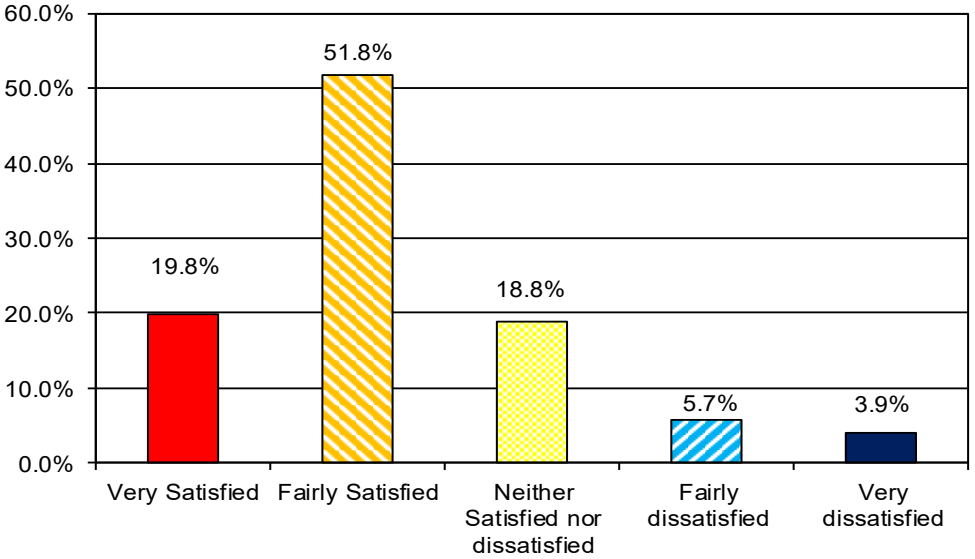
Headline: 72% are satisfied with the Council

Percentage of respondents who are very or fairly satisfied with how the Council runs things.

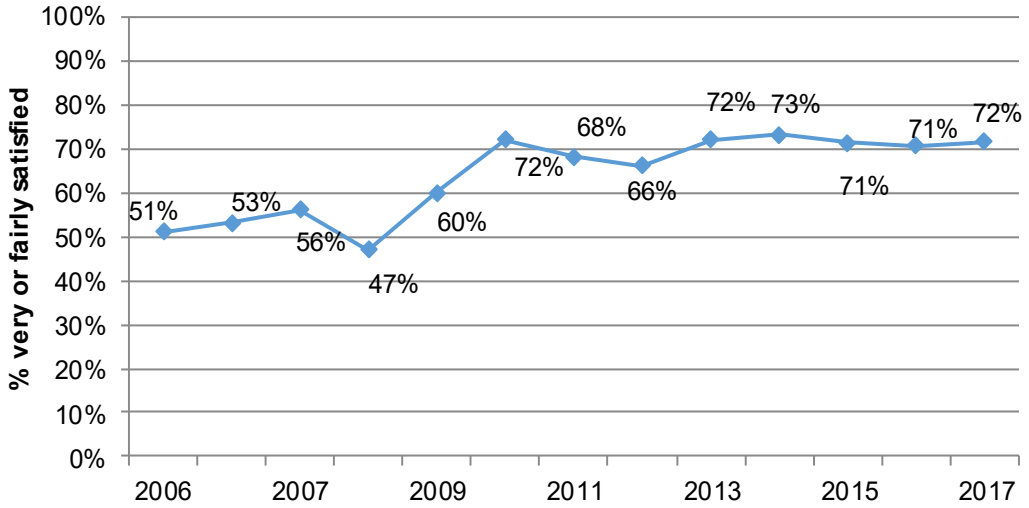


Area 1: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest
Area 2: Basford, Bestwood
Area 3: Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley
Area 4: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton
Area 5: Sherwood, Berridge
Area 6: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales
Area 7: Wollaton West, Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey
Area 8: Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

Satisfaction with the Council



Change over time (percentage very or fairly satisfied)

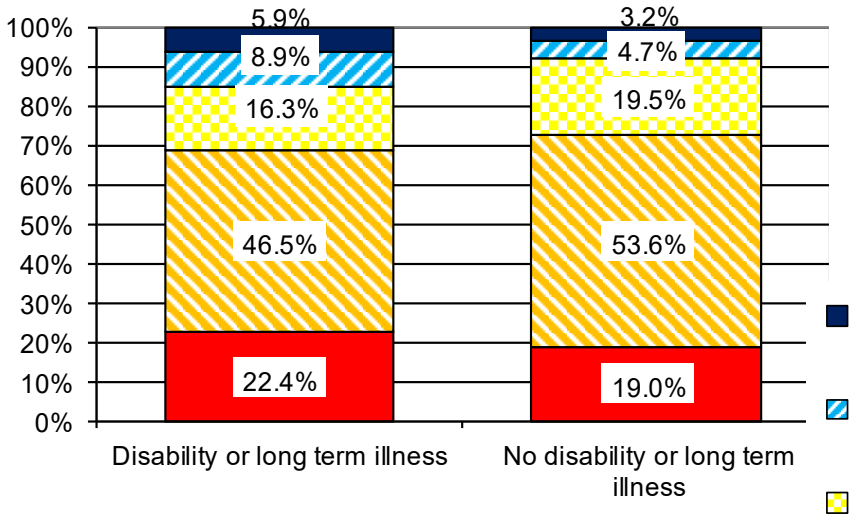


Based on 2,004 respondents in total. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

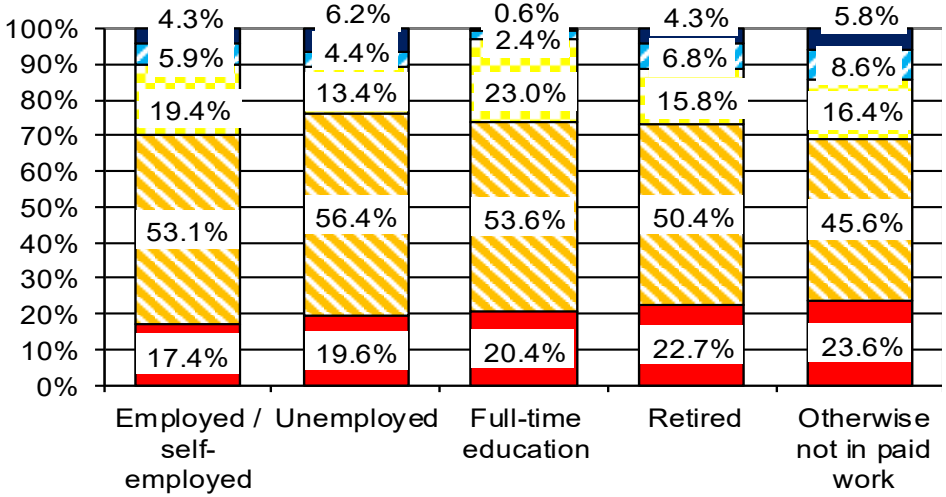
Key Points

- Area 3 and Area 8 have the highest proportions of people who are satisfied with the Council.
- Unemployed people are most likely to be satisfied with the Council.
- Home owners and people with a disability or long term illness are least likely to be satisfied with the Council.

Satisfaction by disability or long term illness



Satisfaction by employment status



Very dissatisfied

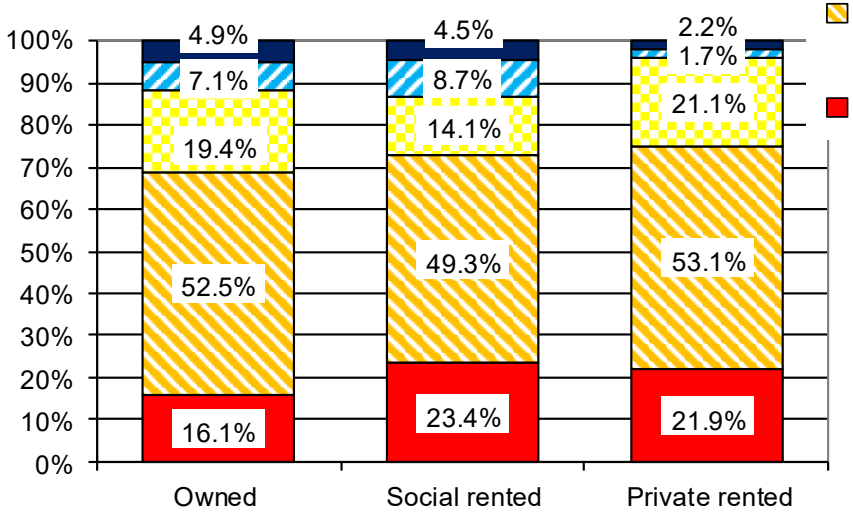
Fairly dissatisfied

Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied

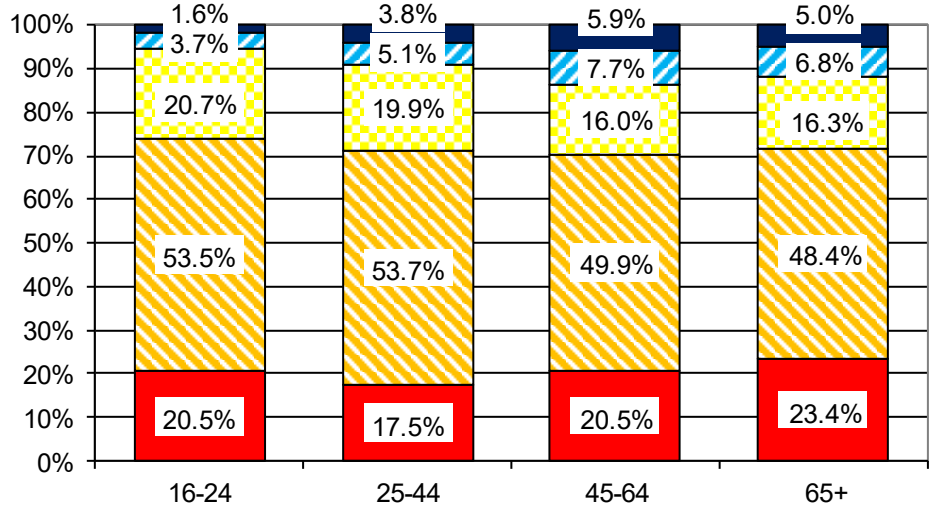
Fairly Satisfied

Very satisfied

Satisfaction by housing tenure



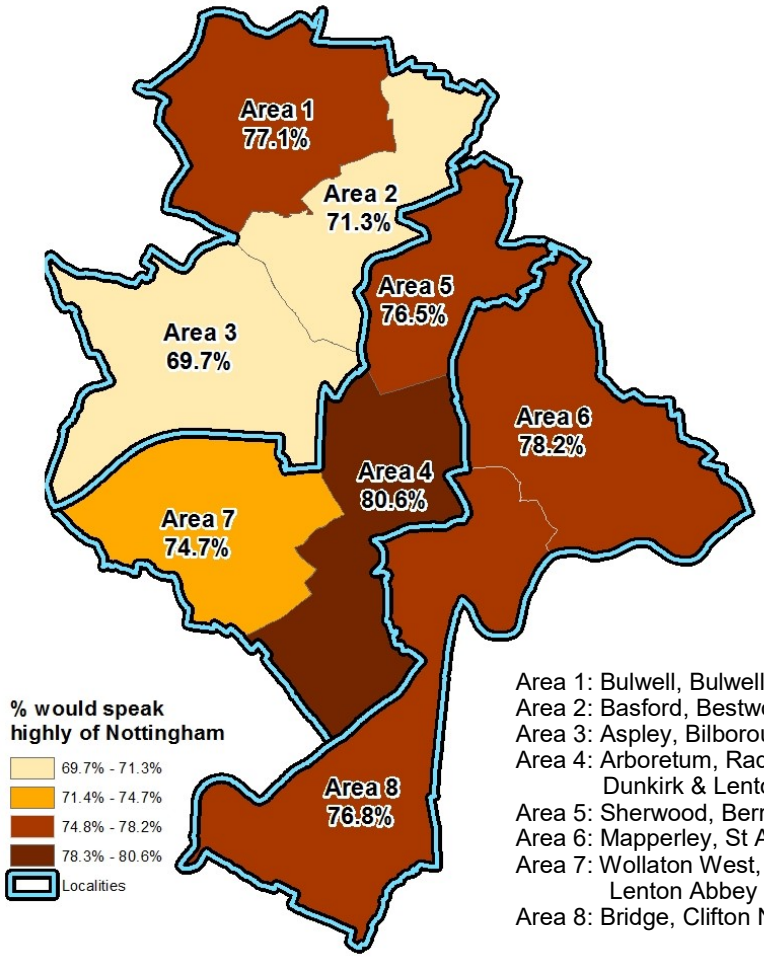
Satisfaction by age



20: Feelings about Nottingham

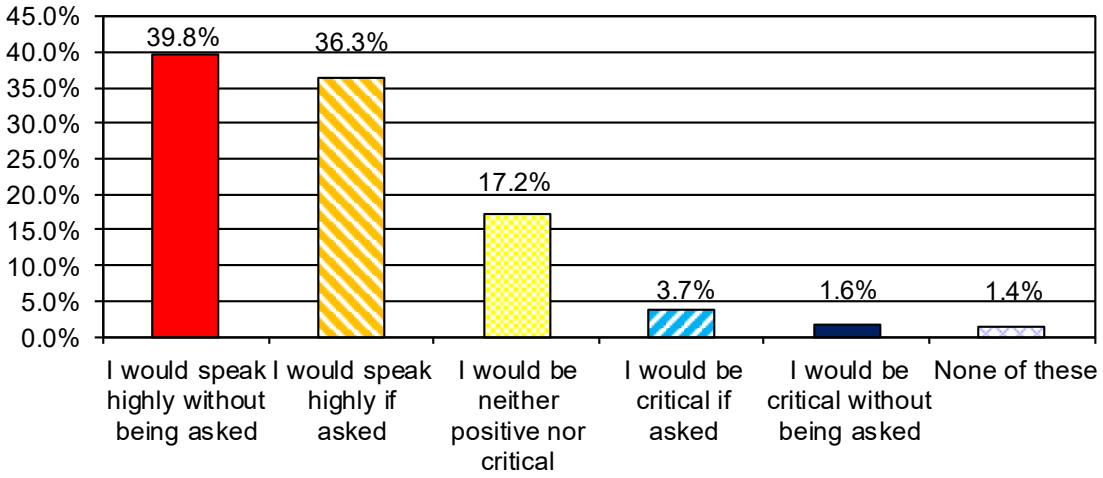
Headline: 76% would speak highly about Nottingham

Percentage of respondents who would speak highly about Nottingham.

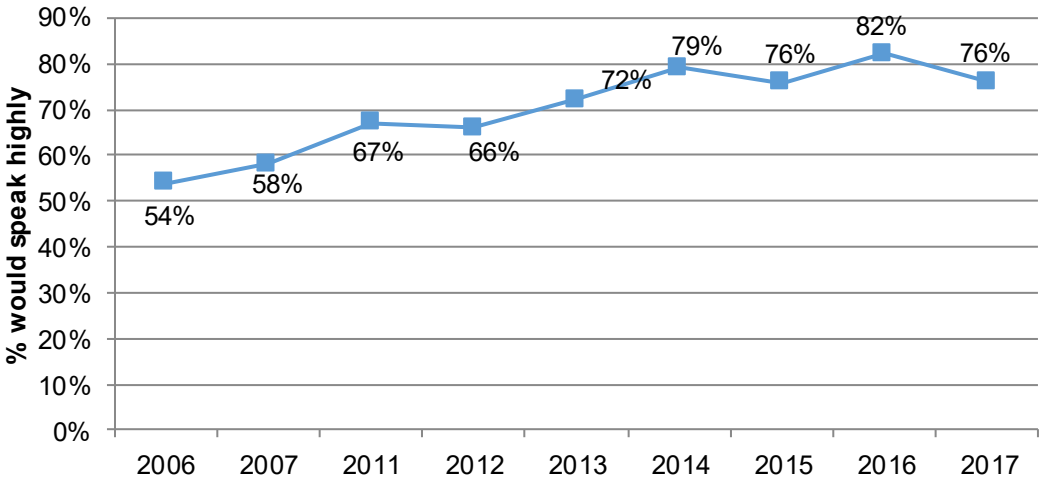


Area 1: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest
Area 2: Basford, Bestwood
Area 3: Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley
Area 4: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton
Area 5: Sherwood, Berridge
Area 6: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales
Area 7: Wollaton West, Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey
Area 8: Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

Feelings about Nottingham



Change over time (percentage who would speak highly about Nottingham)

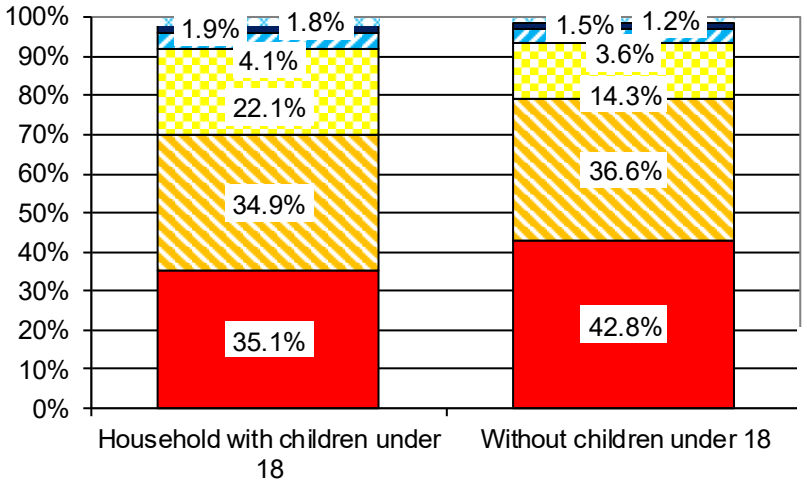


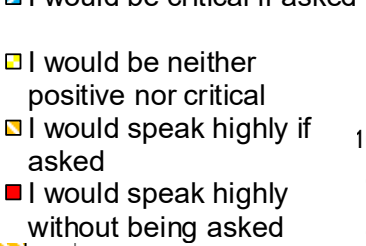
Based on 2,009 respondents in total. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

Key Points

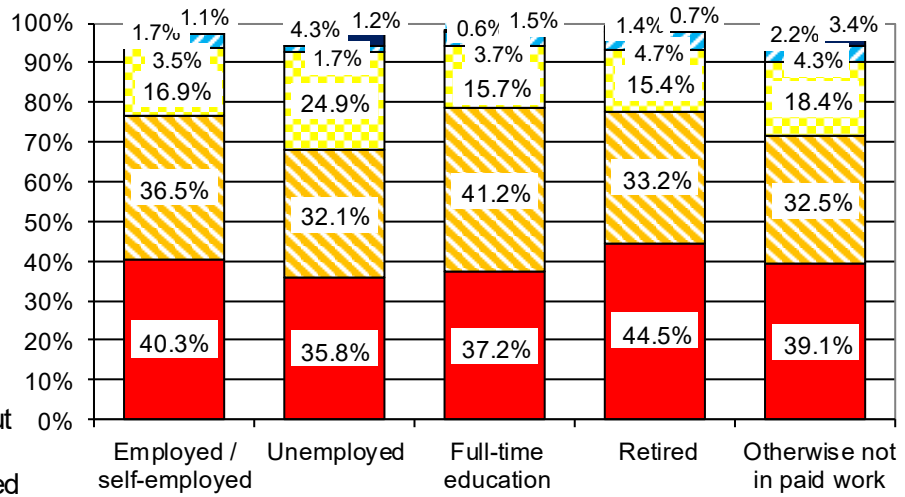
- The highest proportions of people who would speak highly of Nottingham are in Area 4.
- People in private rented accommodation and the over 65s are most likely to speak highly about the City. Unemployed people and people with children are least likely.
- Only 5.4 % of respondents would be critical of Nottingham.

Opinion by children in household

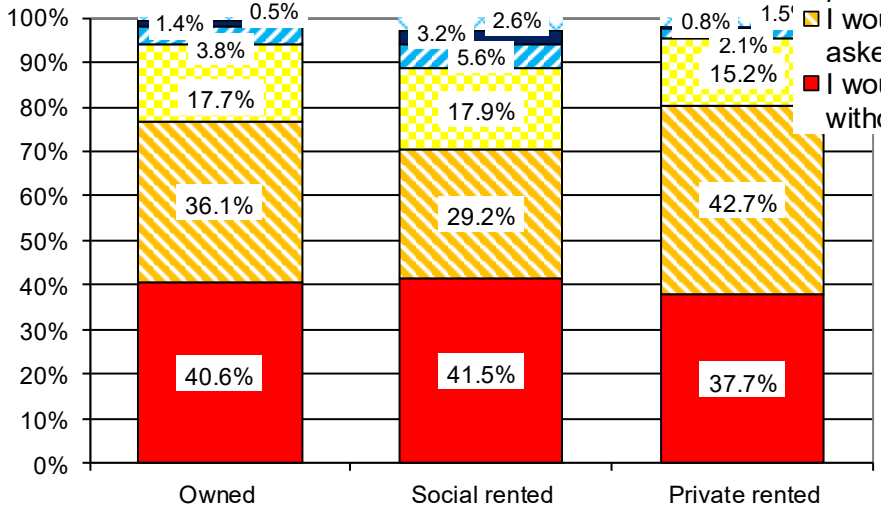




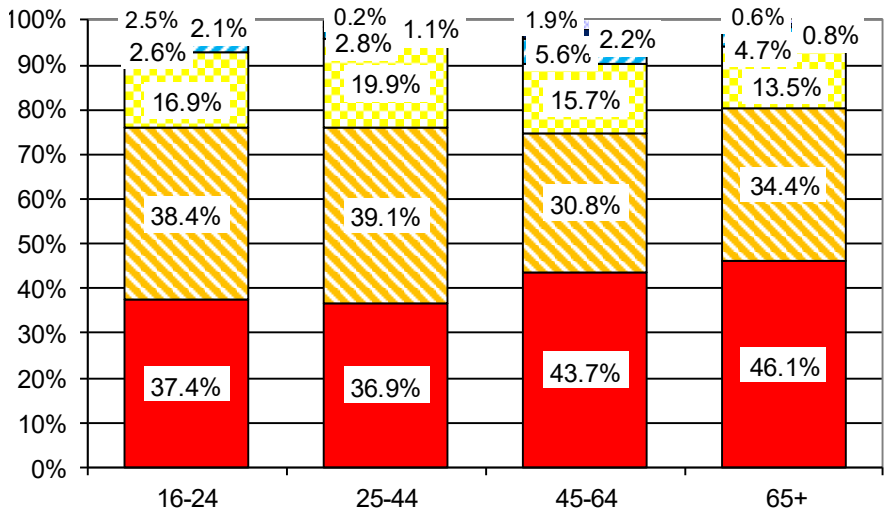
Opinion by employment status



Opinion by housing tenure



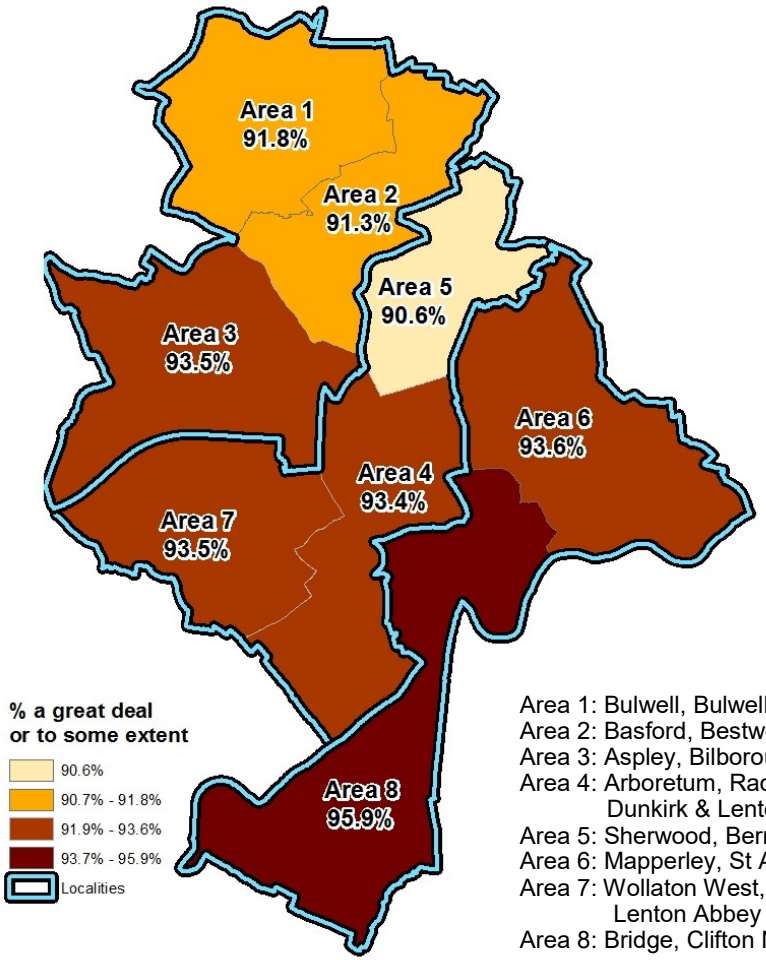
Opinion by age



21: Recommend Nottingham as a place to live

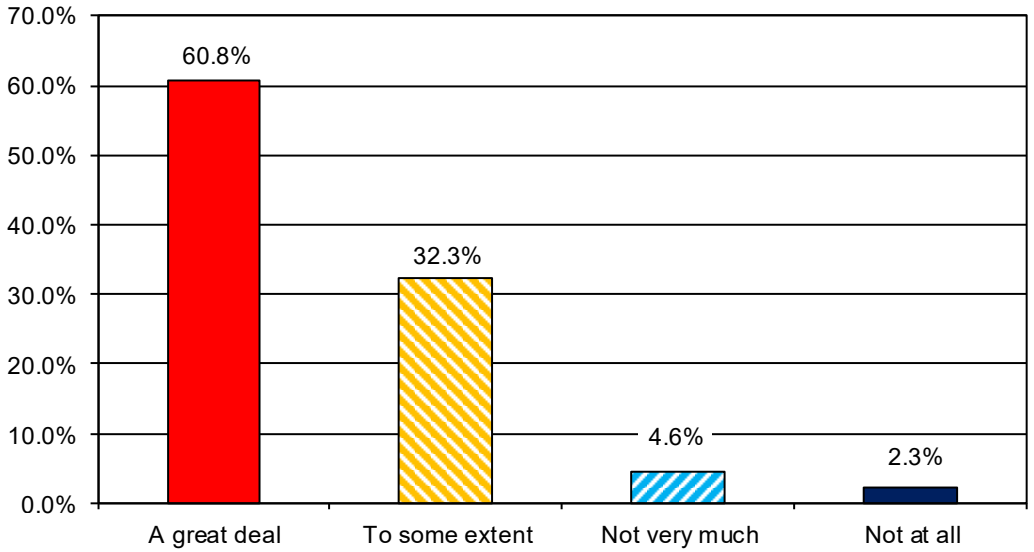
Headline: 93% would recommend Nottingham as a place to live

Percentage of respondents who would recommend Nottingham as a place to live.



Area 1: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest
Area 2: Basford, Bestwood
Area 3: Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley
Area 4: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton
Area 5: Sherwood, Berridge
Area 6: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales
Area 7: Wollaton West, Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey
Area 8: Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

Would recommend Nottingham as a place to live

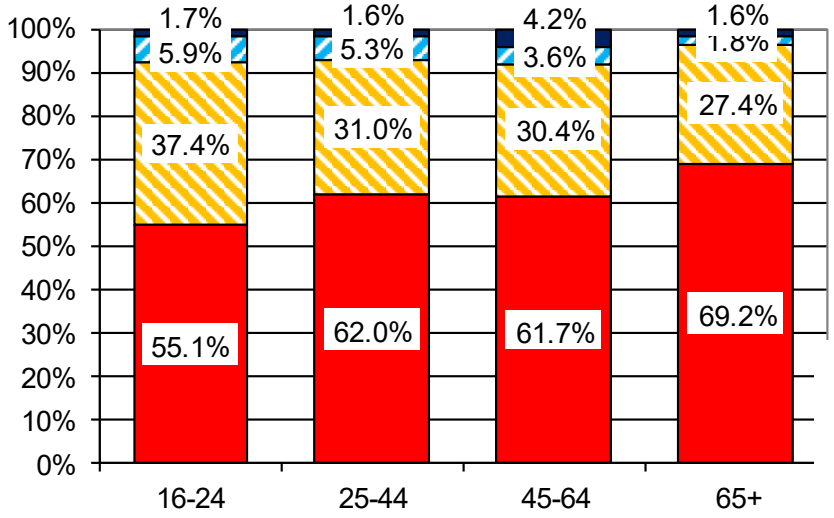


Based on 1,994 respondents in total. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

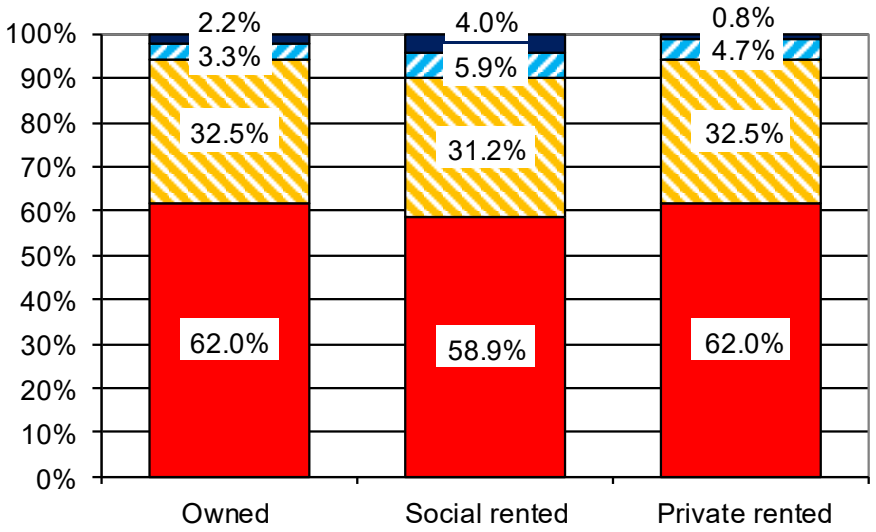
Key Points

- In every area, more than 90% of respondents would recommend Nottingham as a place to live.
- Unemployed people are the only demographic group where less than 90% would recommend Nottingham as a place to live.
- The proportion of people who would recommend Nottingham as a place to live is unchanged from 2014.

Opinion by age



Opinion by housing tenure



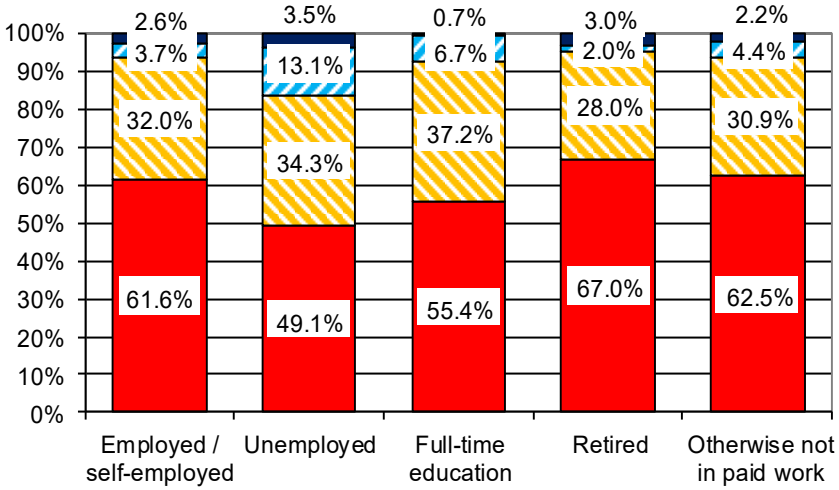
Not at all

Not very much

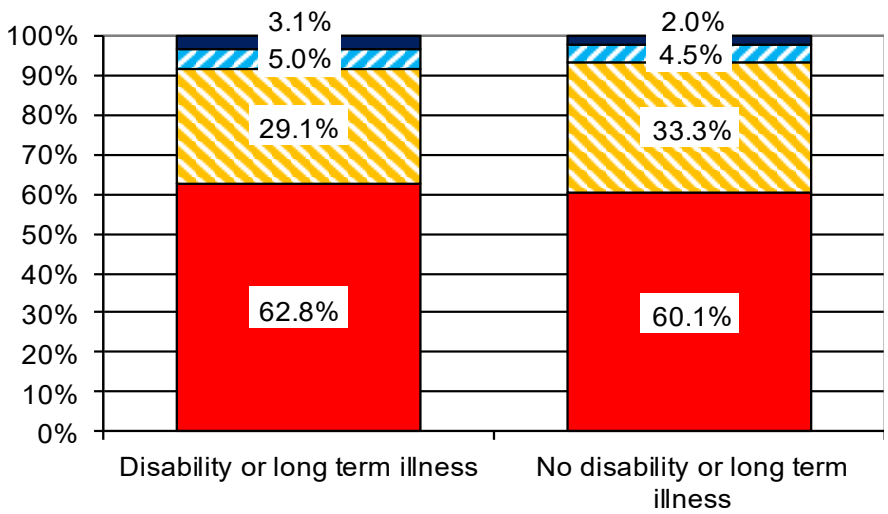
To some extent

A great deal

Opinion by employment status



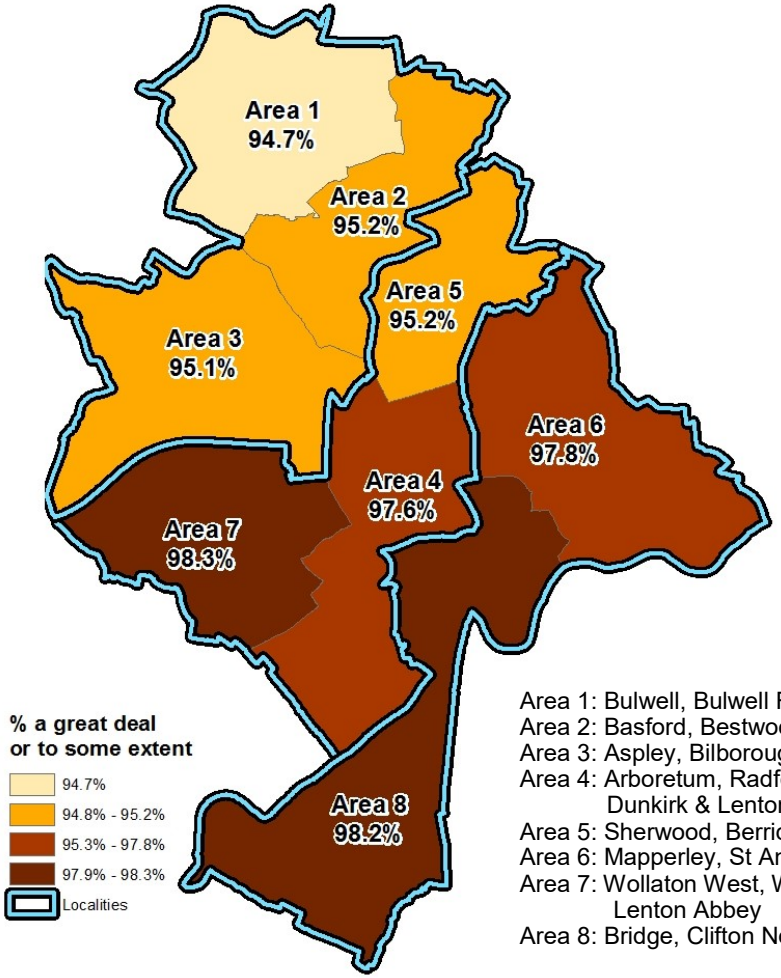
Opinion by disability or long term illness



22: Recommend Nottingham as a place to study

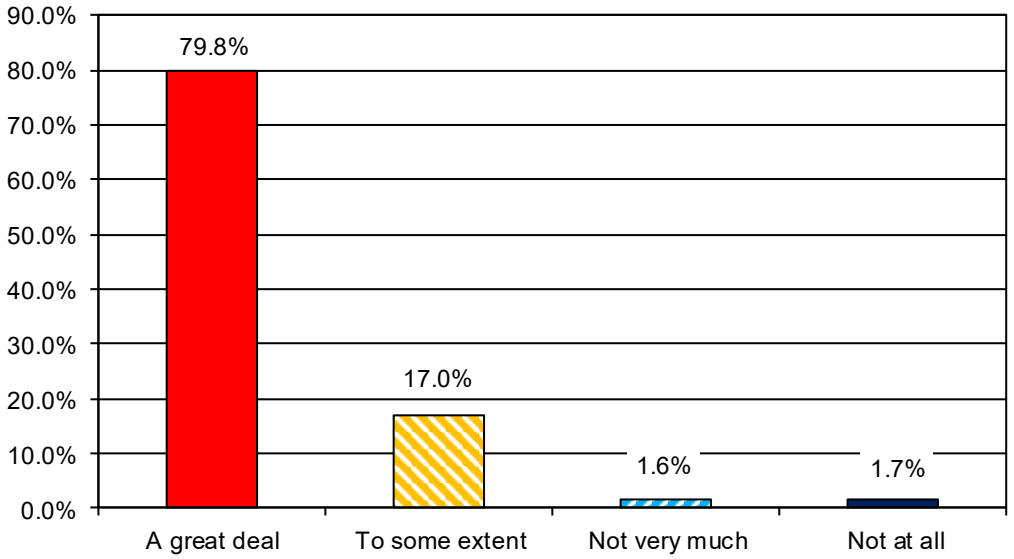
Headline: 97% would recommend Nottingham as a place to study

Percentage of respondents who would recommend Nottingham as a place to study.



Area 1: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest
Area 2: Basford, Bestwood
Area 3: Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley
Area 4: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton
Area 5: Sherwood, Berridge
Area 6: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales
Area 7: Wollaton West, Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey
Area 8: Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

Would recommend Nottingham as a place to study

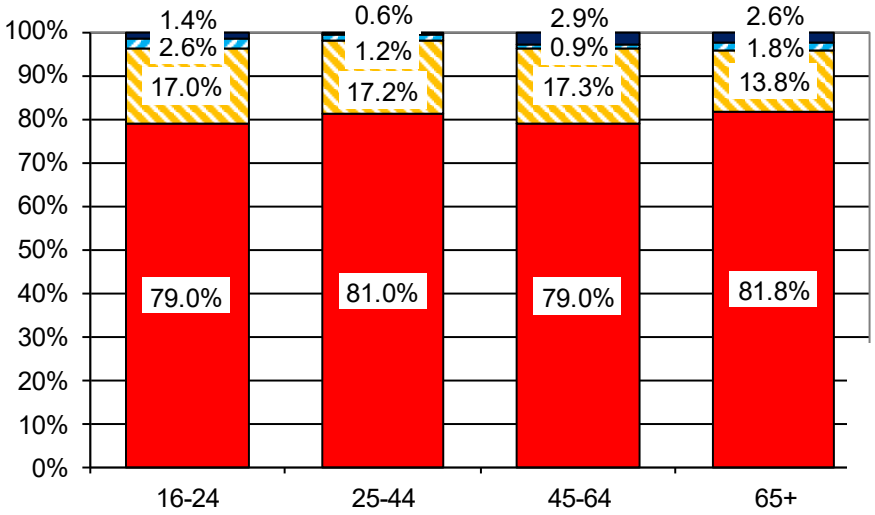


Based on 1,823 respondents in total. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

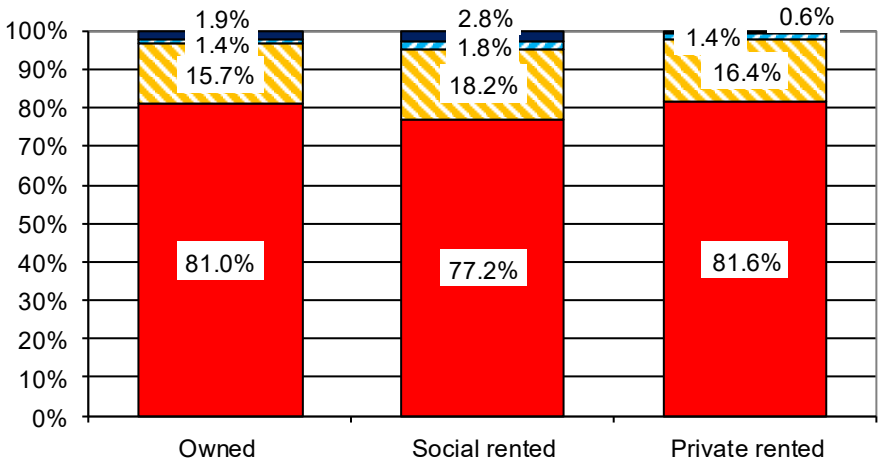
Key Points

- In all Areas and for all groups of people, more than 90% of respondents would recommend Nottingham as a place to study.
- In Areas 7 and 8, more than 98% would recommend Nottingham as a place to study.
- Unemployed people are least likely to recommend the City.

Opinion by age



Opinion by housing tenure



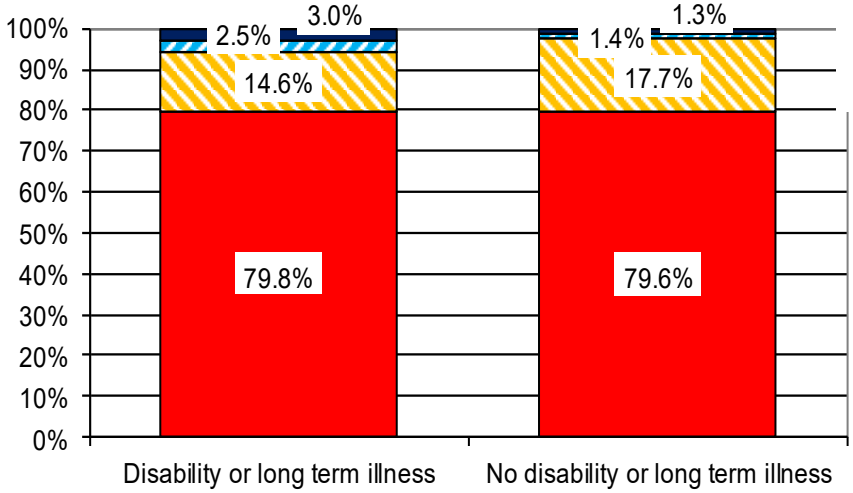
Not at all

Not very much

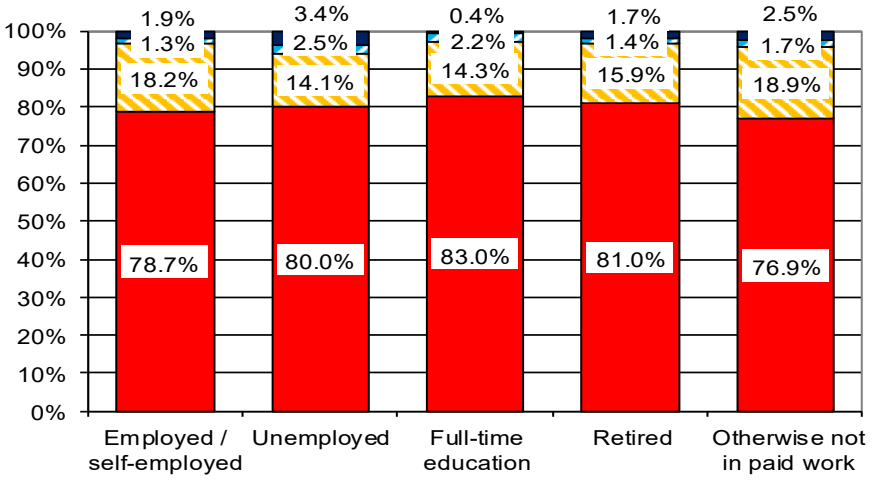
To some extent

A great deal

Opinion by disability or long term illness



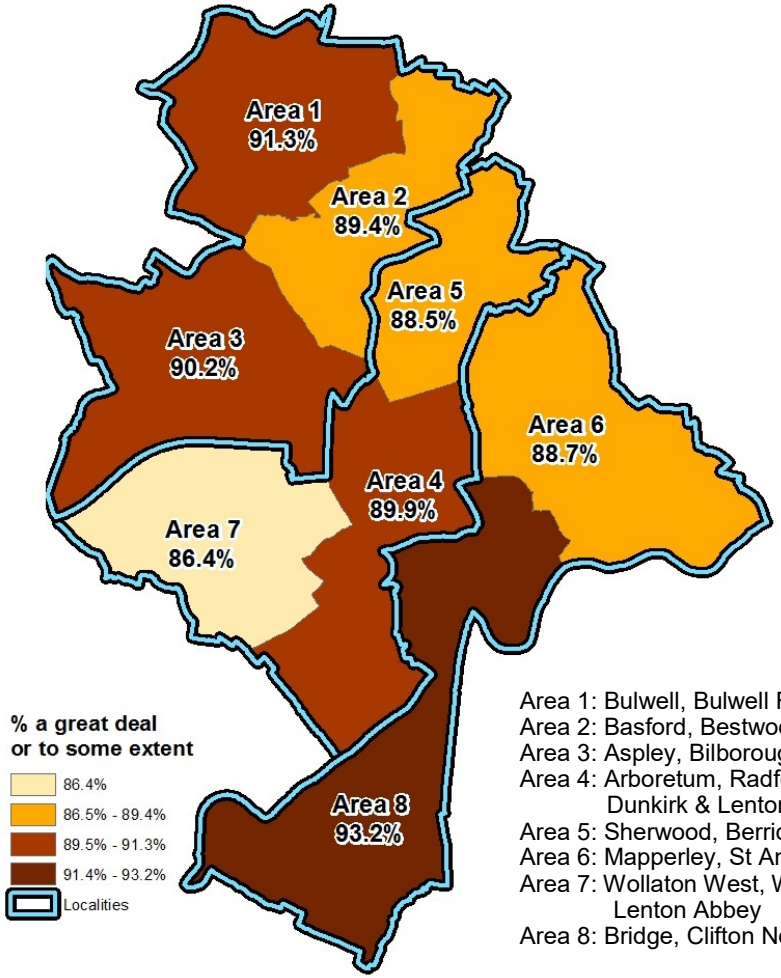
Opinion by employment status



23: Recommend Nottingham as a place to visit

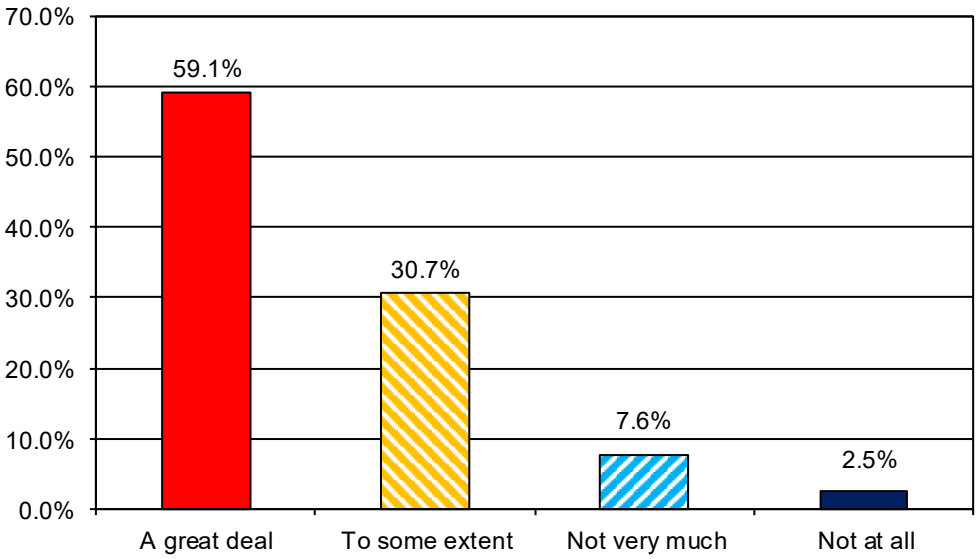
Headline: 90% would recommend Nottingham as a place to visit

Percentage of respondents who would recommend Nottingham as a place to visit.



Area 1: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest
Area 2: Basford, Bestwood
Area 3: Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley
Area 4: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton
Area 5: Sherwood, Berridge
Area 6: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales
Area 7: Wollaton West, Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey
Area 8: Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

Would recommend Nottingham as a place to visit

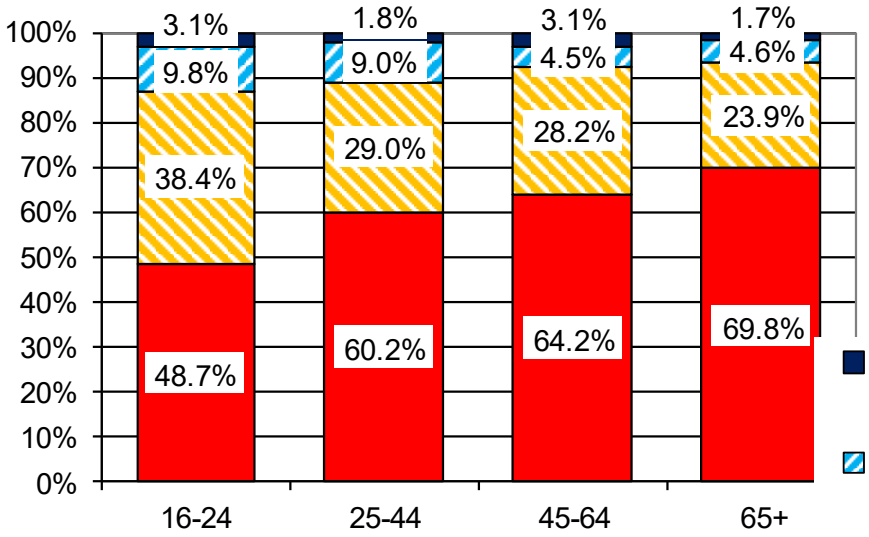


Based on 1,980 respondents in total. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

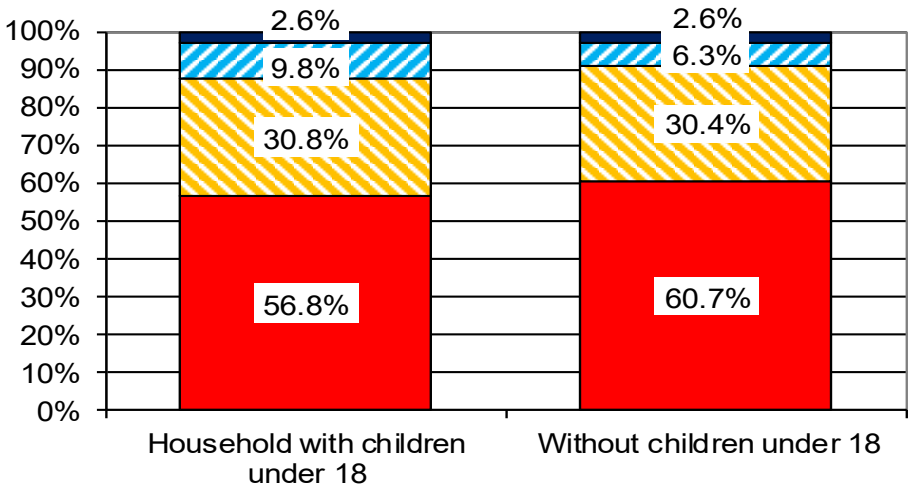
Key Points

- In Areas 1, 3 and 8 more than 90% of respondents would recommend Nottingham as a place to visit.
- Unemployed people are the least likely to recommend visiting Nottingham, retired people are the most likely group.
- White British groups are more likely to recommend the City as a place to visit than BME groups.

Opinion by age



Opinion by children in household



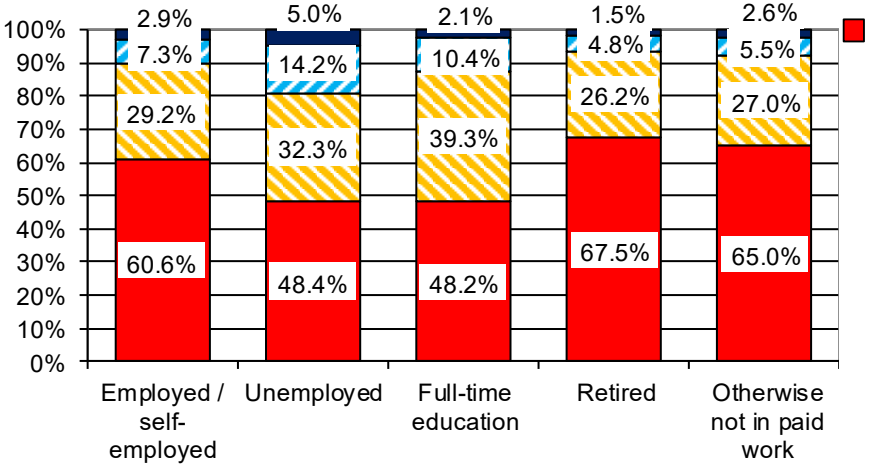
Not at all

Not very much

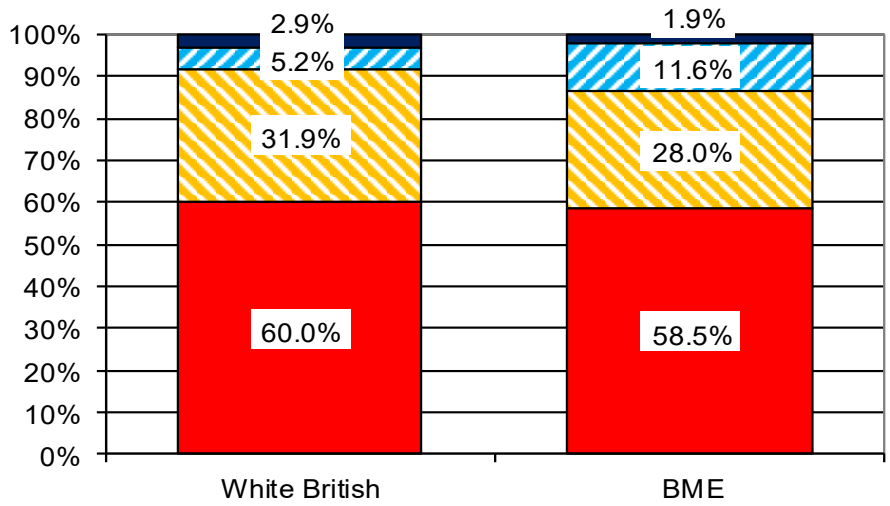
To some extent

A great deal

Opinion by employment status



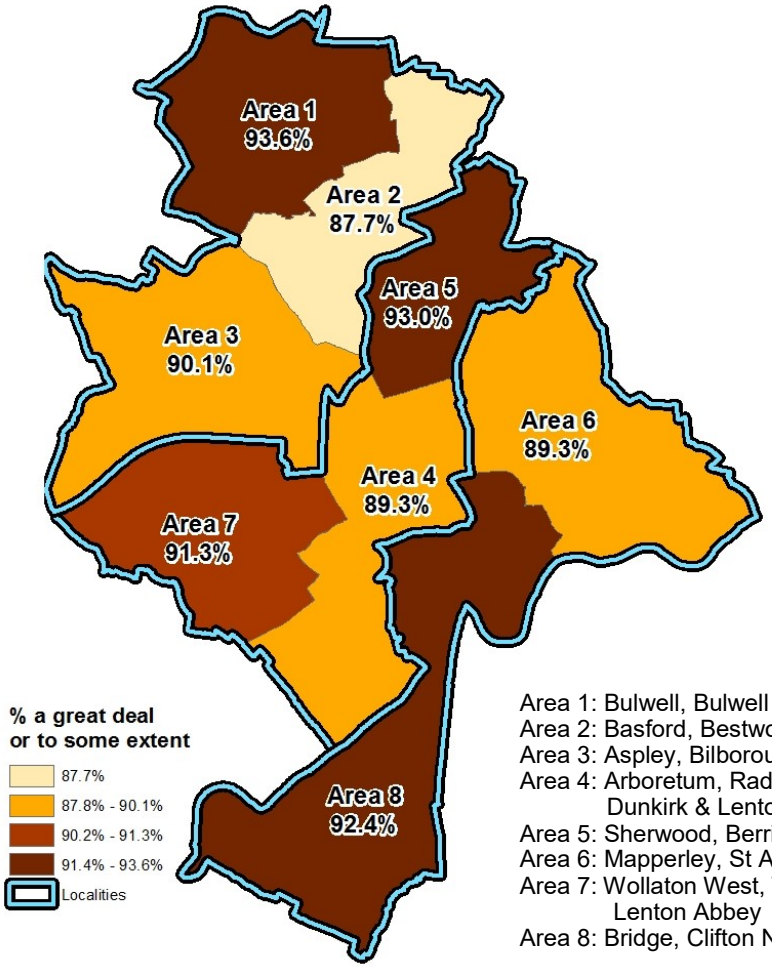
Opinion by ethnic group



24: Recommend Nottingham as a place to work

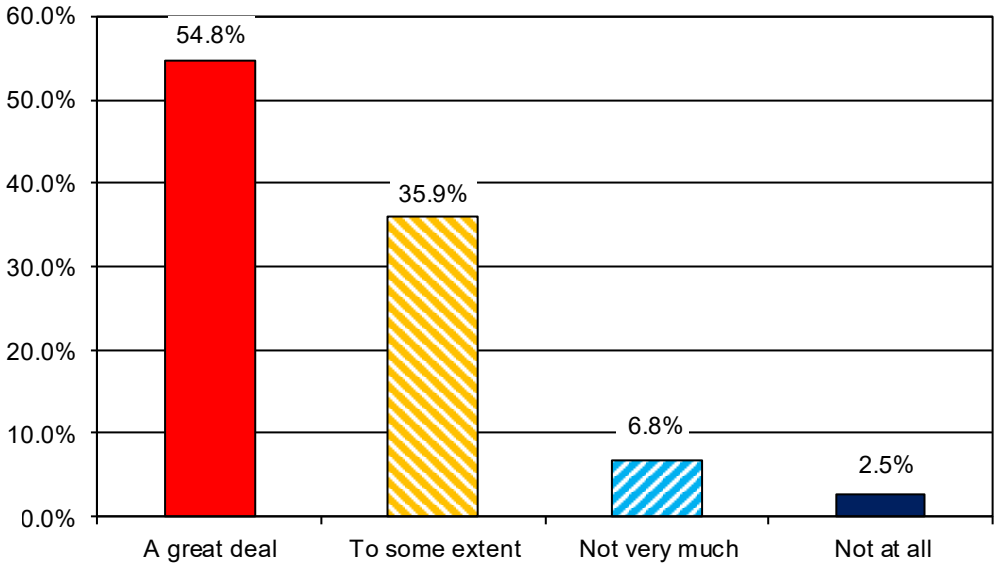
Headline: 91% would recommend Nottingham as a place to work

Percentage of respondents who would recommend Nottingham as a place to work.



Area 1: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest
Area 2: Basford, Bestwood
Area 3: Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley
Area 4: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton
Area 5: Sherwood, Berridge
Area 6: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales
Area 7: Wollaton West, Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey
Area 8: Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

Would recommend Nottingham as a place to work

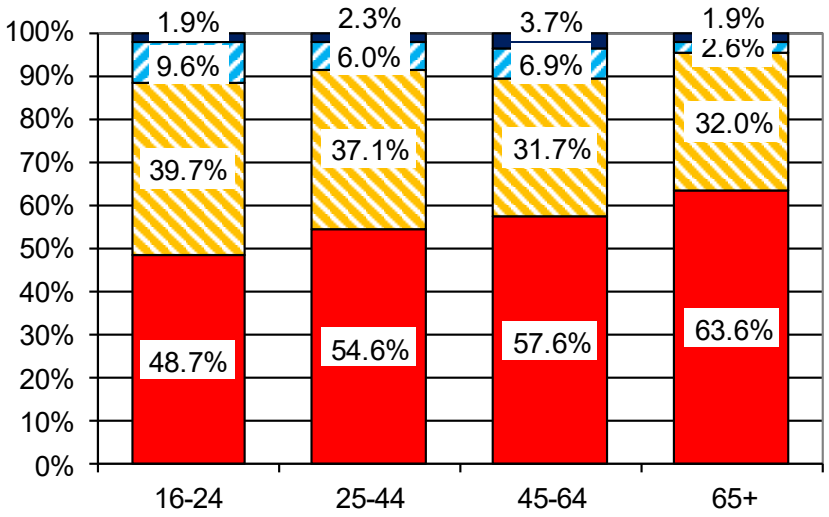


Based on 1,835 respondents in total. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

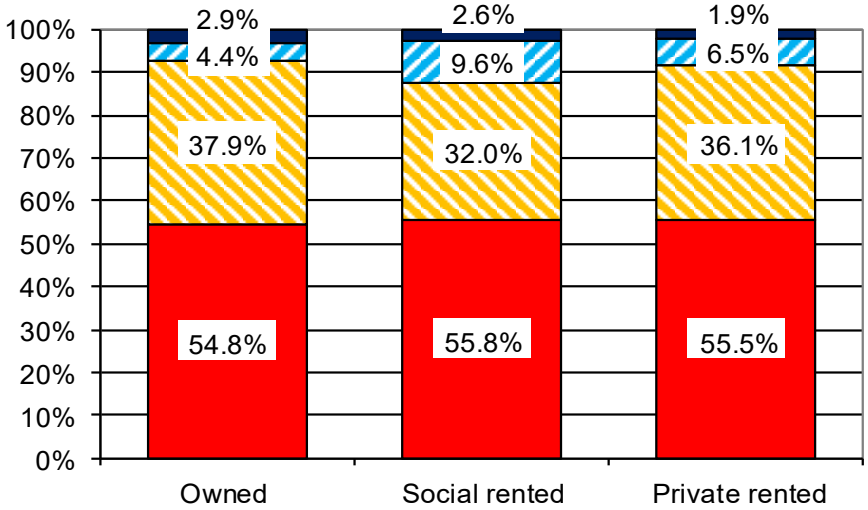
Key Points

- Area 1 has the highest proportion of people who would recommend Nottingham as a place to work.
- The over 65s and retired people are the most likely groups to recommend Nottingham as a place to work.
- People who are unemployed are the least likely group to recommend Nottingham as a place to work.

Opinion by age



Opinion by housing tenure



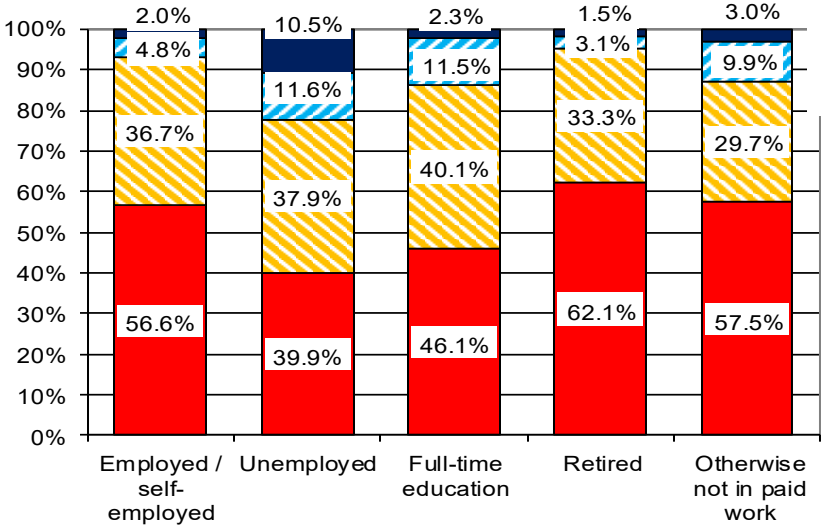
Not at all

Not very much

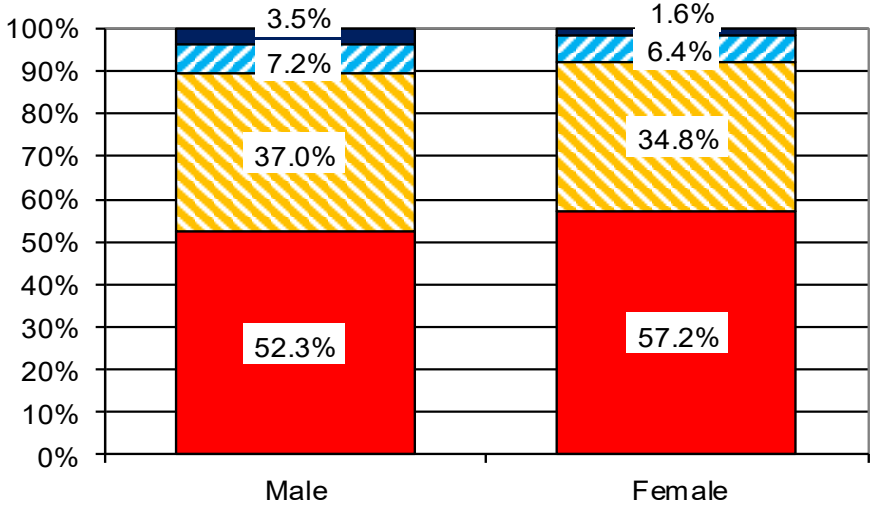
To some extent

A great deal

Opinion by employment status



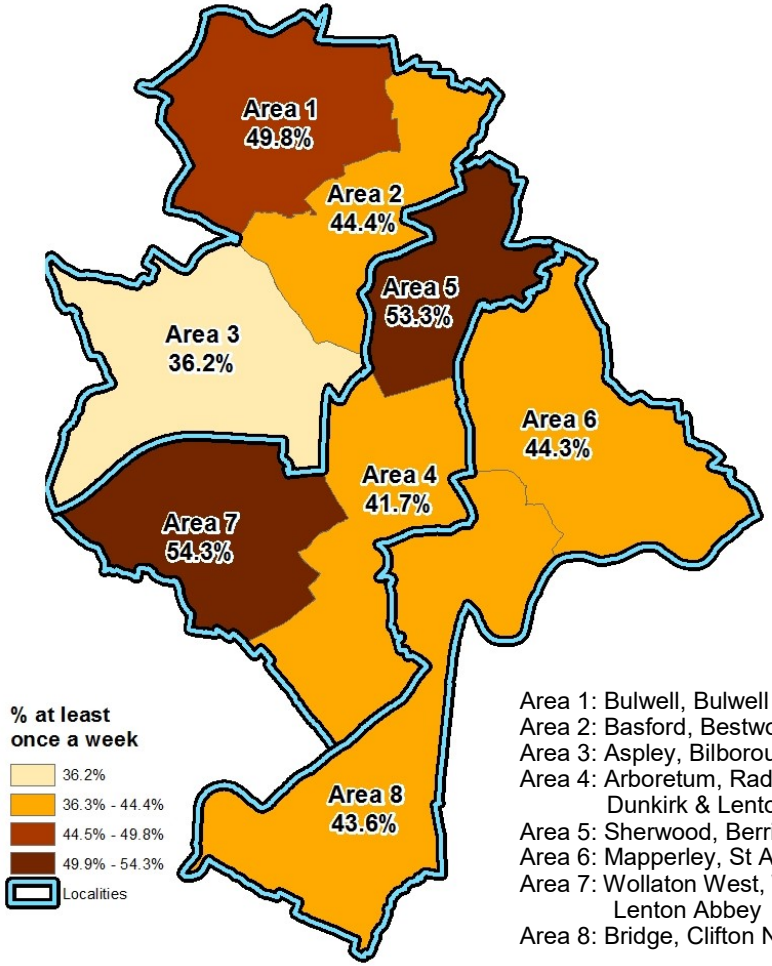
Opinion by gender



25: Visiting parks and open spaces

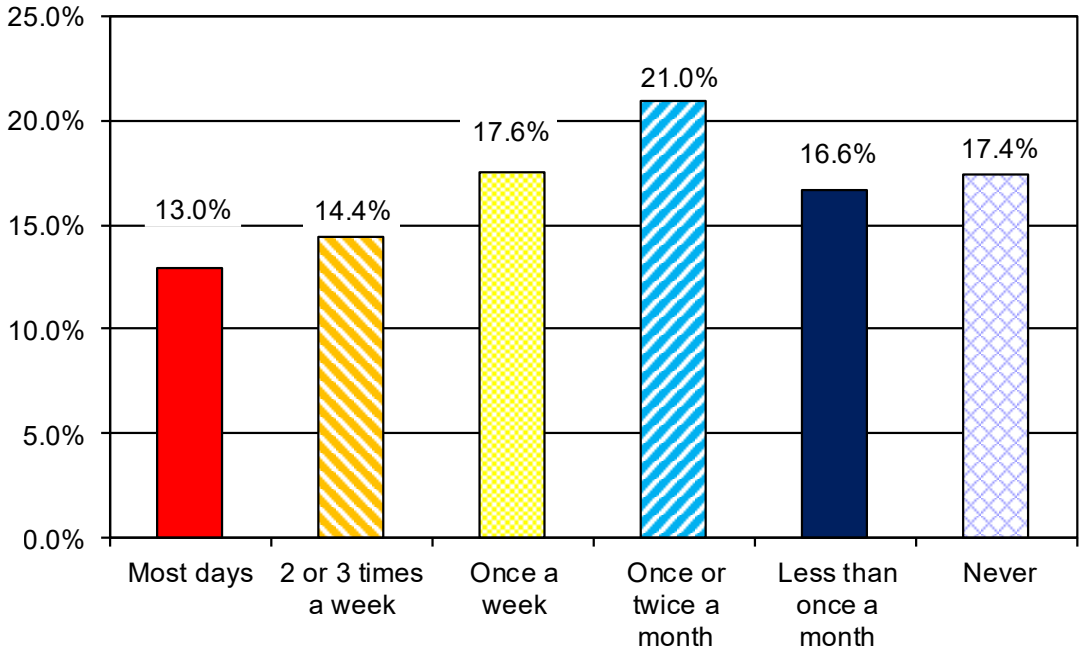
Headline: 45% visited a park or open space at least once a week

Percentage of respondents who used/ visited a park or open space at least once a week



Area 1: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest
Area 2: Basford, Bestwood
Area 3: Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley
Area 4: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton
Area 5: Sherwood, Berridge
Area 6: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales
Area 7: Wollaton West, Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey
Area 8: Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

Used/ visited a park or open space

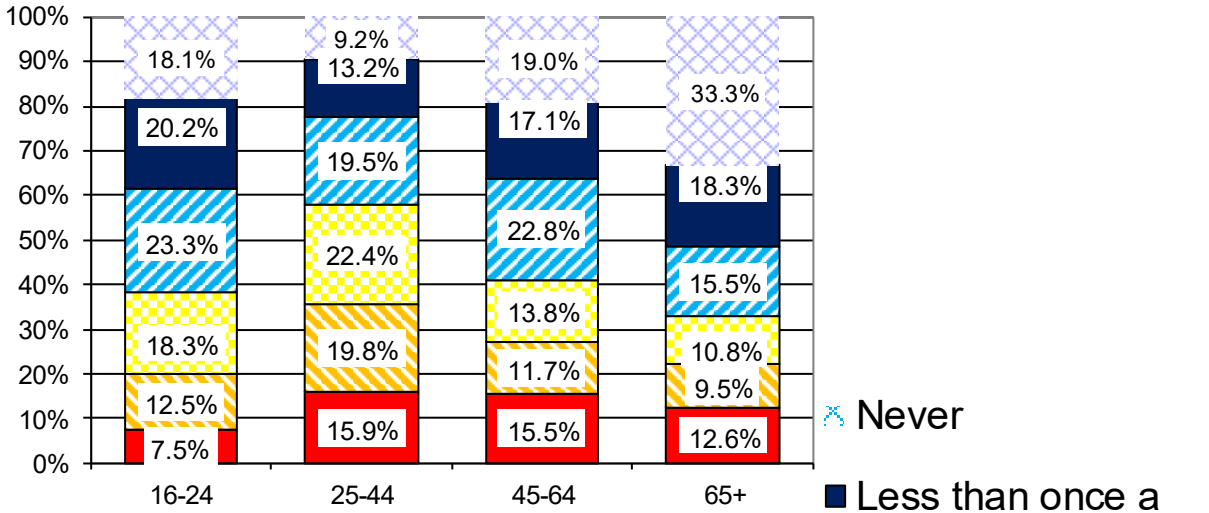


Based on 2,016 respondents in total. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

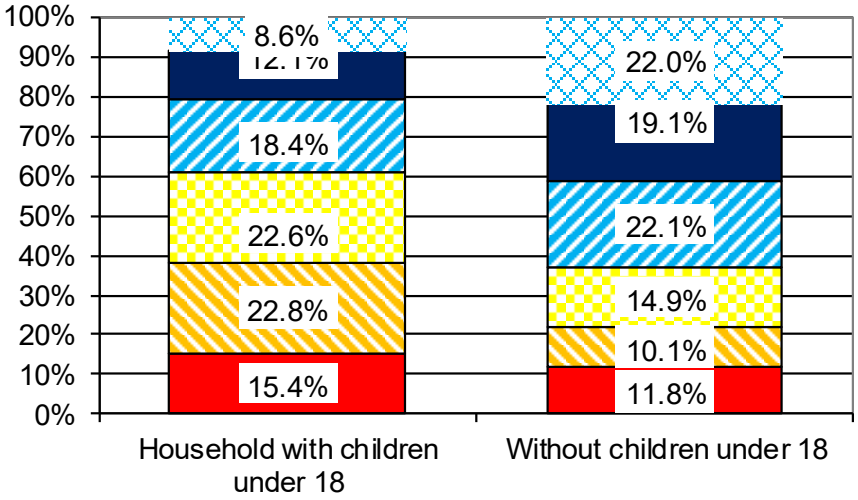
Key Points

- More than half of the respondents in Areas 5 and 7 visit a park or open space at least once a week.
- Households with children and people aged 25 to 44 were the most likely groups to use a park at least once a week.
- A third of people aged over 65 never use parks or open spaces.

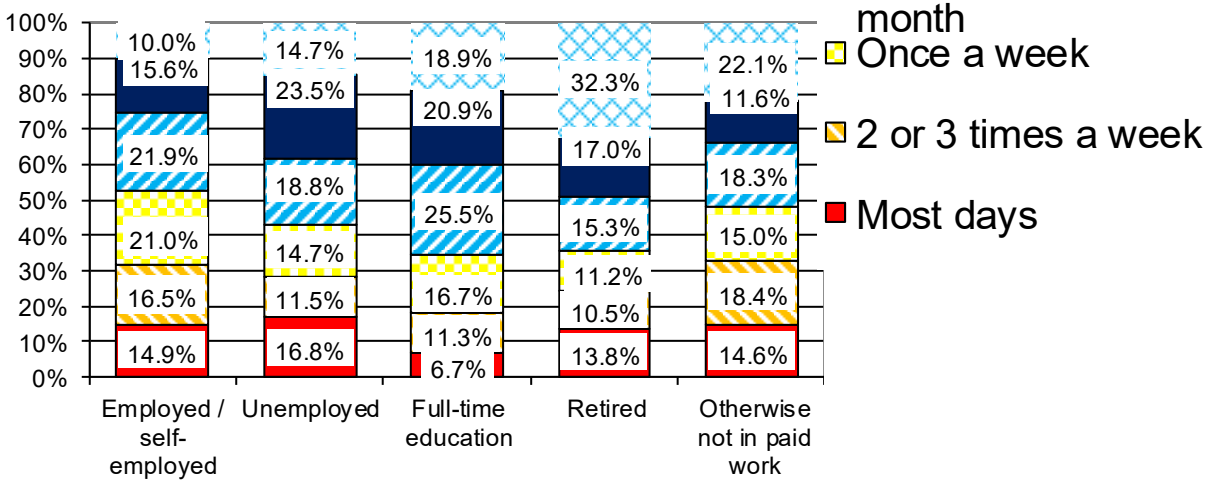
Opinion by age



Opinion by children in household



Opinion by employment status



Never

Less than once a month

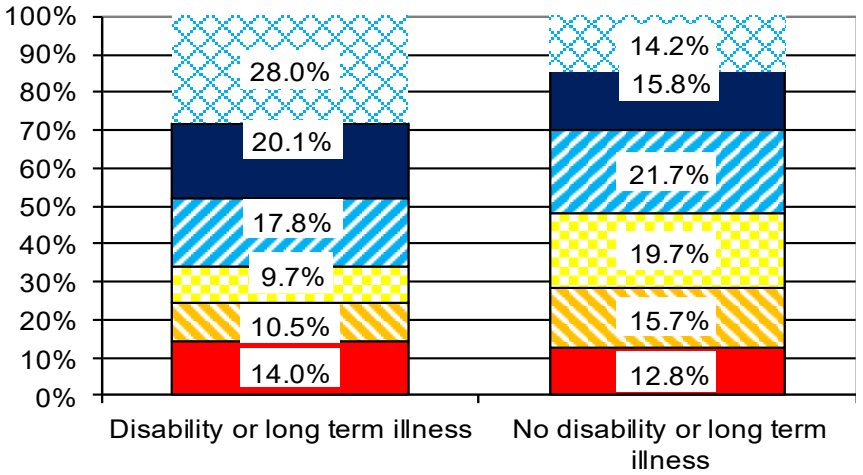
Once or twice a month

Once a week

2 or 3 times a week

Most days

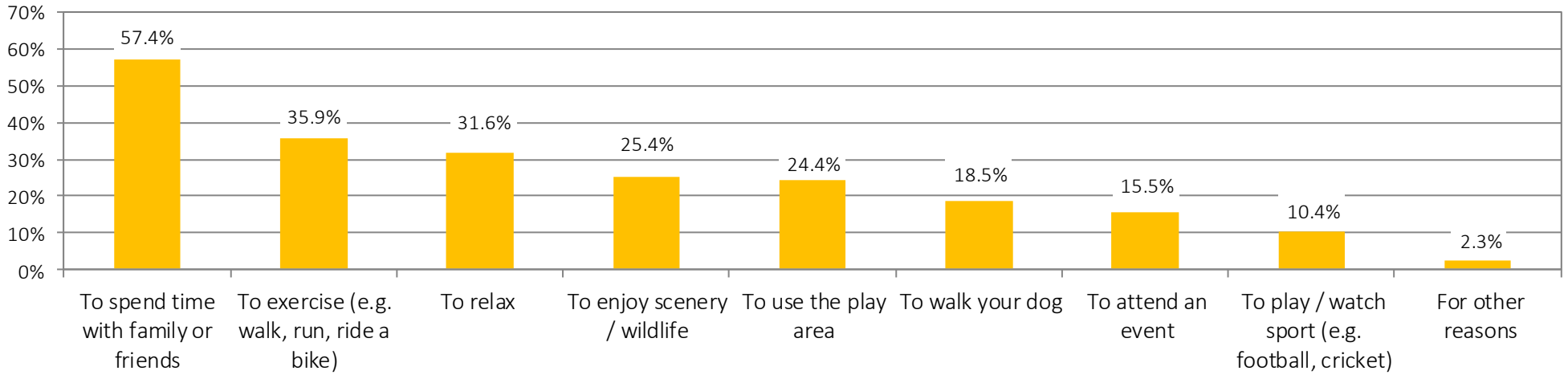
Opinion by disability or long term illness



26: Reasons why people visit parks and open spaces

Headline: 57% use parks and open spaces to spend time with friends and family

Reasons given by respondents as to why they visit or use parks or open spaces.



Reasons given by respondents as to why they visit or use parks or open spaces by area

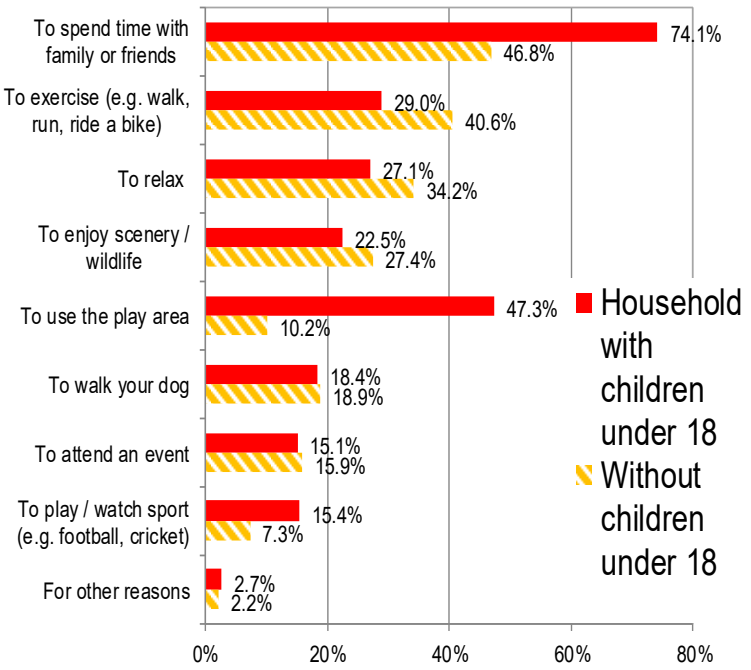
	To spend time with family or friends	To exercise (e.g. walk, run, ride a bike)	To relax	To enjoy scenery / wildlife	To use the play area	To walk your dog	To attend an event	To play / watch sport (e.g. foot-ball, cricket)	For other reasons
Area 1	54.3%	32.7%	23.7%	19.4%	25.5%	29.3%	11.1%	5.7%	2.7%
Area 2	61.3%	30.7%	25.5%	28.0%	35.3%	24.3%	8.6%	8.1%	0.0%
Area 3	61.2%	27.9%	20.9%	18.8%	30.9%	23.2%	8.6%	9.9%	1.0%
Area 4	56.3%	39.6%	47.9%	32.3%	15.0%	6.9%	16.9%	14.1%	1.4%
Area 5	60.1%	42.0%	30.3%	25.8%	24.8%	14.2%	25.8%	14.1%	2.6%
Area 6	55.9%	31.9%	26.6%	22.6%	23.9%	21.7%	14.4%	9.9%	4.2%
Area 7	52.6%	58.9%	42.4%	38.4%	23.9%	14.2%	27.3%	13.4%	3.2%
Area 8	57.0%	29.8%	30.6%	19.4%	22.9%	20.0%	13.2%	6.8%	3.1%
TOTAL	**57.4%**	**35.9%**	**31.6%**	**25.4%**	**24.4%**	**18.5%**	**15.5%**	**10.4%**	**2.3%**
Ranking	Highest ranked	Rank 2 to 5							

Based on 1,656 respondents to this question. Figures do not total 100% as respondents could choose more than one option. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical

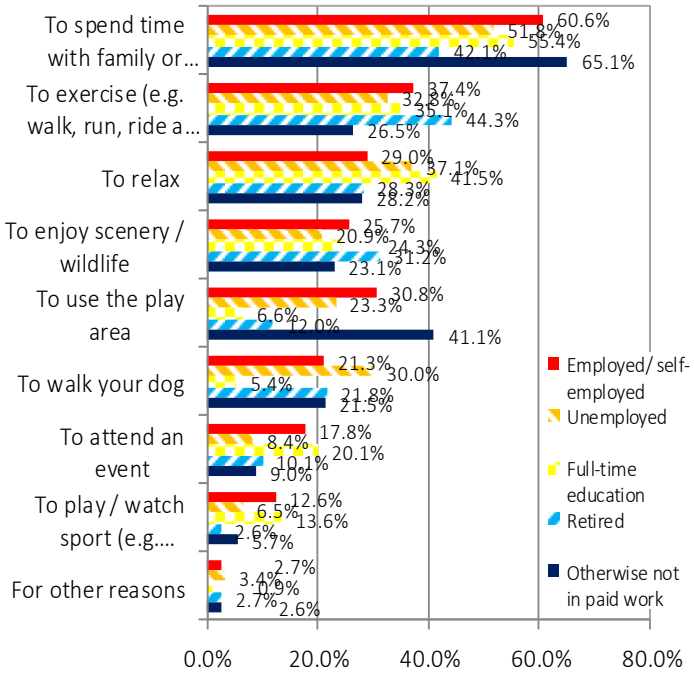
Key Points

- 57.4% of respondents use parks and open spaces to spend time with friends and family.
- This is the most popular reason in all Areas except Area 7, where exercising is the most popular reason. Exercising is the second most popular reason overall.
- Using play areas ranks highly for households with children, and people otherwise not in paid work.
- Retired people are most likely to use parks and open spaces to exercise.
- People in Areas 5 and 7 were the most likely to visit a park or open space to attend an event.

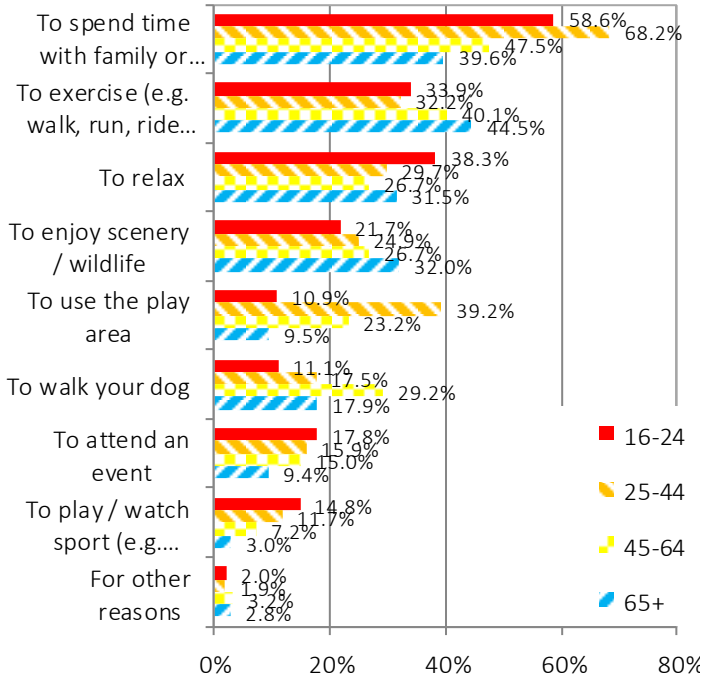
Reasons by households with children



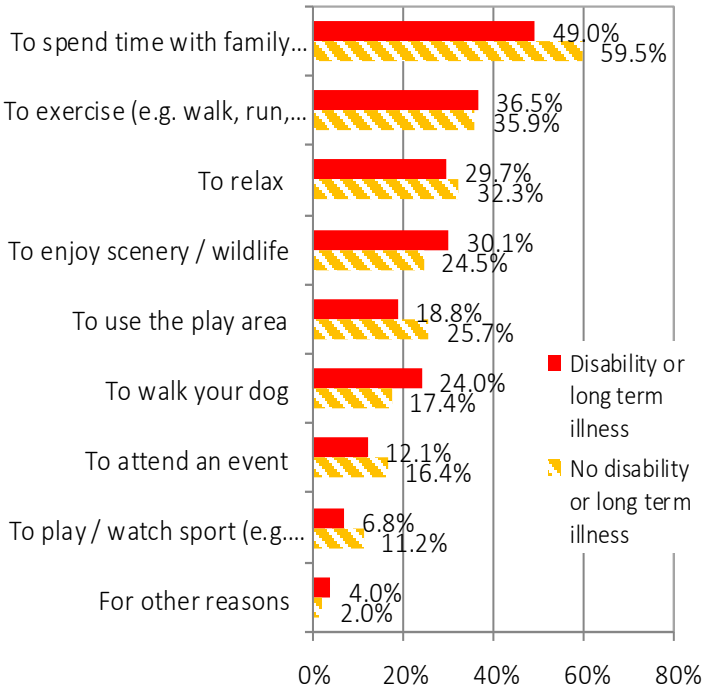
Reasons by employment status



Reasons by age



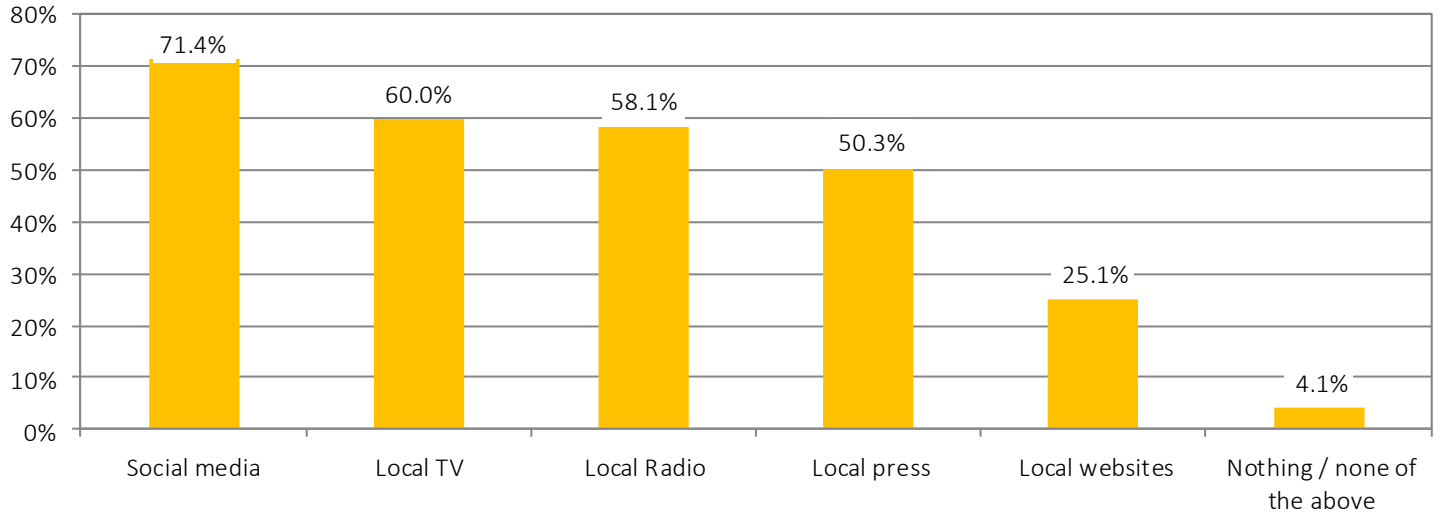
Reasons by disability or long term illness



27: Media that people regularly view or listen to

Headline: 71% use social media regularly

Percentage of respondents who watch, read, listen to or visit the following media.



Percentage of respondents who watch, read, listen to or visit the following media by area

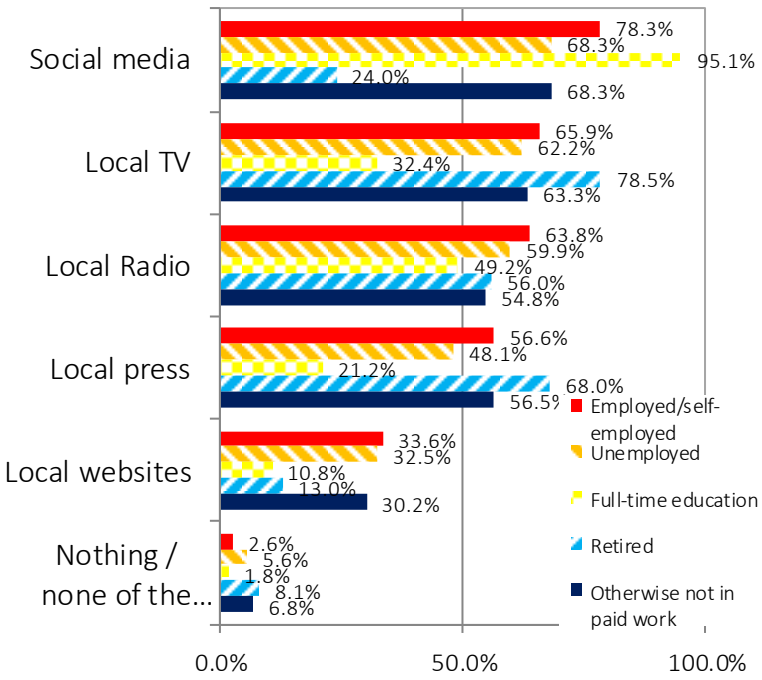
	Social media	Local TV	Local Radio	Local press	Local websites	Nothing / none of the above
Area 1	64.8%	68.6%	68.4%	53.3%	24.3%	3.7%
Area 2	67.4%	76.8%	72.3%	53.4%	33.4%	2.8%
Area 3	64.5%	70.4%	67.1%	62.7%	21.2%	6.1%
Area 4	80.4%	45.9%	50.8%	33.6%	19.5%	2.8%
Area 5	80.5%	52.2%	48.3%	55.4%	32.6%	4.2%
Area 6	71.2%	62.9%	53.5%	56.1%	30.6%	2.5%
Area 7	68.5%	55.7%	53.2%	46.2%	20.5%	3.3%
Area 8	68.2%	56.6%	58.9%	47.4%	20.7%	7.4%
TOTAL	**71.4%**	**60.0%**	**58.1%**	**50.3%**	**25.1%**	**4.1%**
Ranking	Highest ranked	Rank 2 to 5				

Based on 1,970 respondents to this question. Figures do not total 100% as respondents could choose more than one option. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

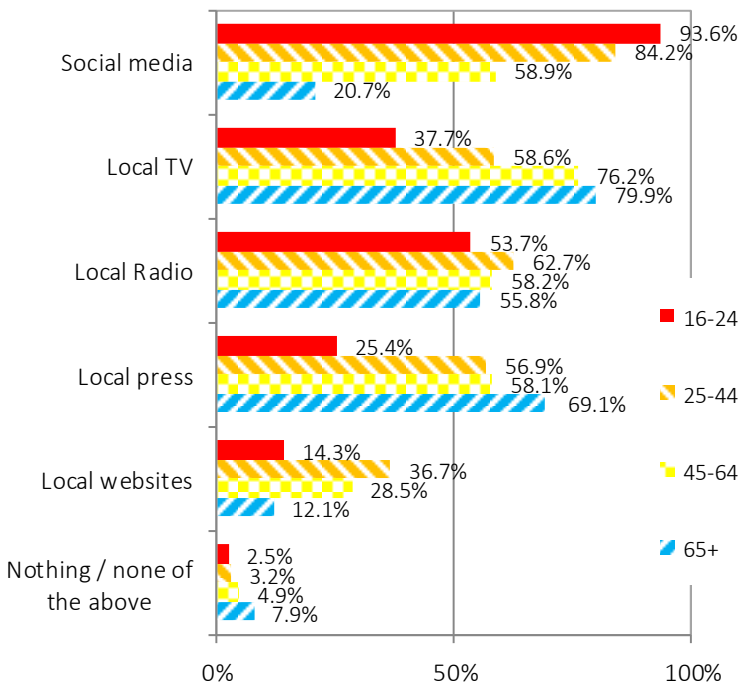
Key Points

- 71.4% of respondents use Social Media with Facebook (55.8%) and YouTube (44.5%) being the most popular.
- Local TV is the second most popular option overall although it has fallen by 8.6 percentage points since the 2016 Survey.
- There is a strong age divide, with the 16-24 and 25-44 age groups heavily favouring Social Media and picking local Radio before local TV. The 45-64 and over 65 age groups are most likely to view local TV. Also, people with a disability or long term illness are less likely to use Social Media than people without a disability.
- Those aged 65+ are most likely to read the local press (69.1%) and households with children are most likely to visit local websites (38.9%).

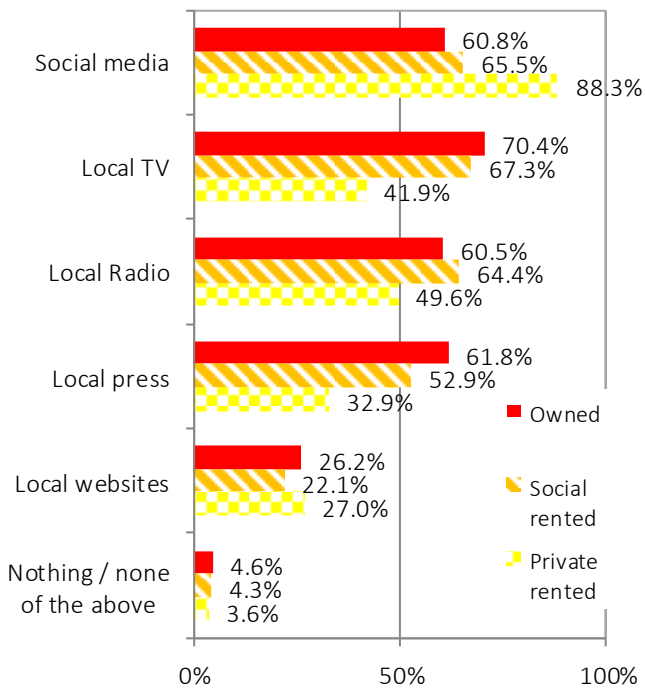
Awareness by employment status



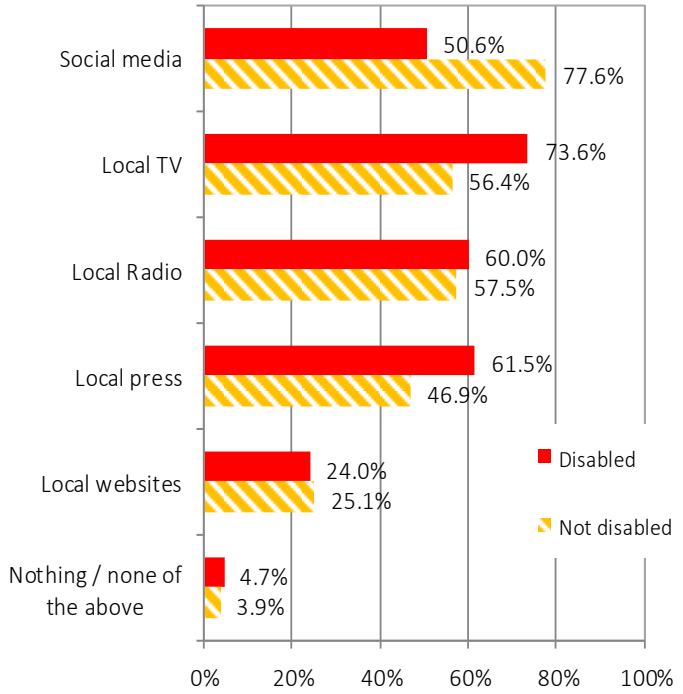
Awareness by age



Awareness by housing tenure



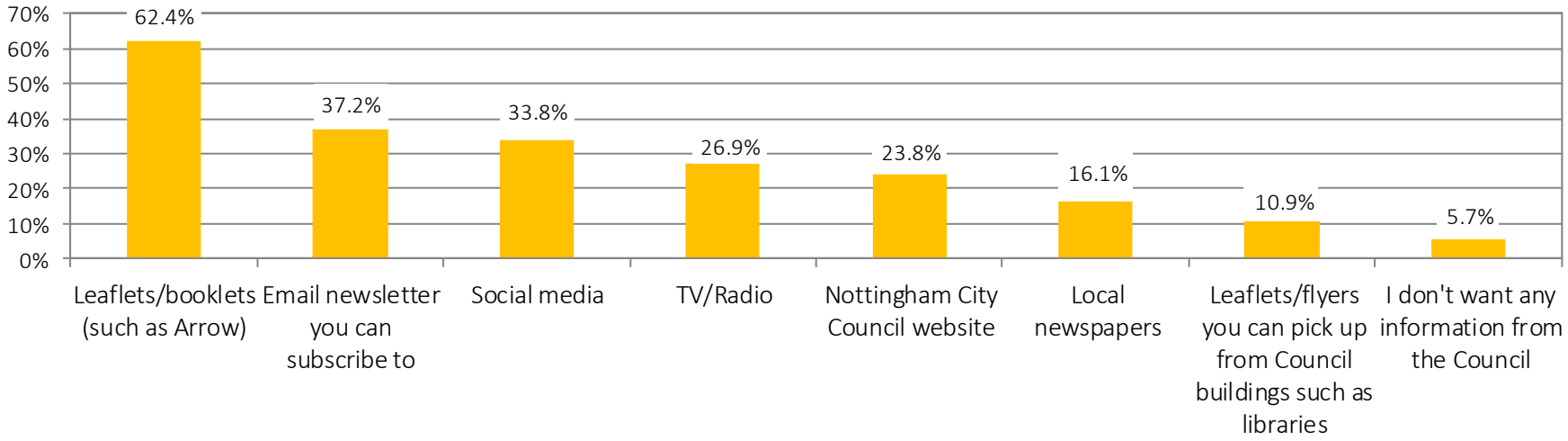
Awareness by disability or long term illness



28: Preferences for receiving information from the Council

Headline: 62% prefer to receive leaflets or booklets such as the Arrow

Method by which respondents prefer to receive Council information .



Method by which respondents prefer to receive Council information by area

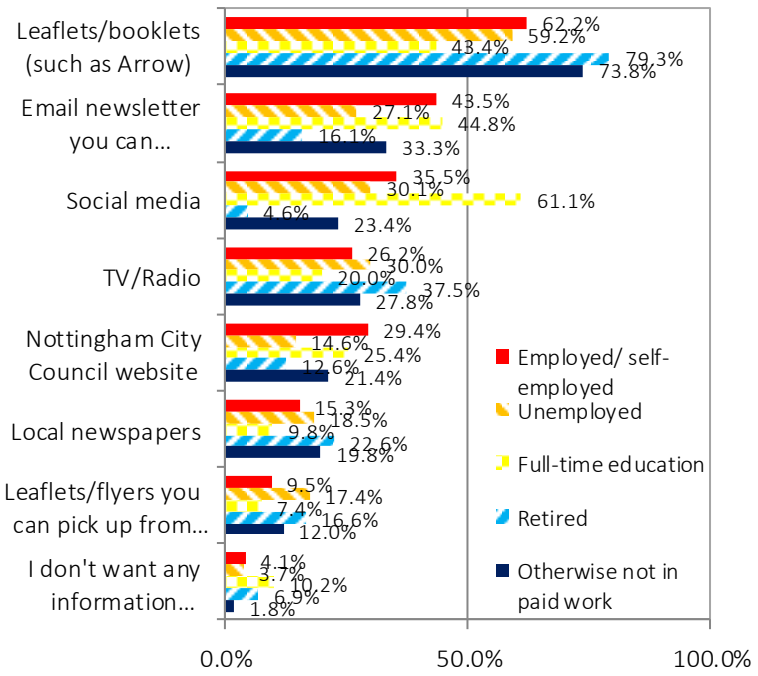
	Leaflets/booklets (such as Arrow)	Email newsletter you can subscribe to	Social media	TV/Radio	Nottingham City Council website	Local newspapers	I don't want any information from the Council
Area 1	67.4%	34.8%	31.3%	39.9%	27.5%	21.6%	4.7%
Area 2	73.5%	32.7%	28.9%	36.3%	18.2%	14.5%	1.5%
Area 3	69.1%	30.7%	25.1%	26.1%	17.5%	20.9%	4.8%
Area 4	55.2%	44.5%	49.8%	24.8%	29.1%	14.4%	10.7%
Area 5	59.6%	43.4%	33.5%	17.6%	30.1%	14.8%	5.3%
Area 6	58.6%	35.1%	35.0%	23.6%	26.6%	13.6%	3.2%
Area 7	58.9%	40.2%	30.8%	27.6%	31.1%	11.2%	9.7%
Area 8	62.7%	34.8%	27.9%	26.3%	12.8%	18.0%	4.8%
TOTAL	**62.4%**	**37.2%**	**33.8%**	**26.9%**	**23.8%**	**16.1%**	**5.7%**
Ranking	Highest ranked	Rank 2 to 5					

Based on 1,990 respondents to this question. Figures do not total 100% as respondents could choose more than one option. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

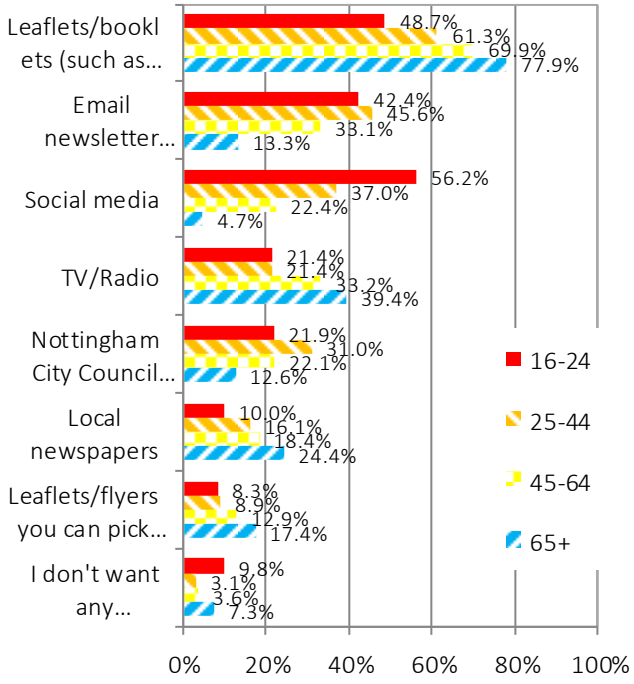
Key Points

- 62.4% of respondents prefer to receive leaflets or booklets to provide information from the Council. This was the preferred option for all areas and all groups except the 16-24 age group and people in full time education who preferred Social Media.
- Preferences varied strongly between age groups. The over 65s strongly prefer leaflets, TV/radio and local newspapers whereas younger groups favour email and social media, although leaflets remain the most popular option for all but the 16-24 age group.
- People with a long term illness or disability also prefer to get information from local TV, radio and press and, after retired people, are the least likely to use social media or email newsletters.
- People aged 25-44 and people in private rented accommodation are more likely to use the City Council website than other groups. The groups least likely to use the website are retired people and those in social rented housing.

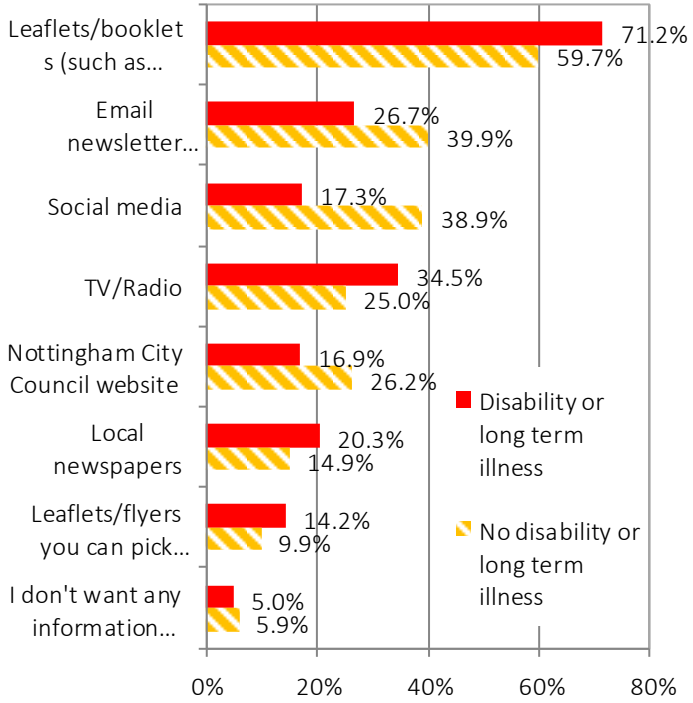
Awareness by employment status



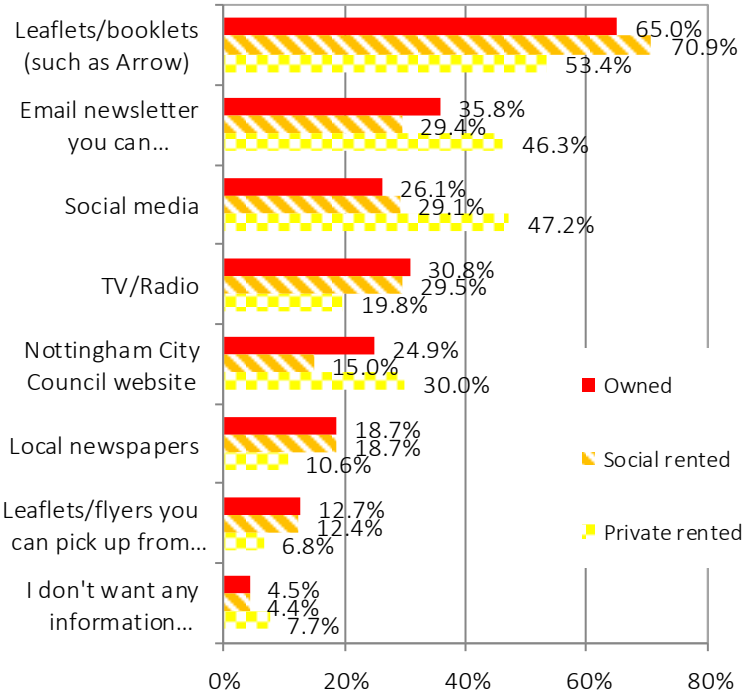
Awareness by age



Awareness by disability or long term illness



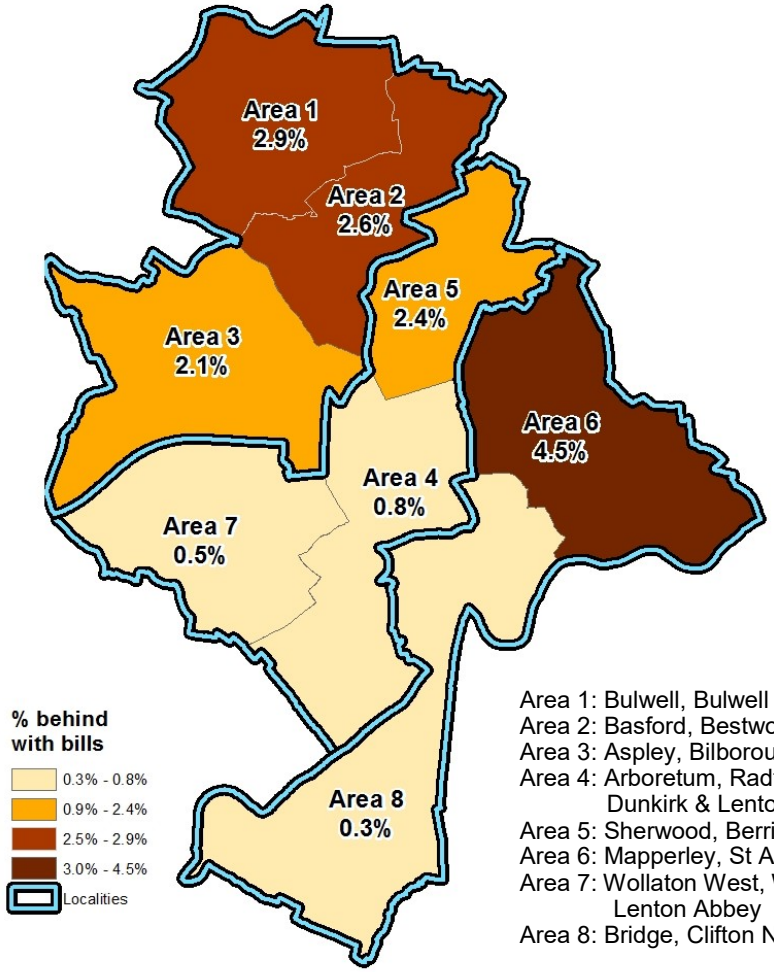
Awareness by housing tenure



29: Keeping up with bills

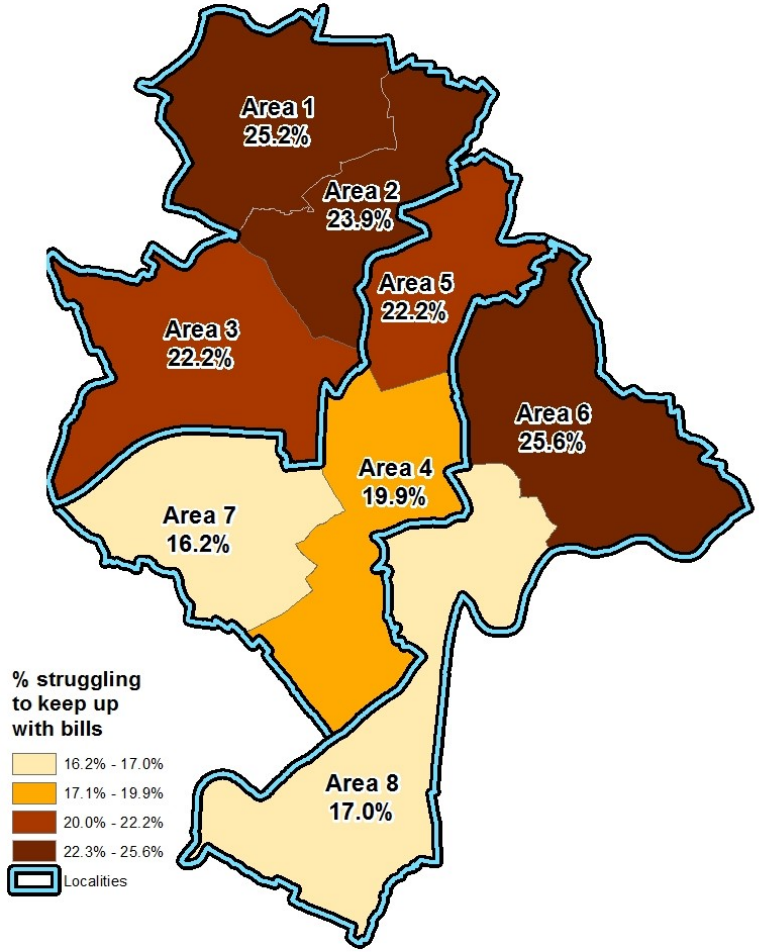
Headline: 24% struggling or not keeping up with bills

Percentage of respondents who have fallen behind with some or many bills



Area 1: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest
Area 2: Basford, Bestwood
Area 3: Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley
Area 4: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton
Area 5: Sherwood, Berridge
Area 6: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales
Area 7: Wollaton West, Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey
Area 8: Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

Percentage of respondents who struggle to keep up with bills constantly or from time to time

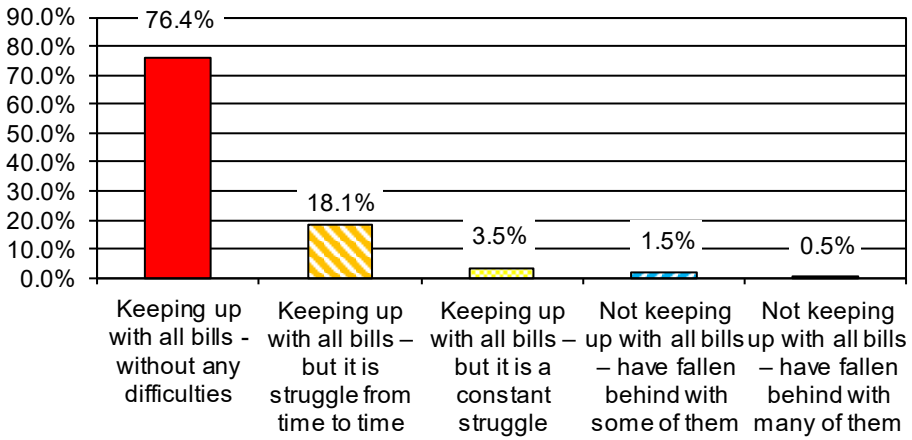


Based on 1,993 respondents in total. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

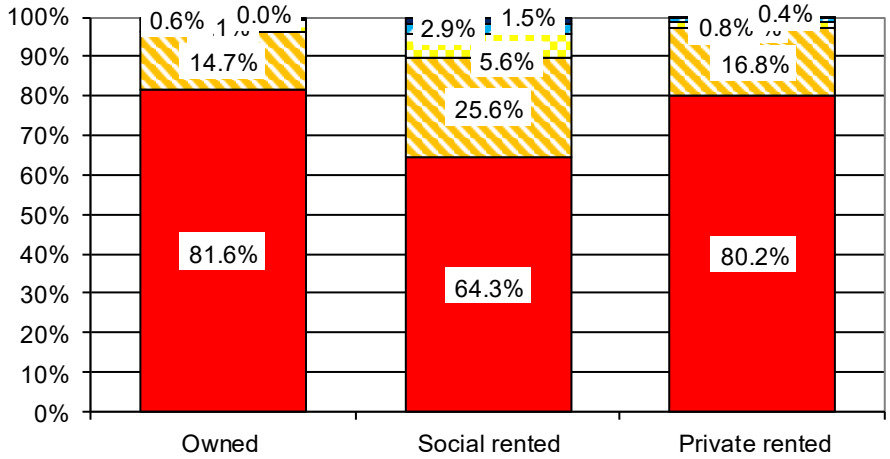
Key Points

- The proportion of people not keeping up with bills has increased to the highest level since the question was first asked in 2014.
- Over 30% of respondents in Area 6 were either not keeping up or struggling with bills. Area 7 had the lowest proportions.
- People who are unemployed or otherwise not in paid work are most likely to be struggling or not keeping up with bills. 7.4% of unemployed people have fallen behind with some or many bills.
- More than a quarter of employed respondents are struggling or not keeping up with bills.

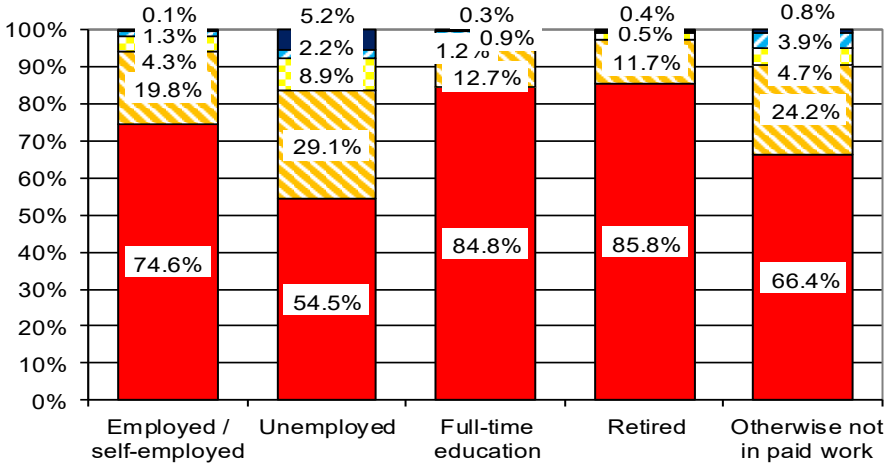
Keeping up with bills and credit commitments in the last year



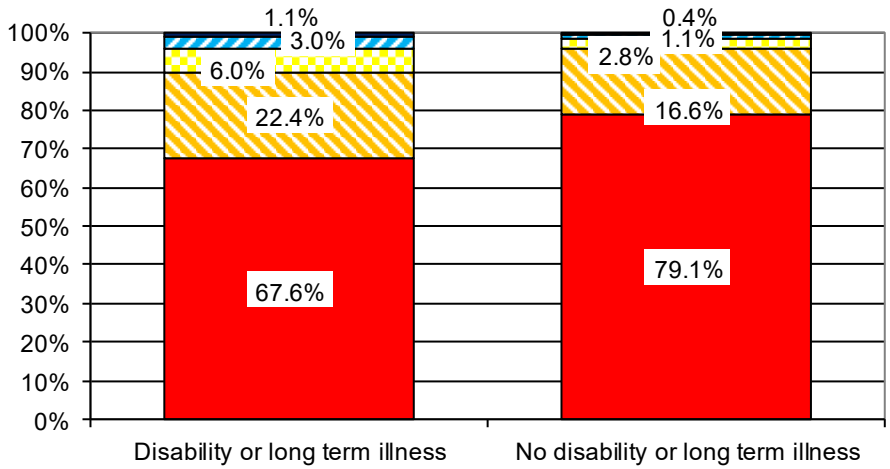
Keeping up with bills by tenure



Keeping up with bills by employment status



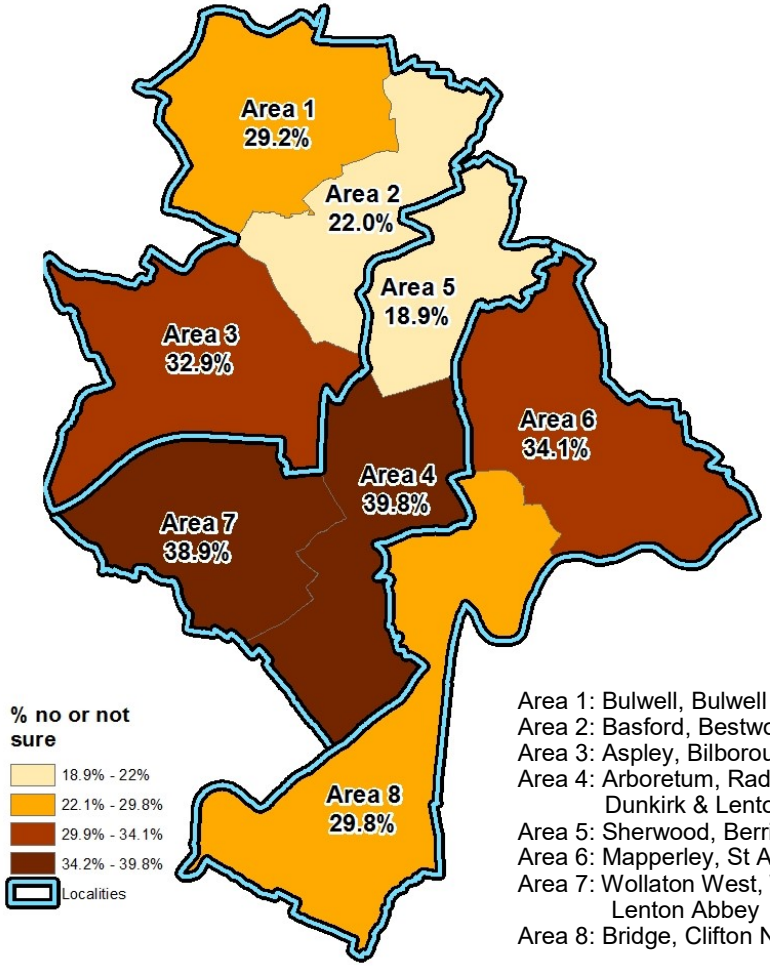
Keeping up with bills by disability or long term illness



30: Where to go for advice on financial hardship

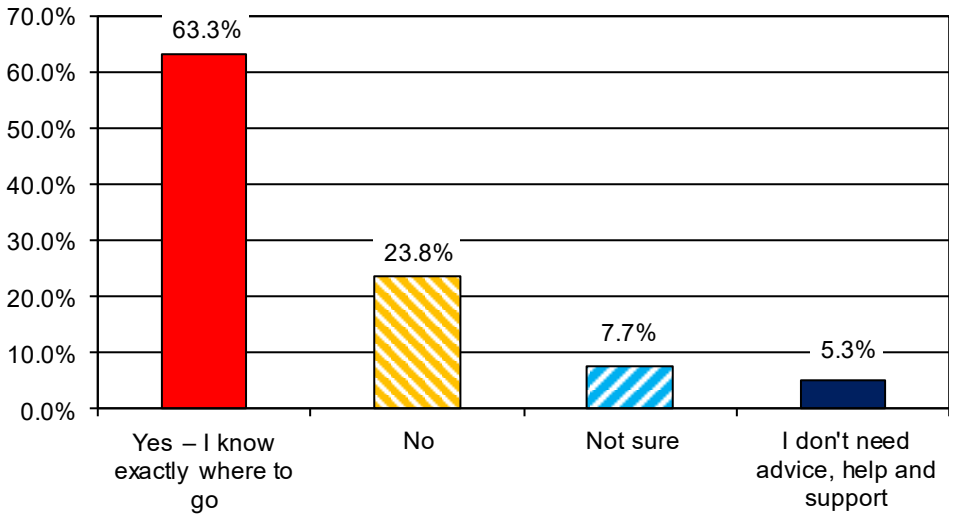
Headline: 31% do not know or are not sure where to go for advice, help and support if they are having difficulty paying bills

Percentage of respondents who did not know or were not sure where to go for advice, help and support



Area 1: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest
Area 2: Basford, Bestwood
Area 3: Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley
Area 4: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton
Area 5: Sherwood, Berridge
Area 6: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales
Area 7: Wollaton West, Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey
Area 8: Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

Know where to go for advice, help and support

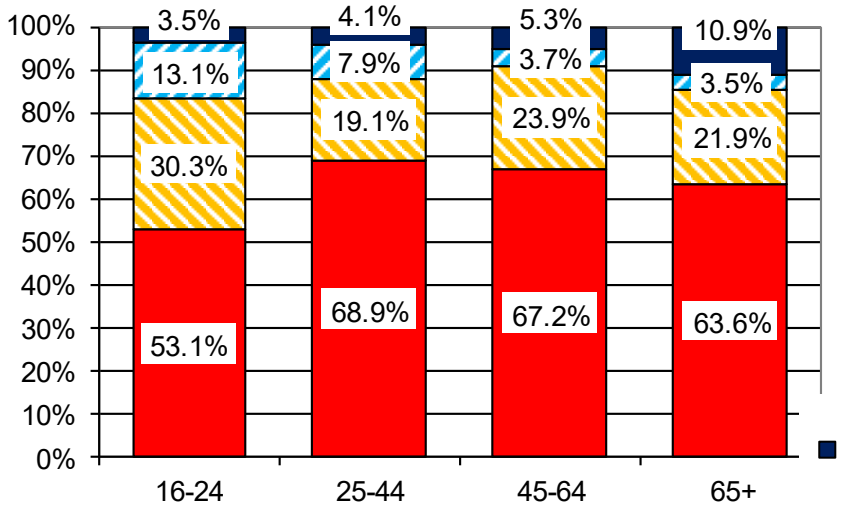


Based on 2,012 respondents in total. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

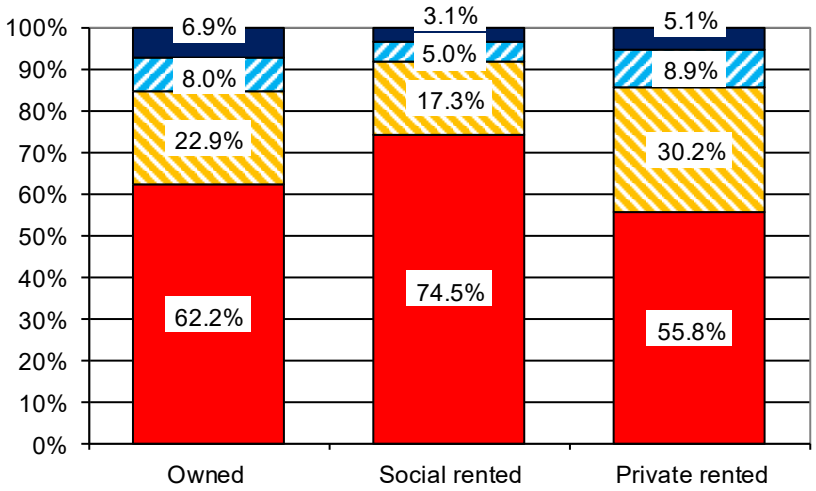
Key Points

- Areas 4 and 7 had the highest proportions of people who either did not know or were unsure where to access help, advice or support. Generally, knowledge about finding help and advice has improved since 2016.
- People in full time education were least likely to know where to access help, advice or support.
- Generally, the groups most likely to be struggling with bills has the best knowledge of where to access help. However, in all areas and for all groups, more than 20% of respondents did not know where to go to find advice, help or support.

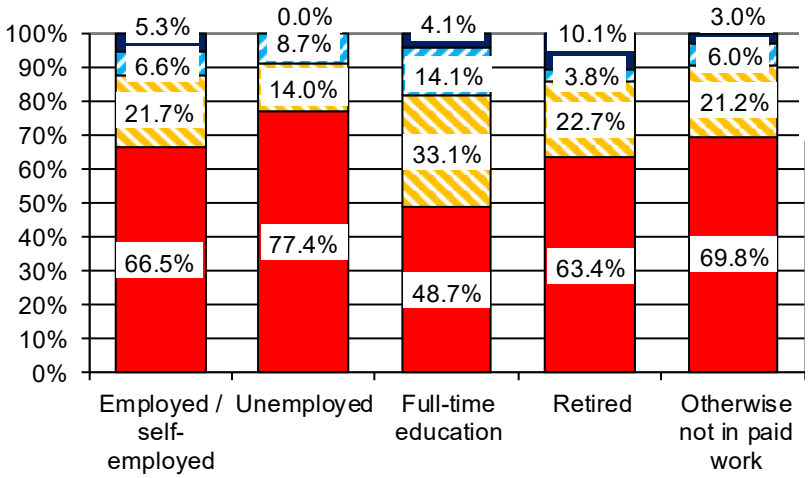
Opinion by age



Opinion by tenure



Opinion by employment status



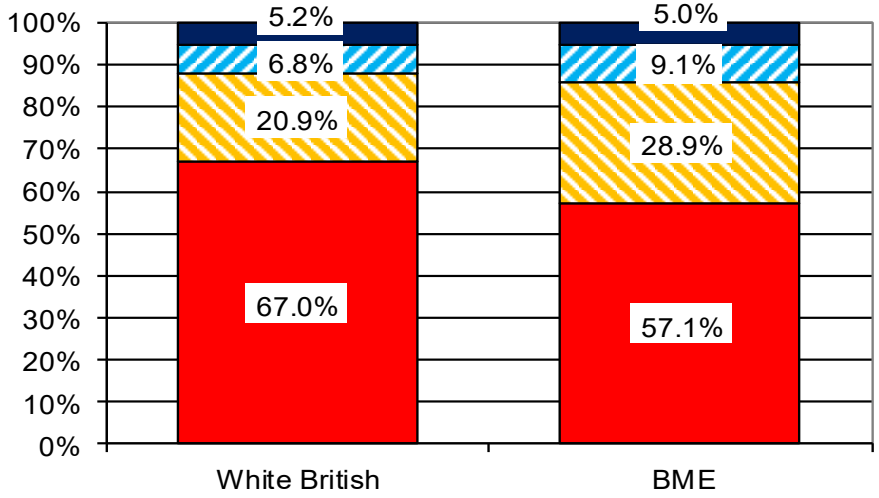
I don't need advice, help and support

Not sure

No

Yes – I know exactly where to go

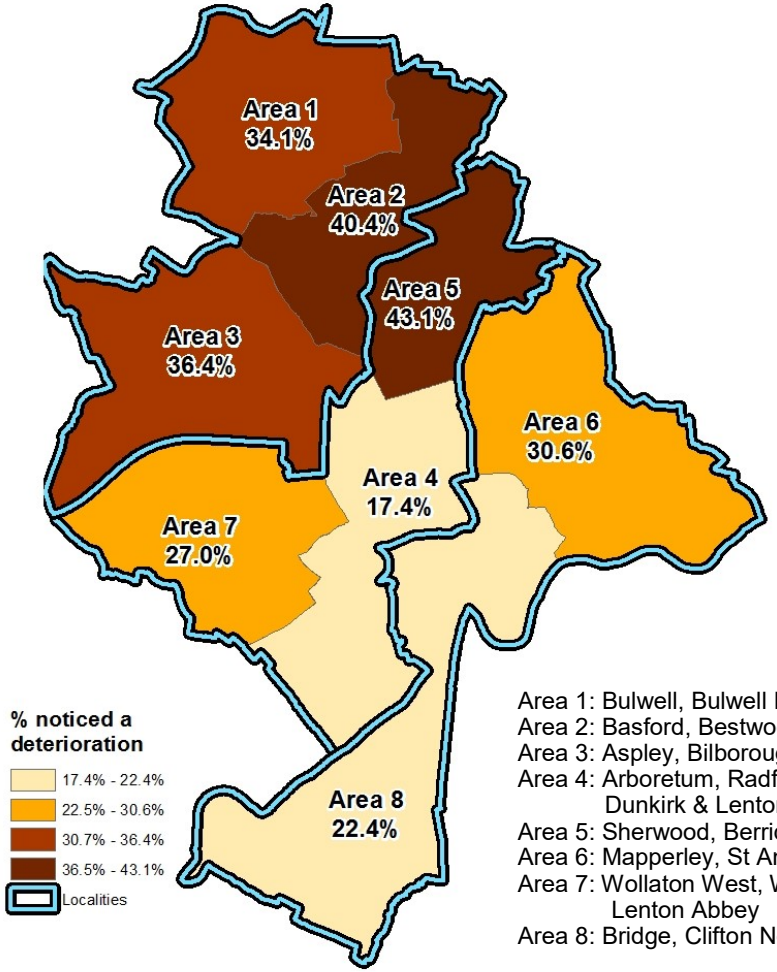
Opinion by ethnic group



31: Deterioration in services due to budget cuts

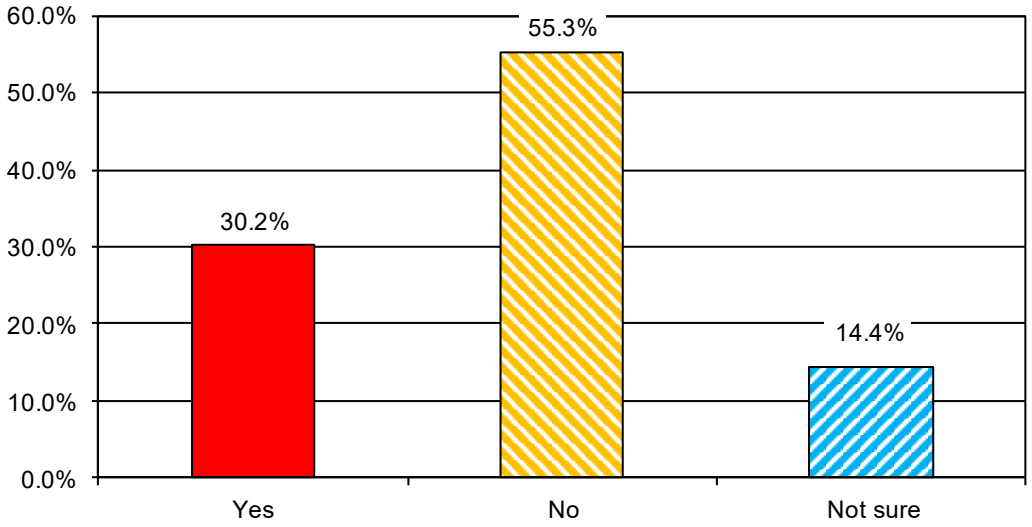
Headline: 30% have noticed a deterioration in Council services as a result of cuts to the Council's budget

Percentage of respondents have noticed a deterioration in Council services as a result of budget cuts



Area 1: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest
Area 2: Basford, Bestwood
Area 3: Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley
Area 4: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton
Area 5: Sherwood, Berridge
Area 6: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales
Area 7: Wollaton West, Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey
Area 8: Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

Have you noticed a deterioration in Council services in the last five years as a result of cuts to the Council's budget?

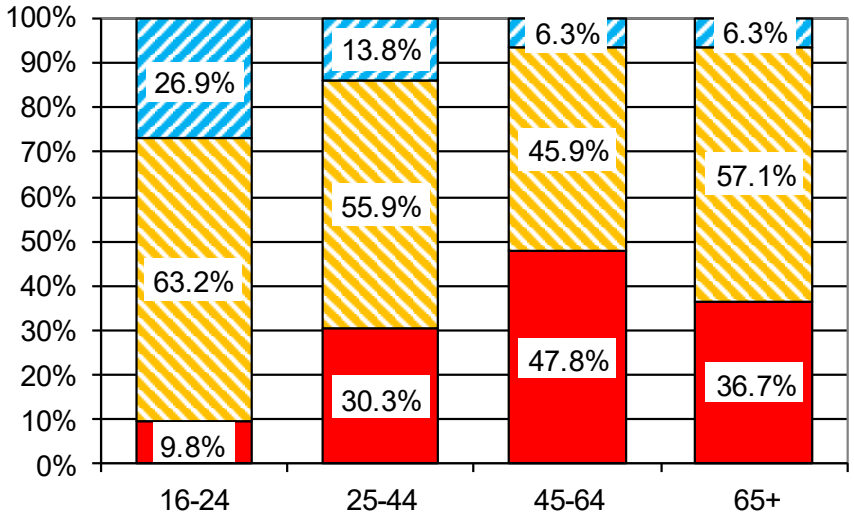


Based on 2,002 respondents in total. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

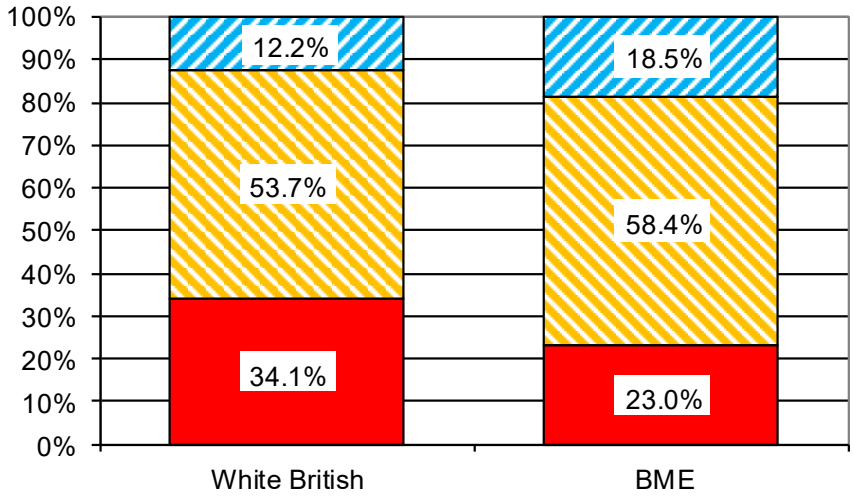
Key Points

- 30% of respondents have noticed a deterioration in Council services. The proportion has increased in every Area except Area 8.
- People aged 45-64 were mostly likely to have noticed a deterioration in Council services and those in full time education the least likely, although people in full time education were the most likely to reply 'Not sure'.
- People with a disability or long term illness were more likely to notice a deterioration than those without.

Opinion by age

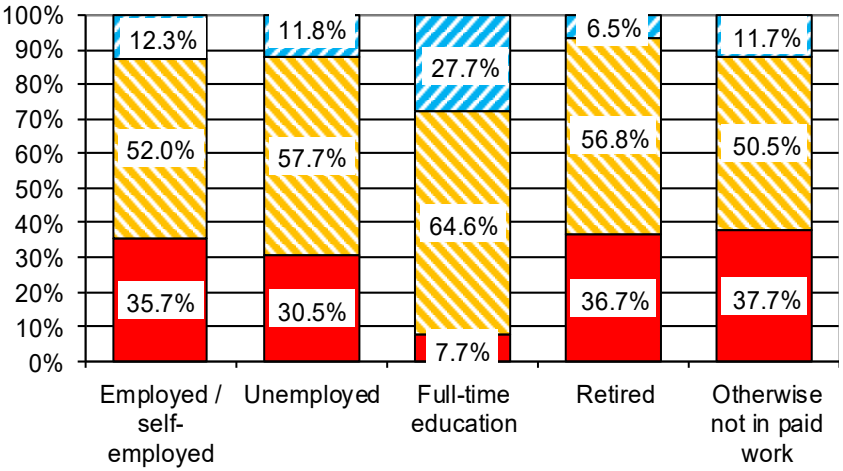


Opinion by ethnic group

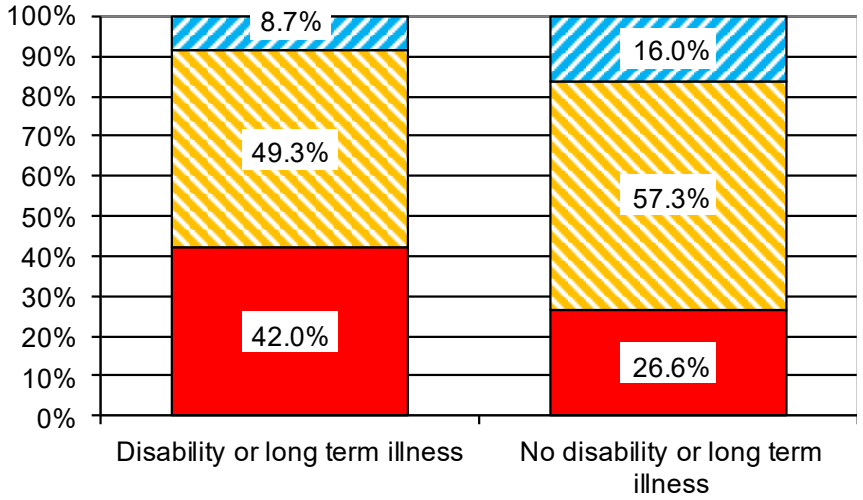


Not sure
No
Yes

Opinion by employment status



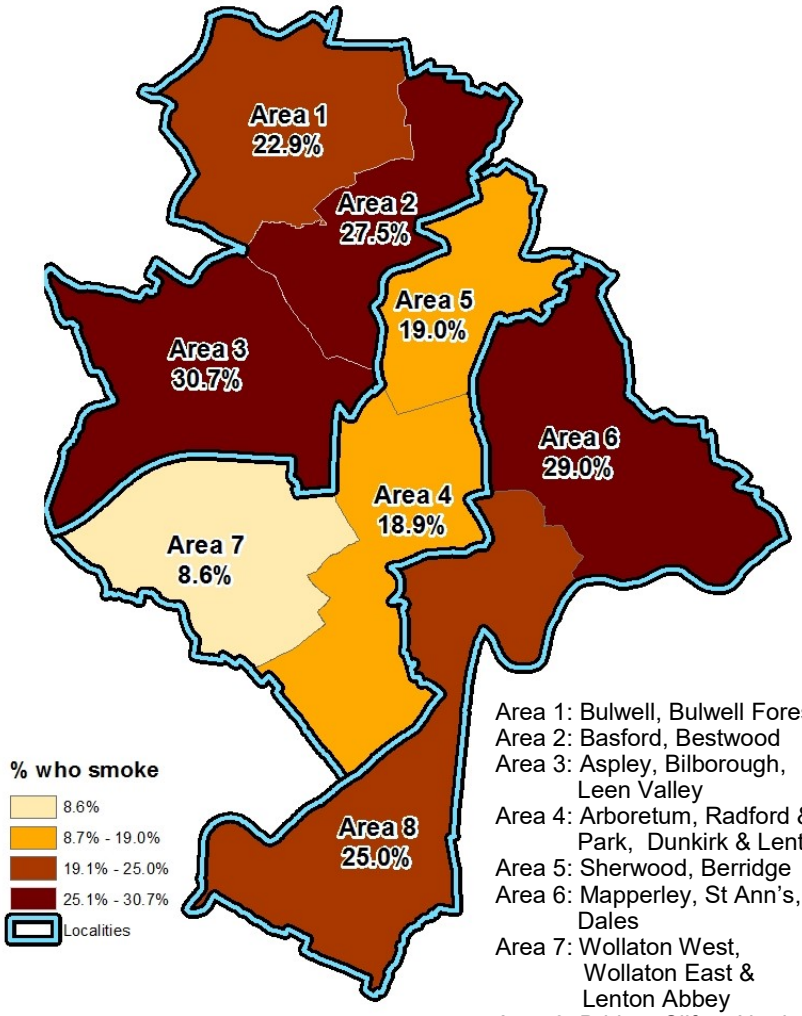
Opinion by disability or long term illness



32: Smoking

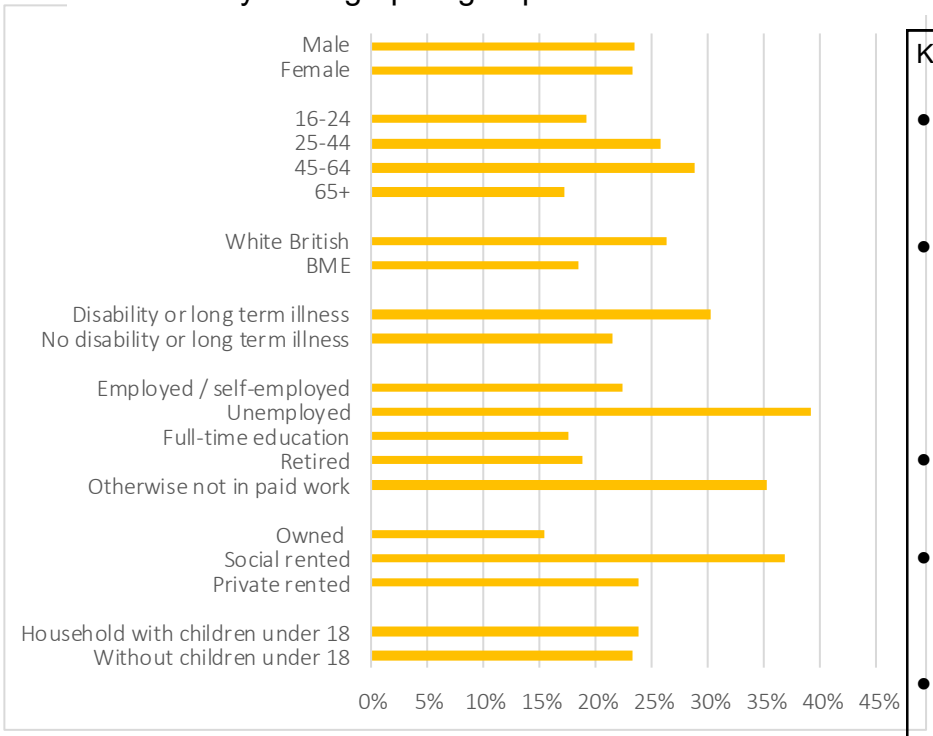
Headline: Smoking rate falls to 23%

Percentage of respondents who smoke.

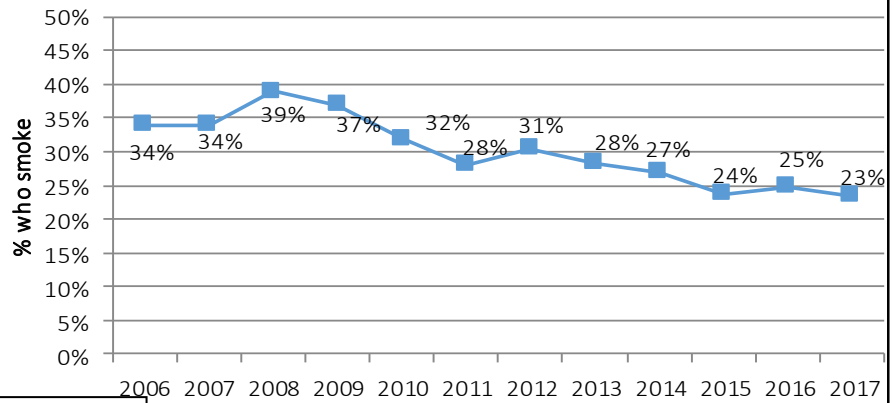


Area 1: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest
Area 2: Basford, Bestwood
Area 3: Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley
Area 4: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton
Area 5: Sherwood, Berridge
Area 6: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales
Area 7: Wollaton West, Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey
Area 8: Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

Smokers by demographic group



City Change over time (percentage who smoke)

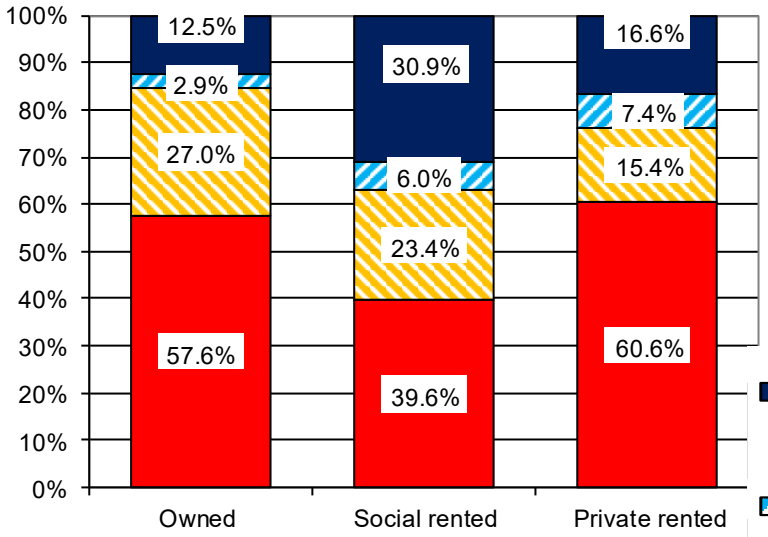


Key Points

- The proportion of smokers is broadly unchanged since 2015.
- In England, 15.5% of people smoke. This increases to 16.1% in the East Midlands (2016 Annual Population Survey).
- Areas 3 has the highest proportion of smokers.
- Unemployed people are most likely to smoke (39.2%).
- More than 35% of people who are unemployed or 'Otherwise not in paid employment' smoke.
- Home owners and people in full time education are the least likely groups to smoke.
- White British people are more likely to smoke than those from BME groups.

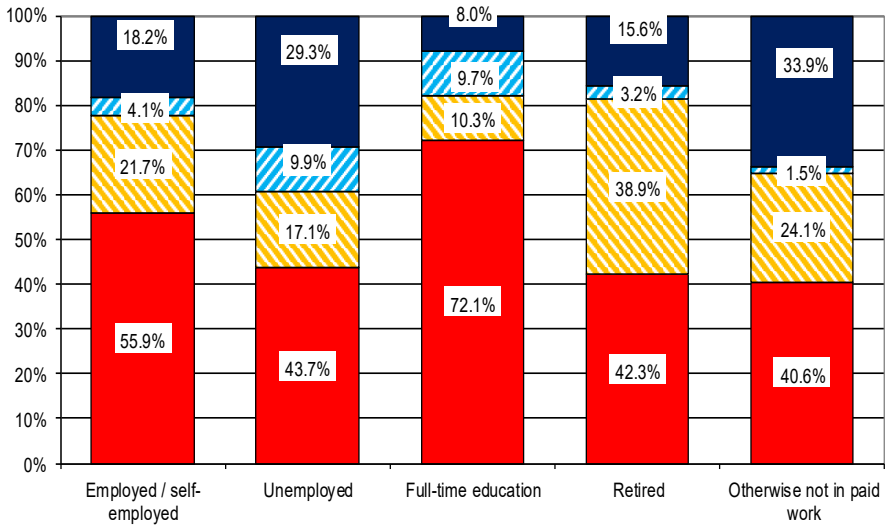
Based on 1,998 respondents in total. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

Smoking behaviour by housing tenure

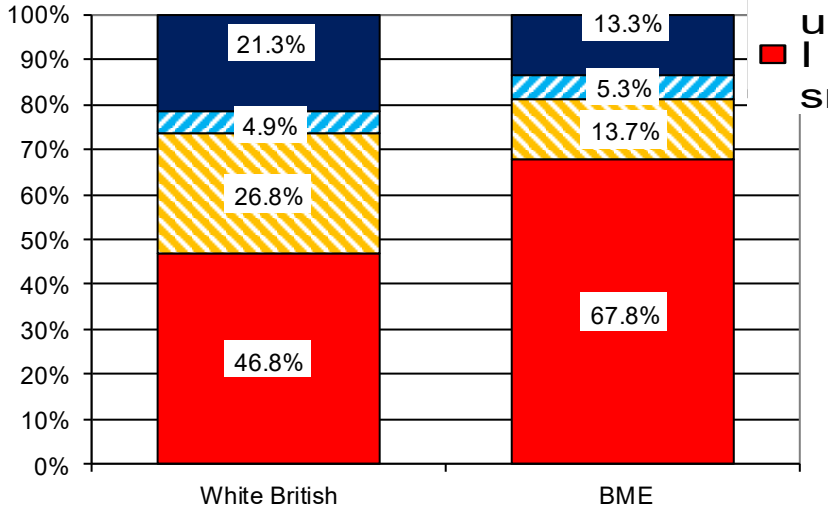




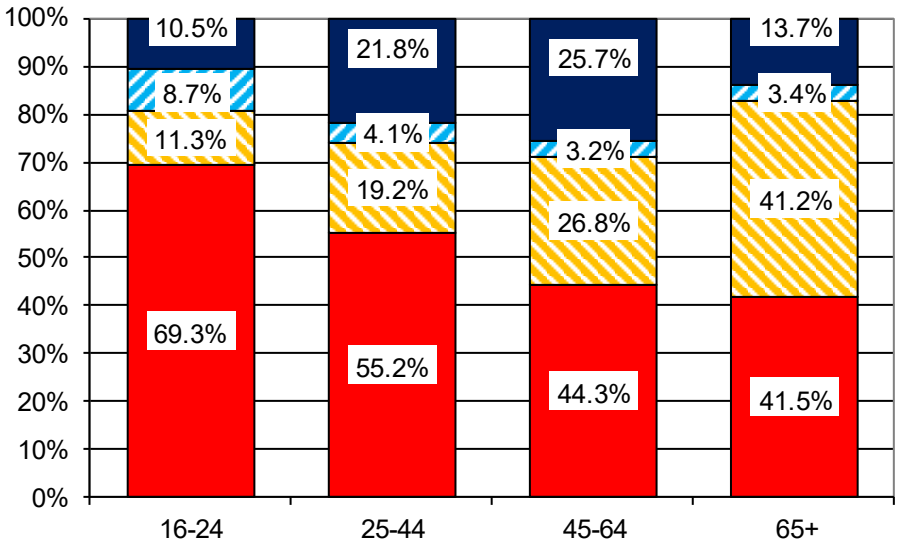
Smoking behaviour by employment status



Smoking behaviour by ethnic group



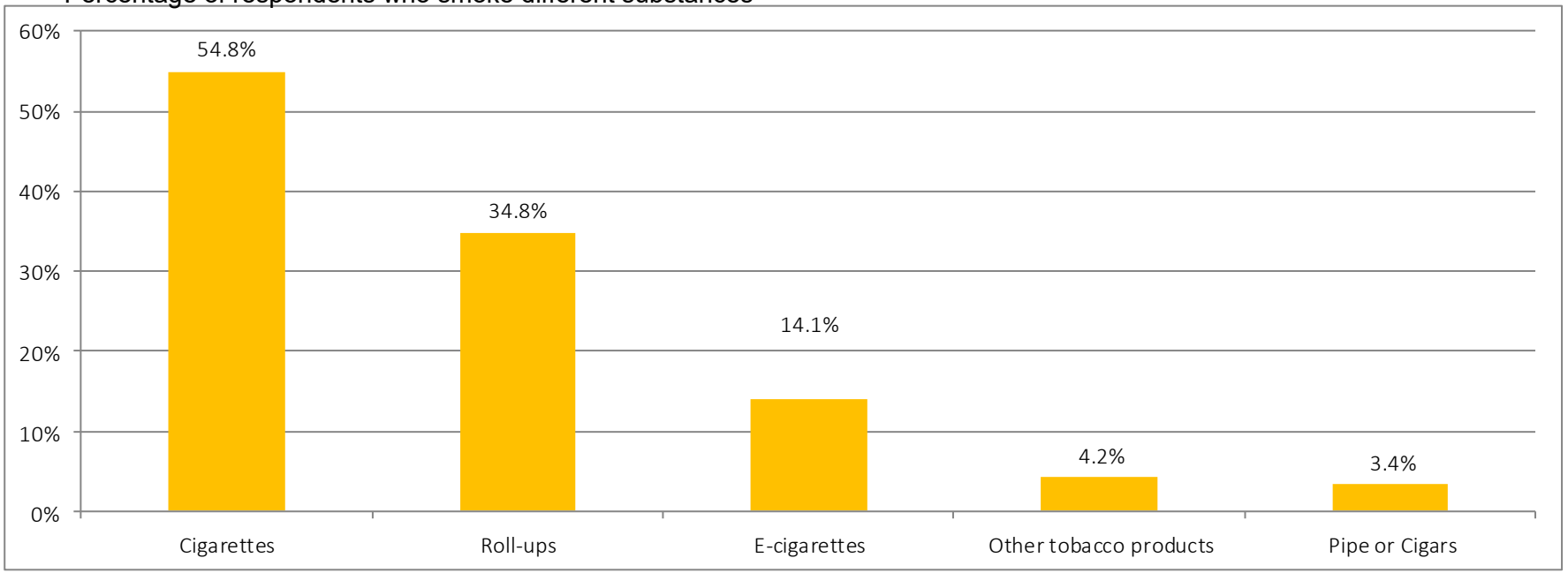
Smoking behaviour by age



33: What do people smoke

Headline: 54.8% of smokers, smoke cigarettes

Percentage of respondents who smoke different substances



Smoking substances by locality

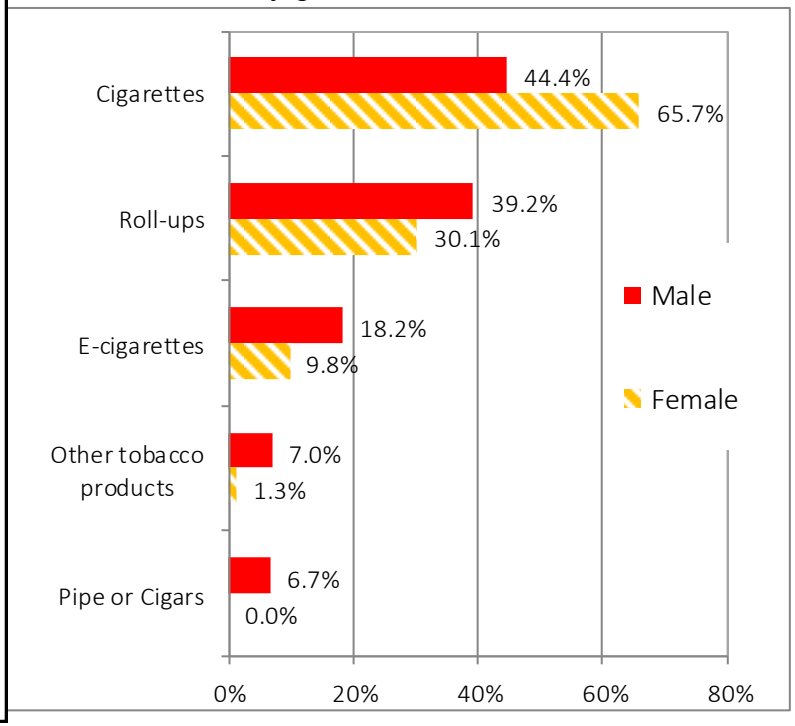
	Cigarettes	Roll-ups	E-cigarettes	Other tobacco products	Pipe or Cigars
North (Areas 1,2,3)	55.2%	35.6%	12.9%	3.4%	2.7%
Central (Areas 4, 5, 7)	54.6%	31.3%	15.8%	6.0%	4.6%
South (Areas 6,8)	54.6%	36.5%	14.0%	3.8%	3.3%
City Total	54.8%	34.8%	14.1%	4.2%	3.4%

Based on 519 respondents to this question. Figures do not total 100% as respondents could choose more than one option. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

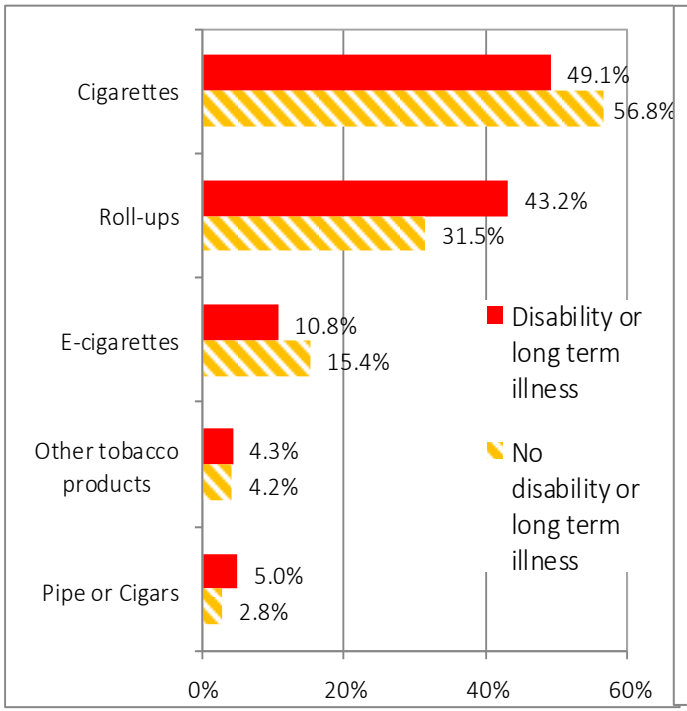
Key Points

- In all localities smokers are most likely to use cigarettes (54.8%) followed by roll-ups (34.8%) and E-cigarettes (14.8%).
- The proportion of people smoking cigarettes and roll-ups fell in 2016 and there was an increase in people smoking e-cigarettes.
- Women, people aged 16-24 and BME groups are most likely to smoke cigarettes.
- People with a disability or long term illness are most likely to smoke roll-ups.
- E-cigarette use is highest amongst men and people aged 25-44.
- Most E-cigarette users described themselves as having quit smoking and are not included as smokers in the dashboard 32.

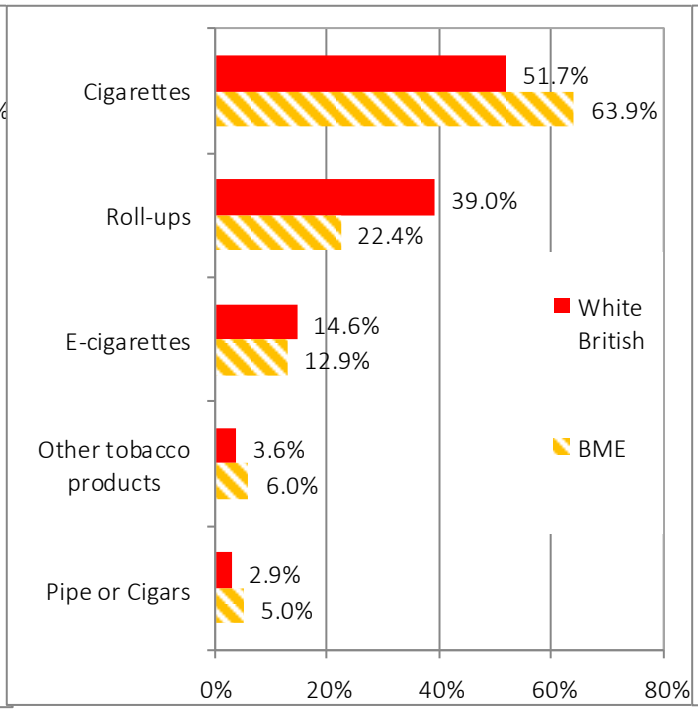
Substances by gender



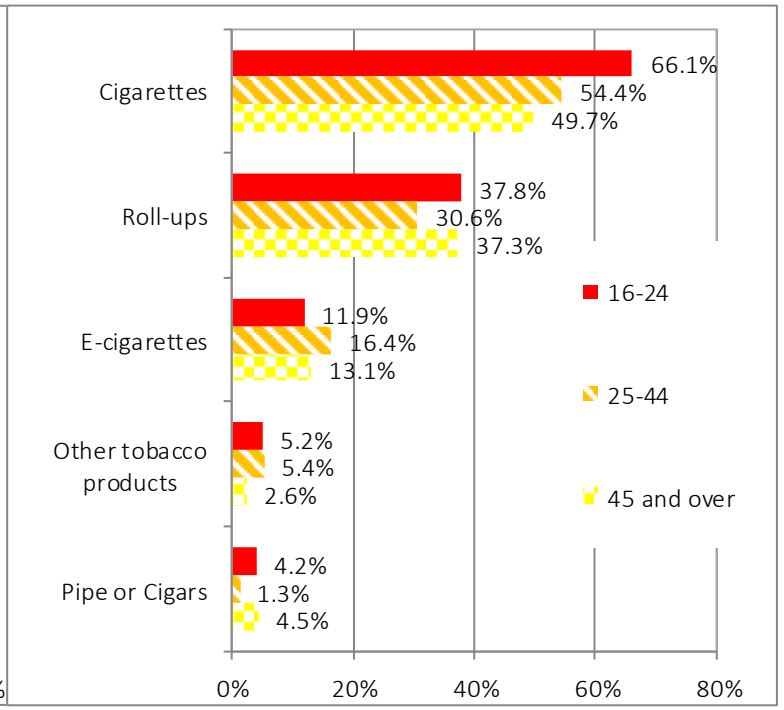
Substances by disability or long term illness



Substances by ethnicity



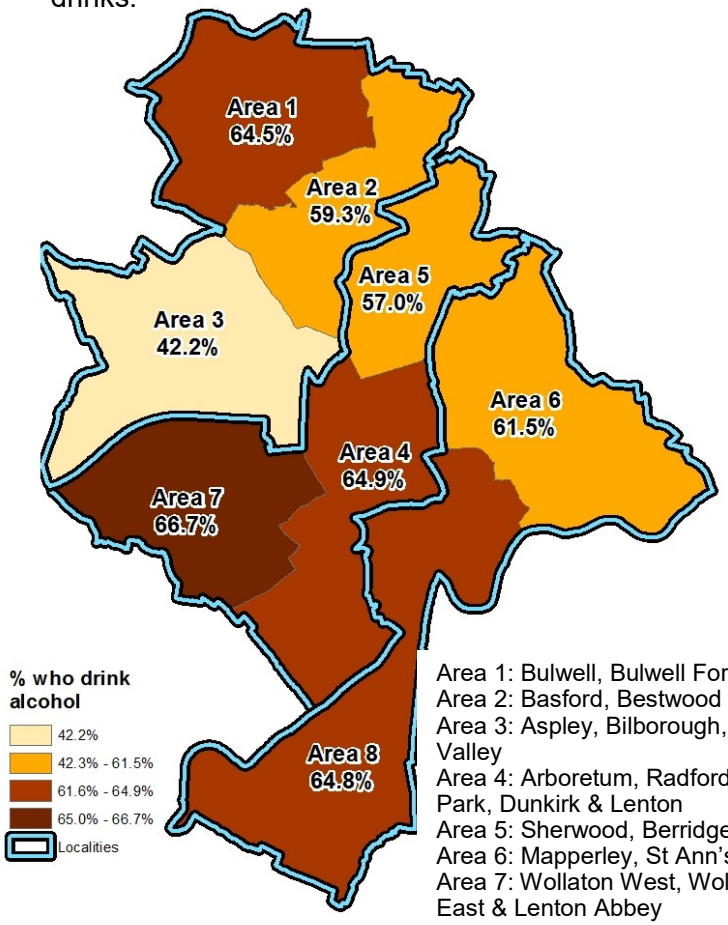
Substances by age



34: Alcohol Drinking

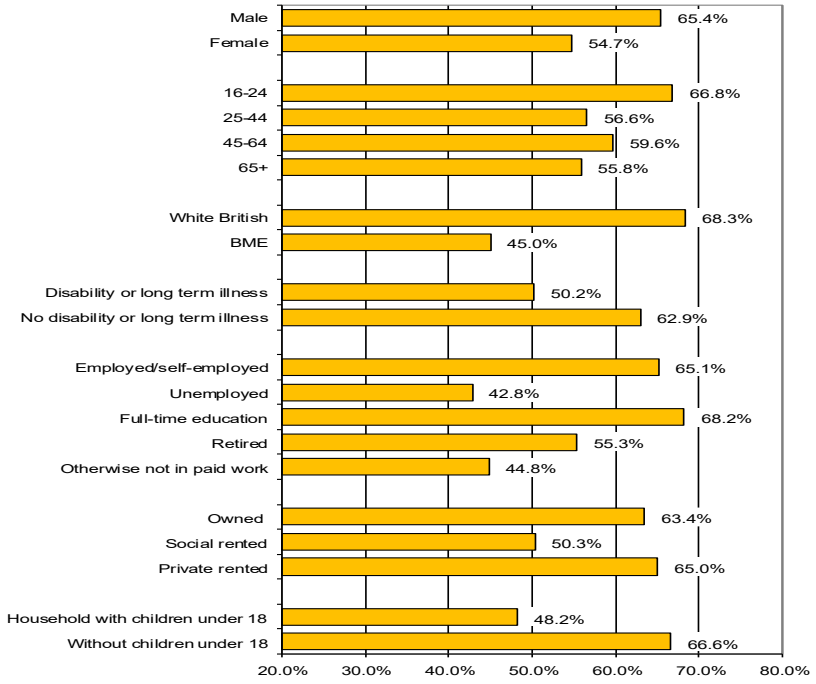
Headline: 60% drink alcoholic drinks

Percentage of respondents who drink alcoholic drinks.

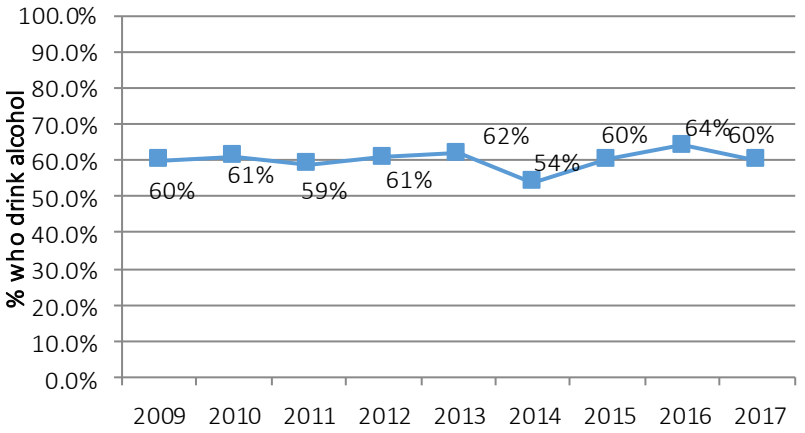


Area 1: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest
Area 2: Basford, Bestwood
Area 3: Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley
Area 4: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton
Area 5: Sherwood, Berridge
Area 6: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales
Area 7: Wollaton West, Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey
Area 8: Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

Alcohol drinking by demographic group



City Change over time (percentage who drink alcohol)



Key Points

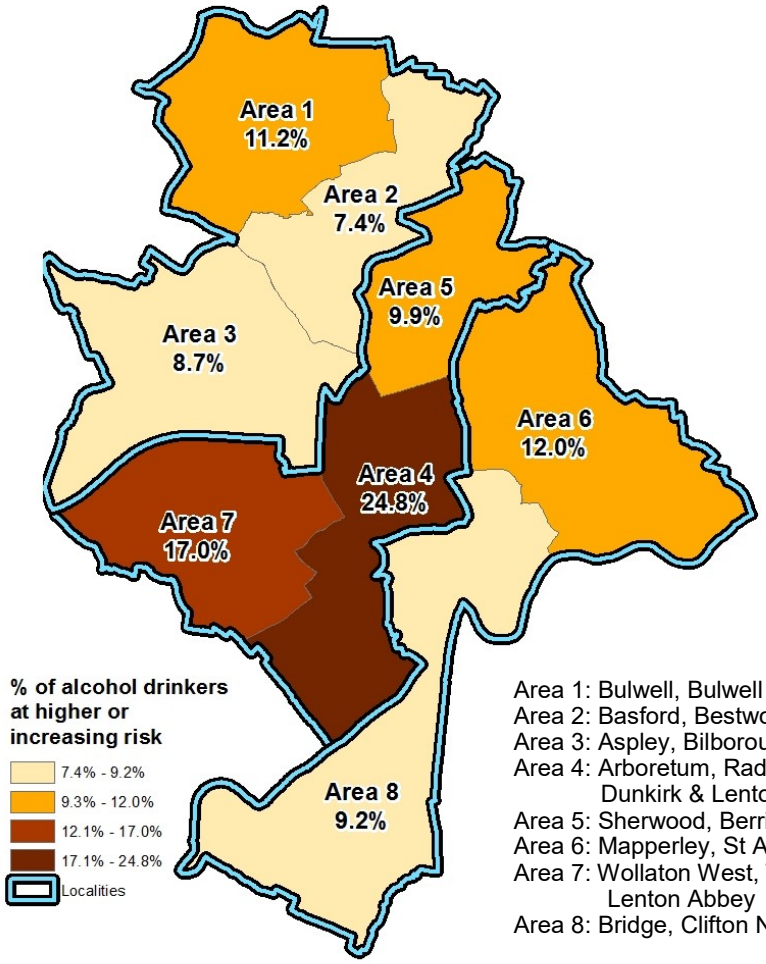
- 60.0% of respondents drink alcoholic drinks. This is a decrease from 64.1% in 2016.
- Alcohol drinking is highest in Areas 7 where two thirds of respondents drink alcohol.
- Area 3 had the smallest proportion of respondents who drink alcohol.
- Areas 3,5, 7 and 8 saw large falls in alcohol drinking in the last year.
- Alcohol drinking is highest amongst people in the White British ethnic group and those in full time education.
- People who are unemployed or 'Otherwise not in paid employment' are least likely to drink alcohol.
- 65% of men drink alcohol compared to 55% of women.
- People who have a disability or long term illness are less likely to drink alcohol than people who do not.

Based on 2,014 respondents in total. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

35: Alcohol Risk Categories

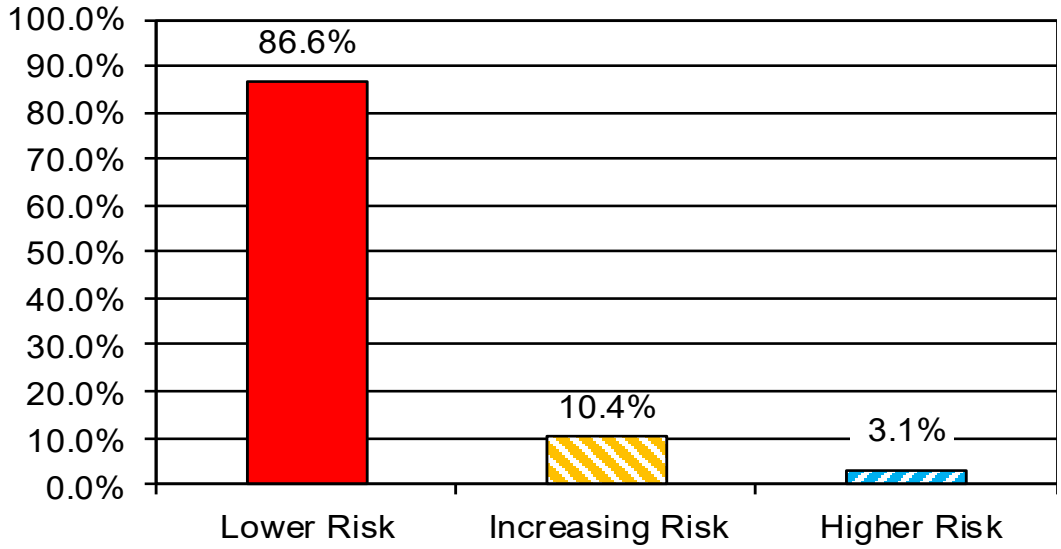
Headline: 13% of people who drink alcoholic drinks are at higher or increasing risk of developing alcohol related health problems

Percentage of alcohol drinking respondents who are at higher or increasing risk of developing alcohol related health problems

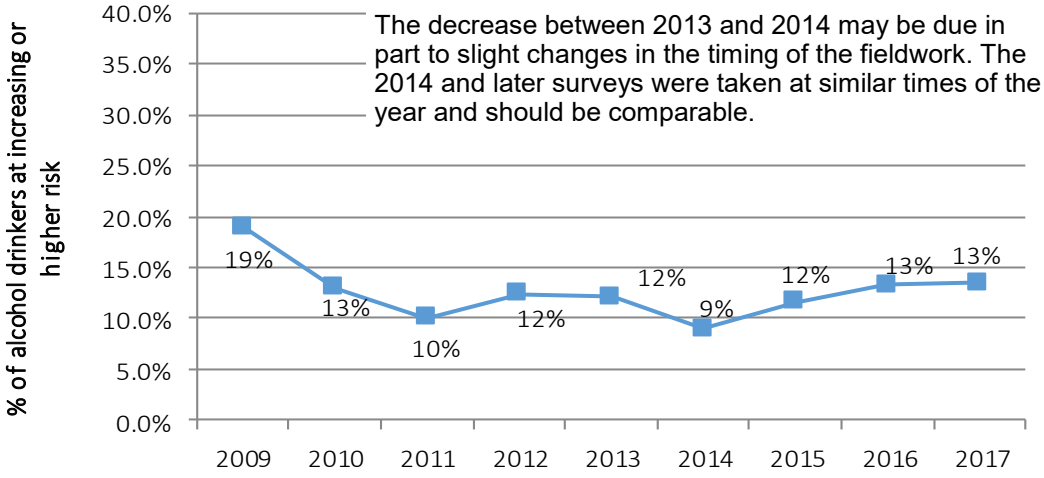


Area 1: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest
Area 2: Basford, Bestwood
Area 3: Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley
Area 4: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton
Area 5: Sherwood, Berridge
Area 6: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales
Area 7: Wollaton West, Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey
Area 8: Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

Risk of developing alcohol related health problems



City Change over time (percentage at higher or increasing risk)



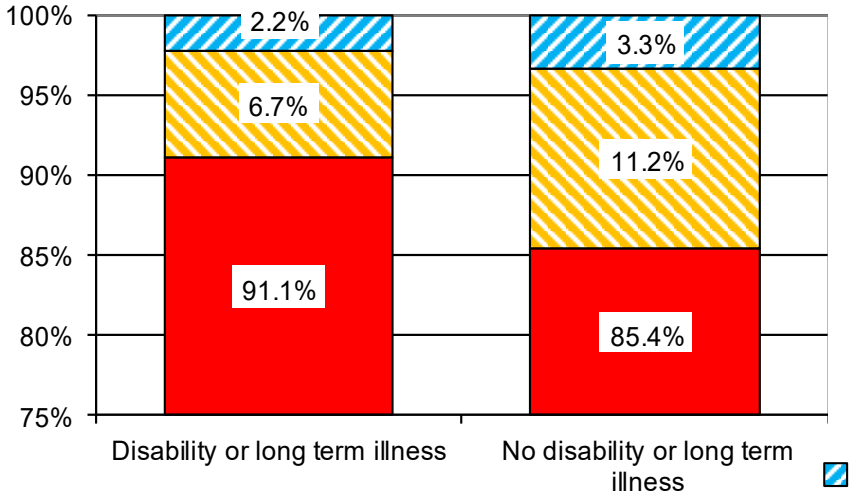
The decrease between 2013 and 2014 may be due in part to slight changes in the timing of the fieldwork. The 2014 and later surveys were taken at similar times of the year and should be comparable.

Based on 1,181 respondents who drink alcohol . Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

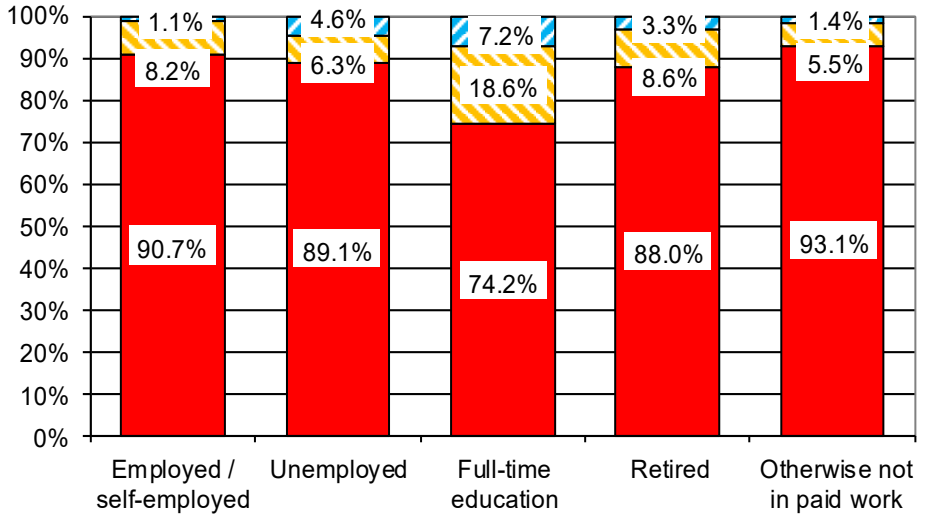
Key Points

- Nearly a quarter of alcohol drinkers in Area 4 are at higher or increasing risk. Areas 2 and 3 have the lowest proportions of respondents at risk.
- The most at risk groups are people in full time education and those aged 16-24. White British alcohol drinkers are more likely to be at increasing or higher risk than people from BME groups.

Alcohol risk categories by disability or long term illness



Alcohol risk categories by employment status

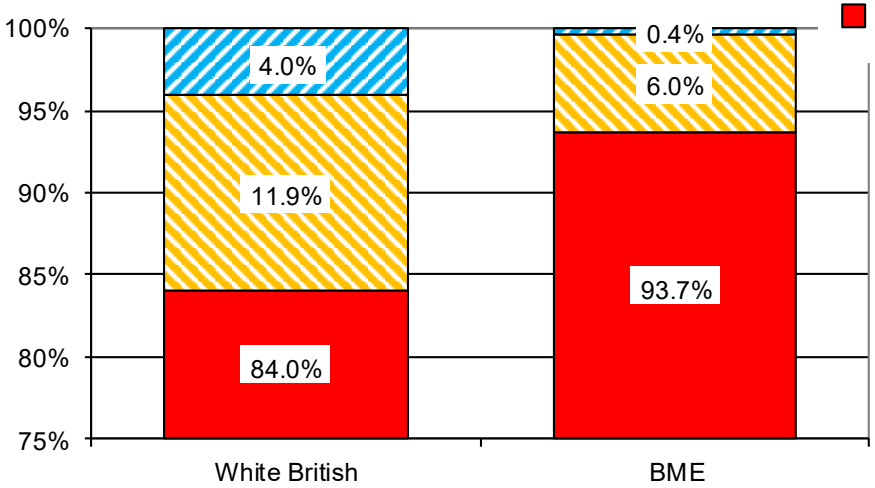


Higher Risk

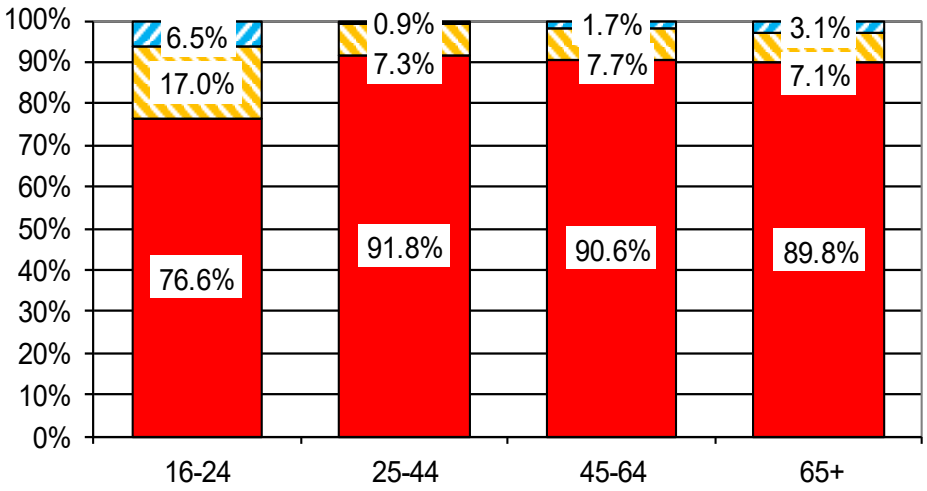
Increasing Risk

Lower Risk

Alcohol risk categories by ethnic group



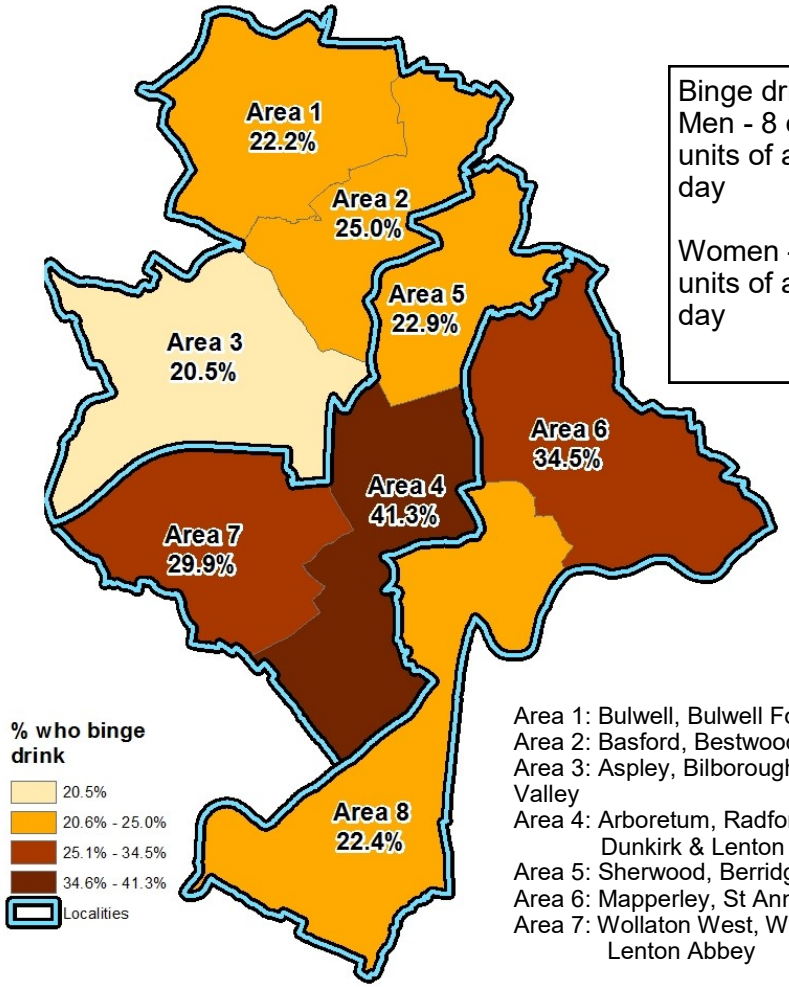
Alcohol risk categories by age



36: Binge drinking

Headline: 29% of alcohol drinkers binge drink

Percentage of alcohol drinking respondents who binge drink.

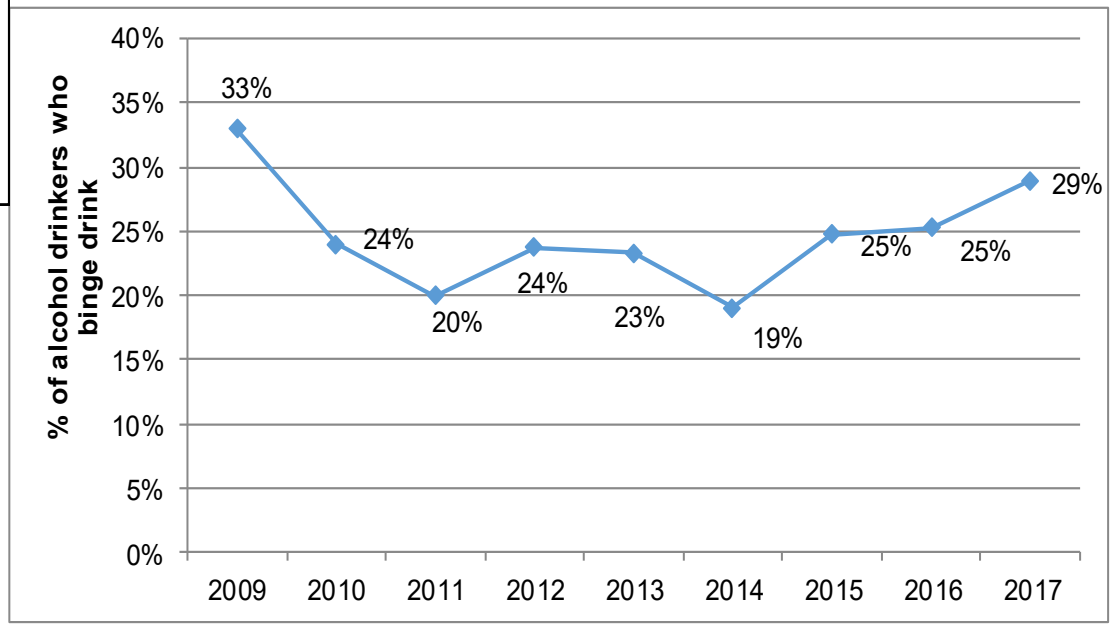


Binge drinking is:
Men - 8 or more units of alcohol per day

Women - 6 or more units of alcohol per day

Area 1: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest
Area 2: Basford, Bestwood
Area 3: Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley
Area 4: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton
Area 5: Sherwood, Berridge
Area 6: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales
Area 7: Wollaton West, Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey

City Change over time (percentage who binge drink)



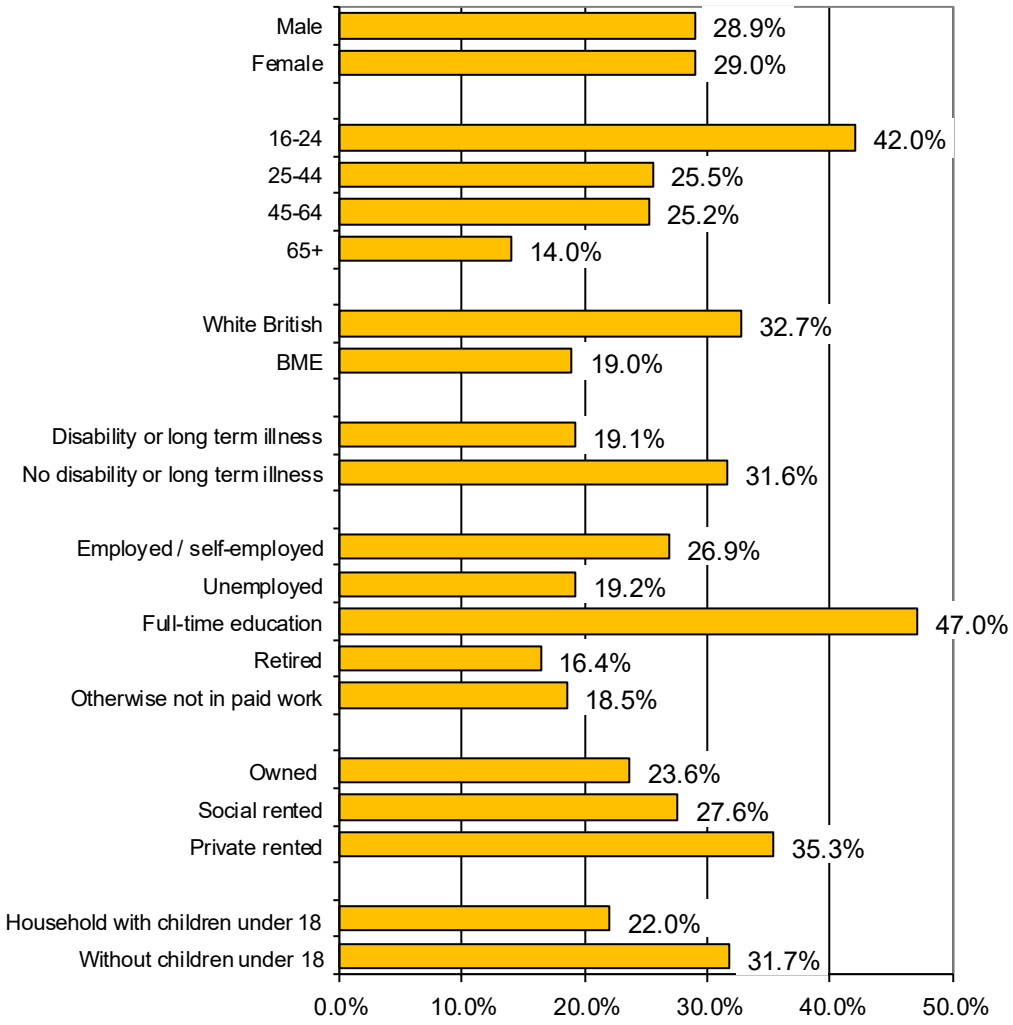
The decrease between 2013 and 2014 may be due in part to slight changes in the timing of the fieldwork. The 2014, 2015 and 2016 surveys were taken at similar times of the year and should be comparable.

Based on 1,181 respondents who drink alcohol. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

Key Points

- Area 4 has the highest proportion of alcohol drinkers who binge drink.
- Alcohol drinkers in full time education and those aged 16-24 are most likely to binge drink. All groups except BME groups and people in private rented accommodation have seen increases in binge drinking in the last year.
- The over 65s are least likely to binge drink.

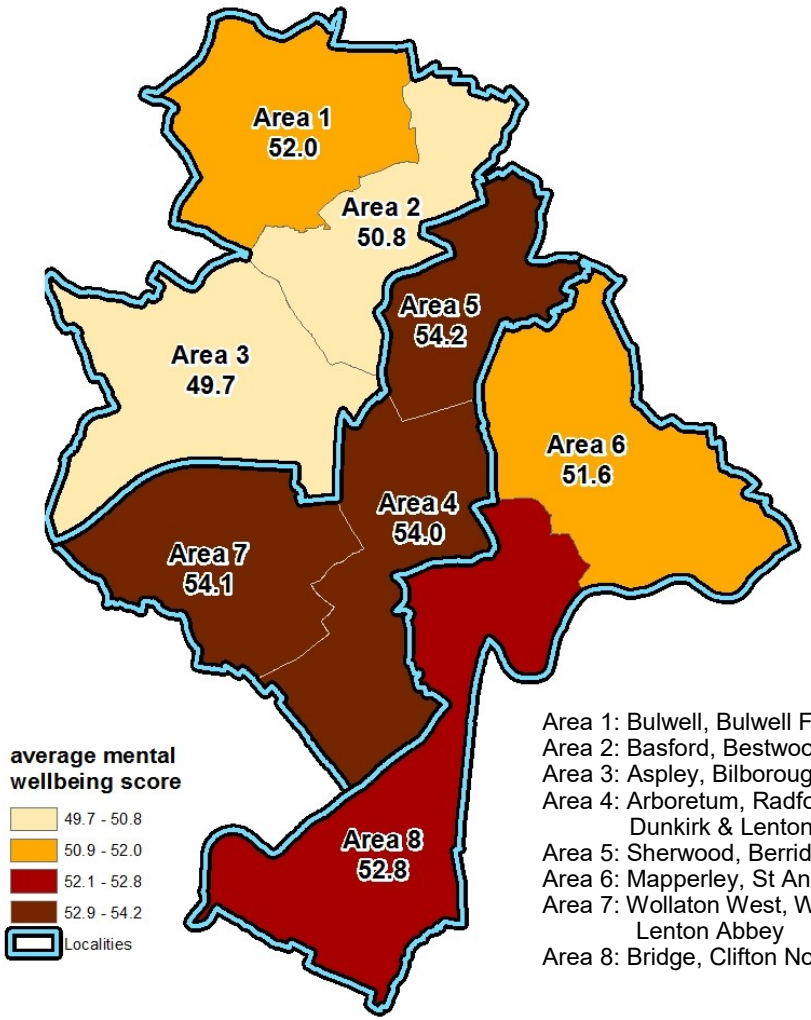
Binge drinking by demographic group



37: Mental wellbeing categories (1 of 2)

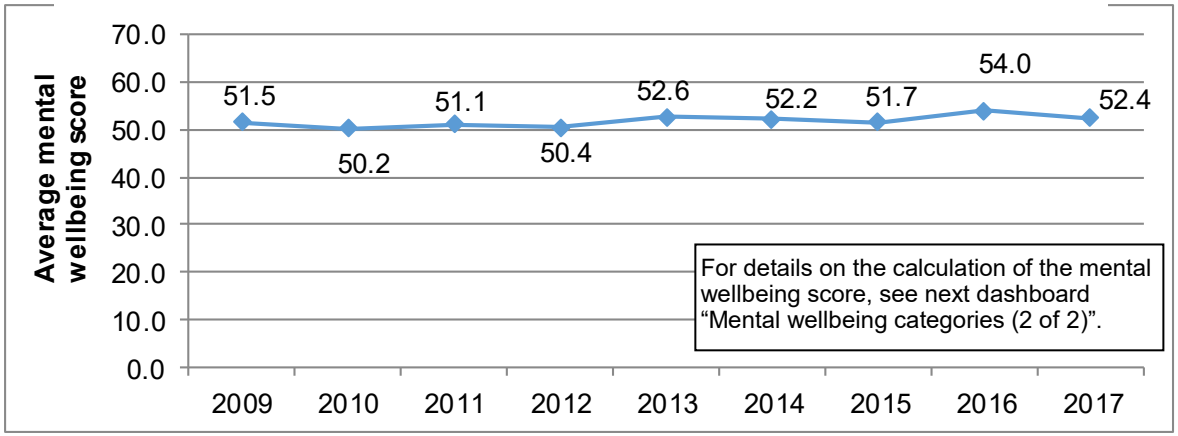
Headline: Fall in average mental wellbeing score

Mental wellbeing indicator average score (out of 70)

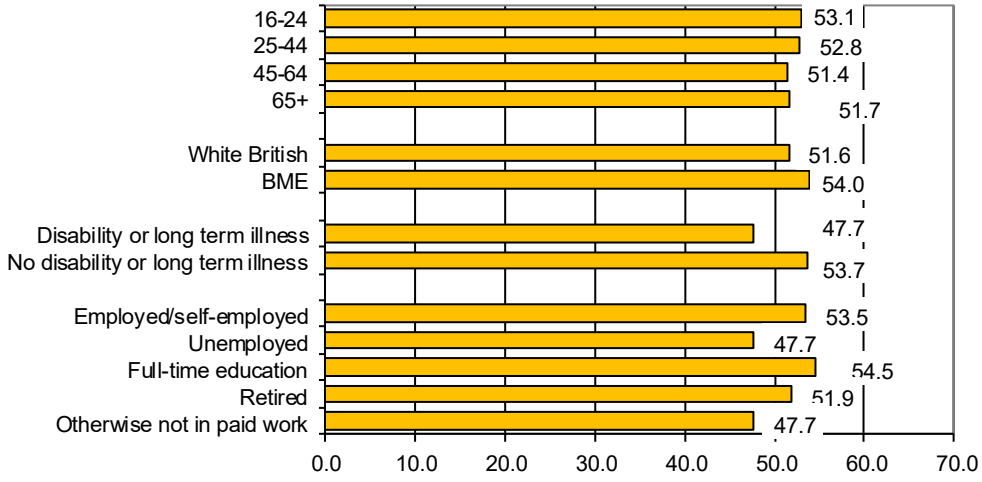


Area 1: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest
Area 2: Basford, Bestwood
Area 3: Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley
Area 4: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton
Area 5: Sherwood, Berridge
Area 6: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales
Area 7: Wollaton West, Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey
Area 8: Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

City Change over time (average mental wellbeing score out of 70)



Mental Wellbeing by demographic group



Based on 1,887 respondents in total. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

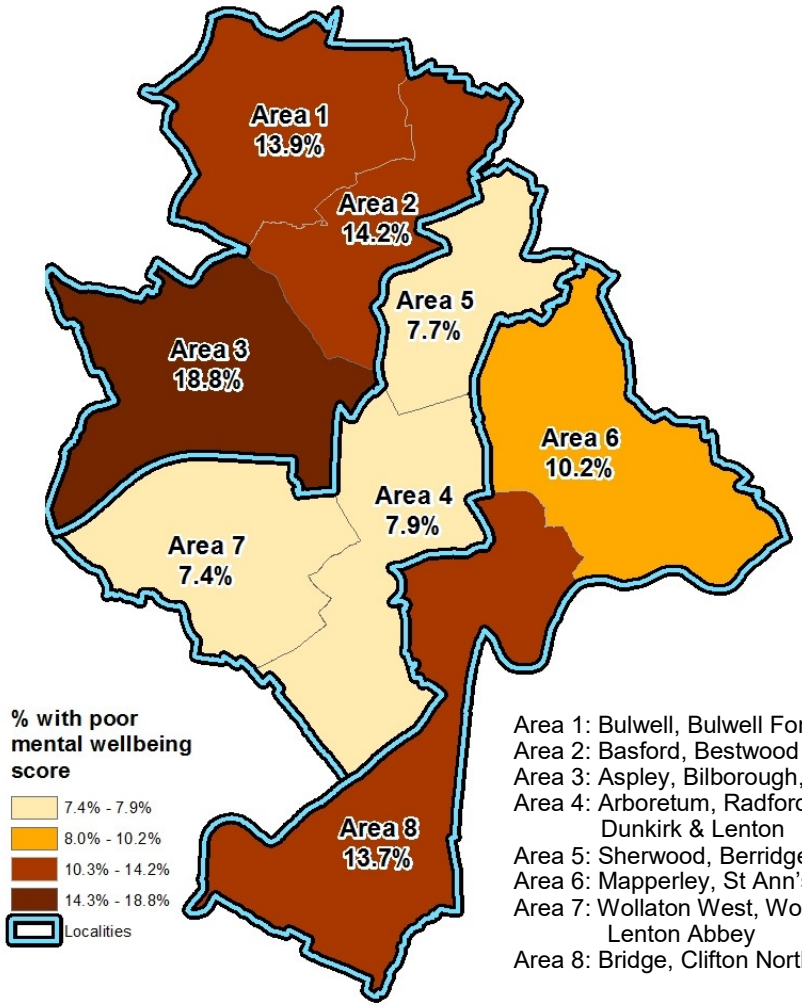
Key Points

- The average score for Nottingham (52.4) is slightly higher than the England average of 50.1 (Health Survey for England 2016).
- Areas 4,5 and 7 have the highest average levels of mental wellbeing. Areas 2 and 3 have the lowest.
- The largest falls in the last year were in Area 2 and for unemployed people.

38: Mental wellbeing categories (2 of 2)

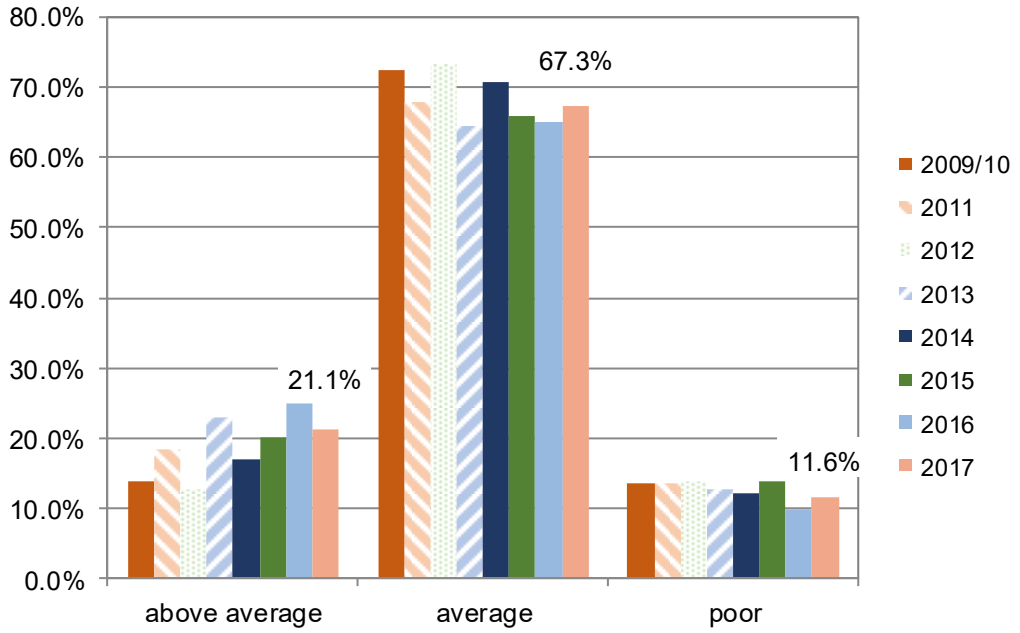
Headline: There is variation in mental wellbeing across different groups and areas

Percentage of respondents with a poor mental wellbeing score.



Area 1: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest
Area 2: Basford, Bestwood
Area 3: Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley
Area 4: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton
Area 5: Sherwood, Berridge
Area 6: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales
Area 7: Wollaton West, Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey
Area 8: Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

Mental wellbeing categories—Nottingham City



The Mental wellbeing indicator (the Warwick Edinburgh Mental Wellbeing Scale) is based on a series of 14 questions with a total score between 14 and 70.

Above average mental wellbeing is indicated by a score of more than 60. A score between 42 and 60 indicates average mental well-being and a score below 42 indicates poor mental wellbeing. Most people's score will be in the average range.

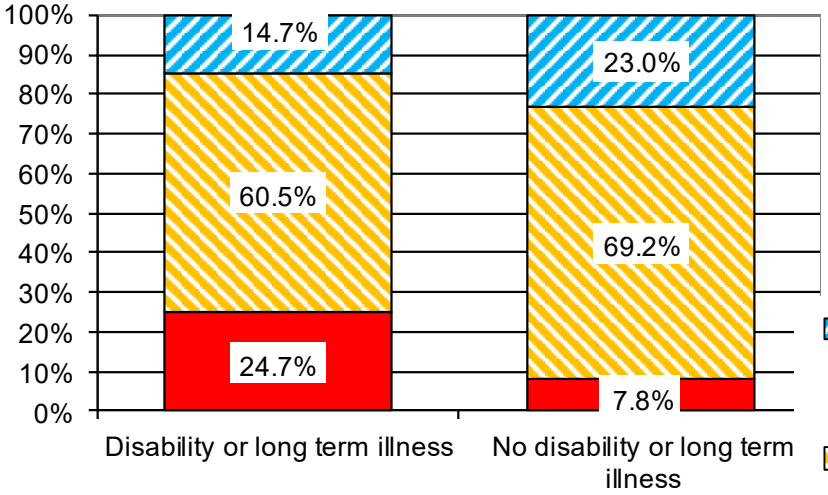
A combined figure for 2009/10 is presented for comparison as this was the baseline used in the Nottingham Plan.

Based on 1,887 respondents in total. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

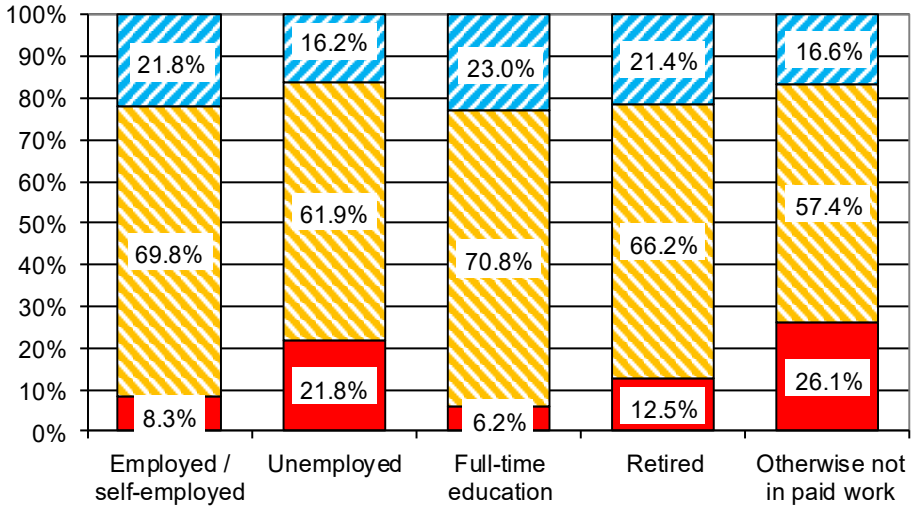
Key Points

- Overall, 11.6% of respondents had a poor mental wellbeing score, this was a increase from 2016 but still the second lowest proportion since 2009/10.
- In Area 3, 18.8% of respondents have a poor mental wellbeing score, this has increased from 12.8% in 2016. Areas 2 and 8 also saw increases in poor mental wellbeing scores. Area 5 saw the largest improvement.
- The highest proportions of people with poor mental wellbeing scores are those who are 'Otherwise not in paid work' and people who have a disability or long term illness.

Mental wellbeing categories by disability or long term illness



Mental wellbeing categories by employment status

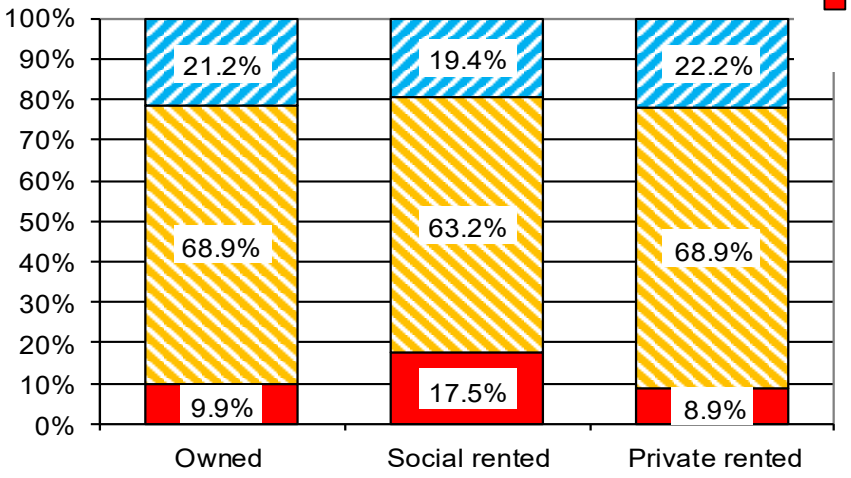


Good mental wellbeing

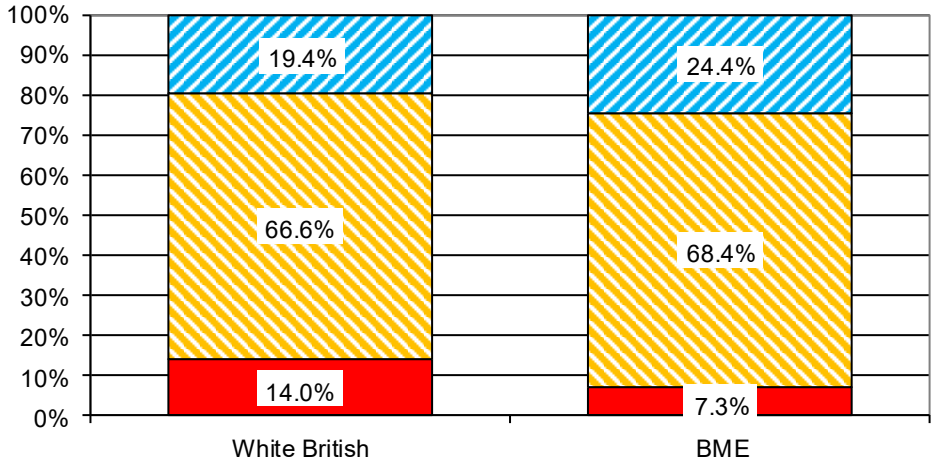
Average mental wellbeing

Poor mental wellbeing

Mental wellbeing categories by housing tenure



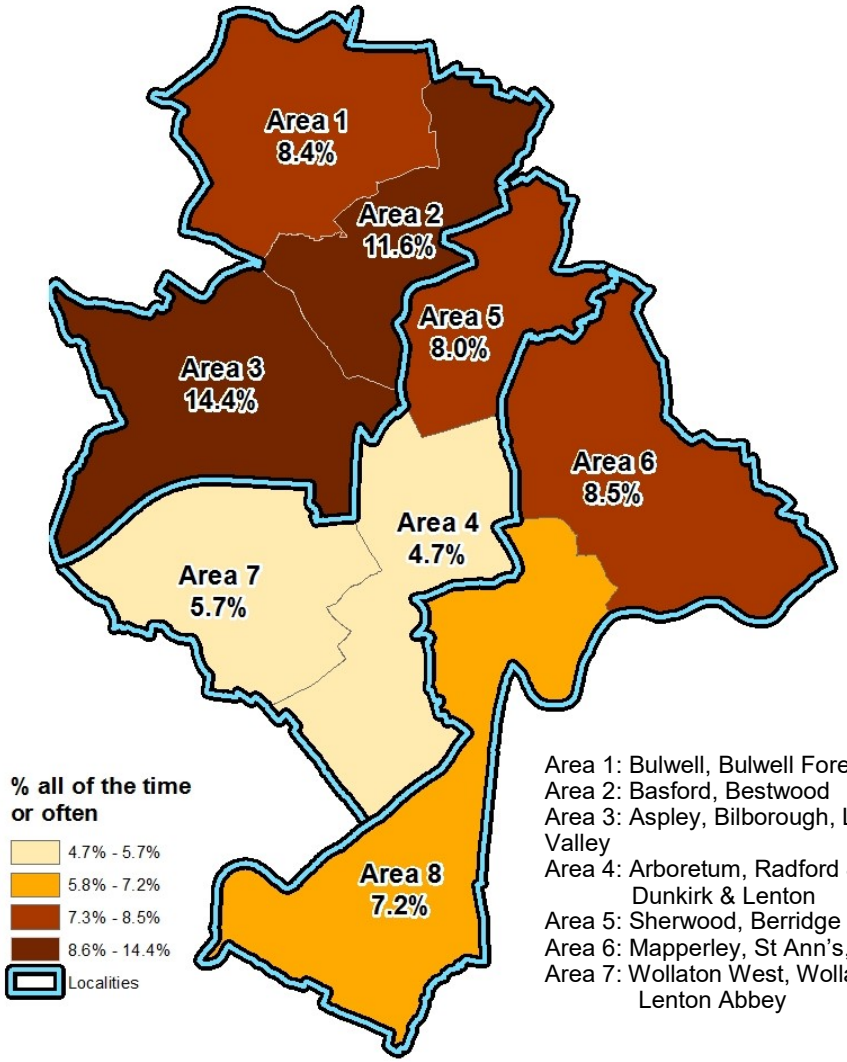
Mental wellbeing categories by ethnic group



39: Loneliness

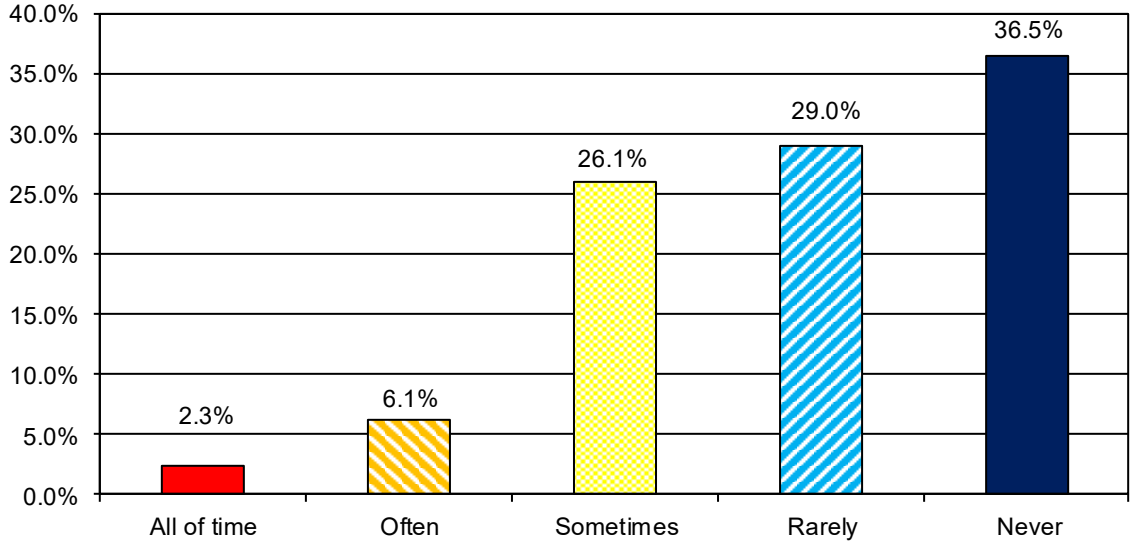
Headline: 8% of respondents feel lonely

Percentage of respondents who feel lonely all the time or often.



Area 1: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest
Area 2: Basford, Bestwood
Area 3: Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley
Area 4: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton
Area 5: Sherwood, Berridge
Area 6: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales
Area 7: Wollaton West, Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey

Respondents who feel lonely

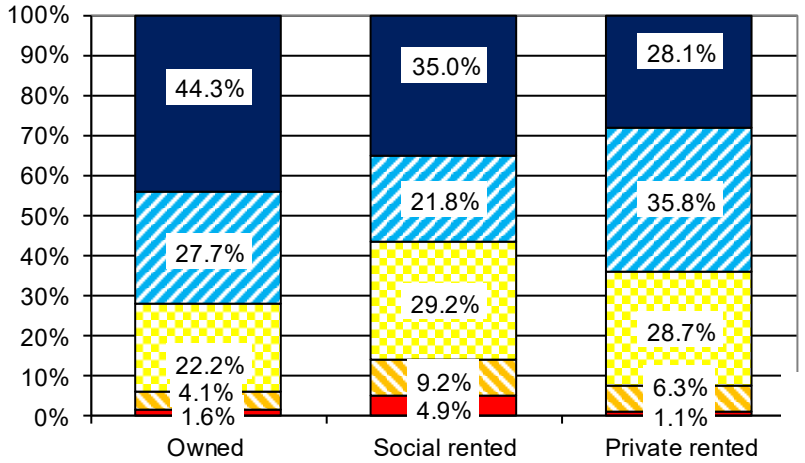


Based on 1,873 respondents in total. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

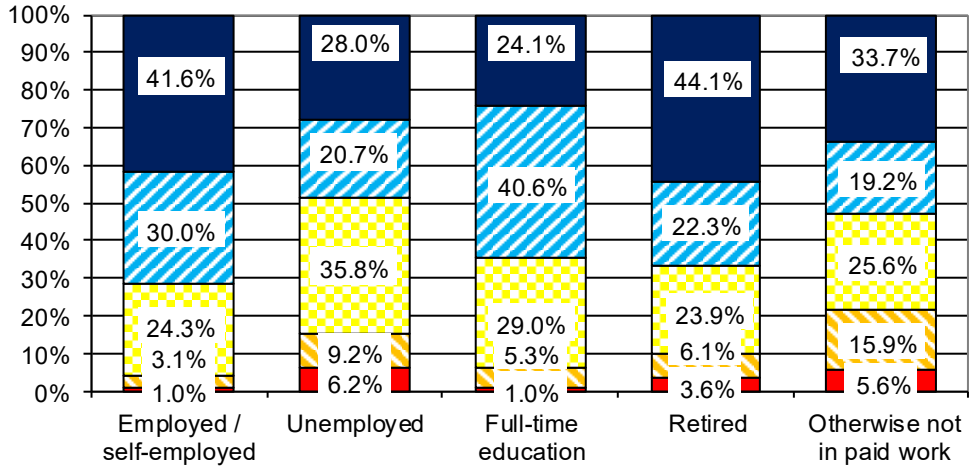
Key Points

- Area 3 has the highest proportion of respondents who feel lonely often or all of the time.
- The highest rates are for people with a disability or long term illness, or people who are 'Otherwise not in paid employment'.
- People in employment, BME groups and people with no disability or long term illness are least likely to feel lonely.

Loneliness by housing tenure

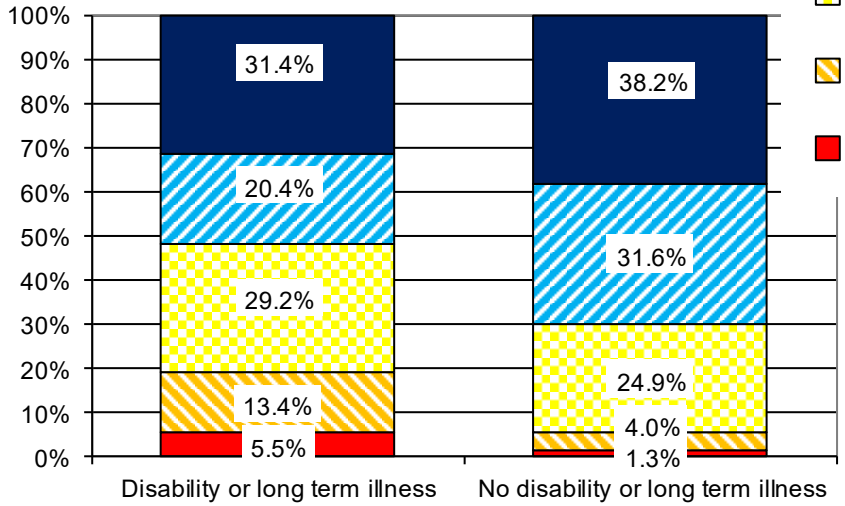


Loneliness by employment status

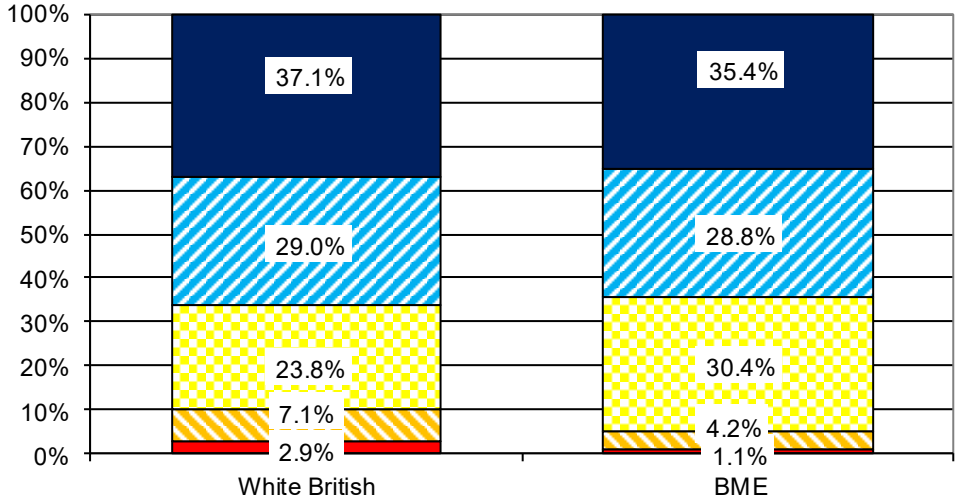


Never
Rarely
Sometimes
Often
All of time

Loneliness by disability or long term illness



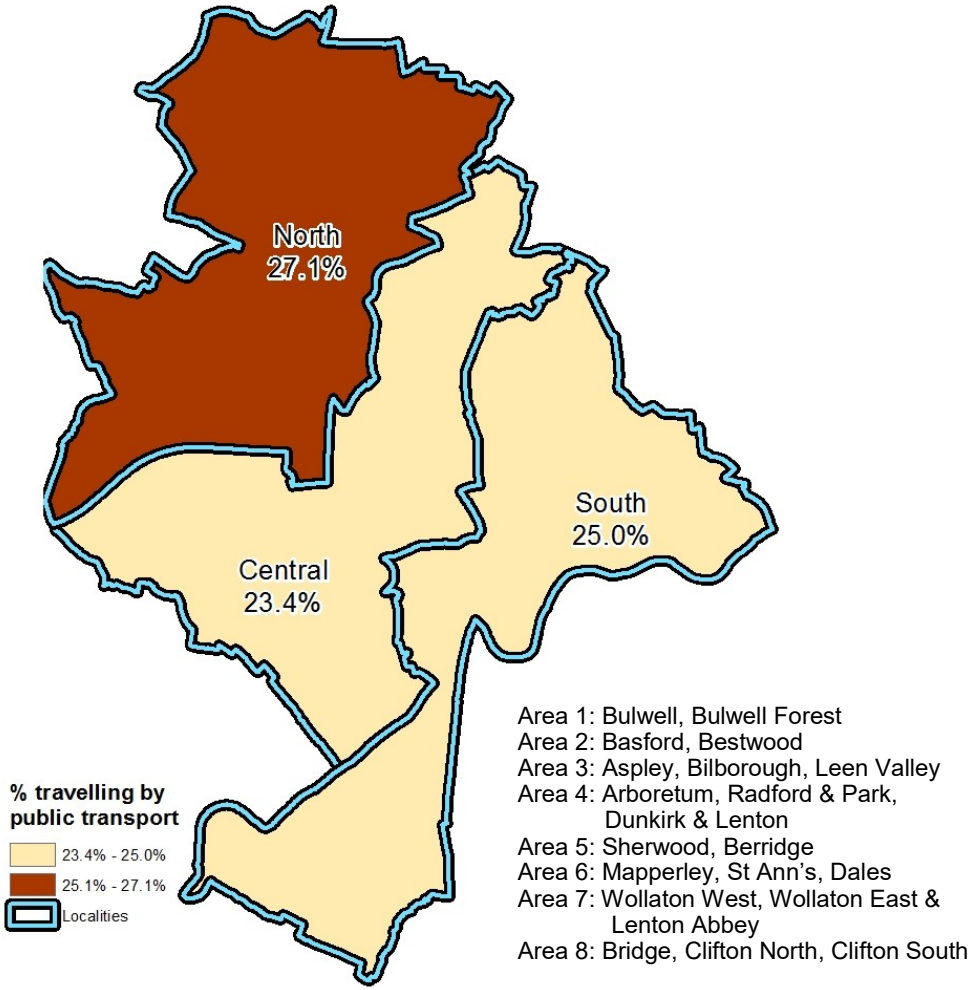
Loneliness by ethnic group



40: Method of travel to work

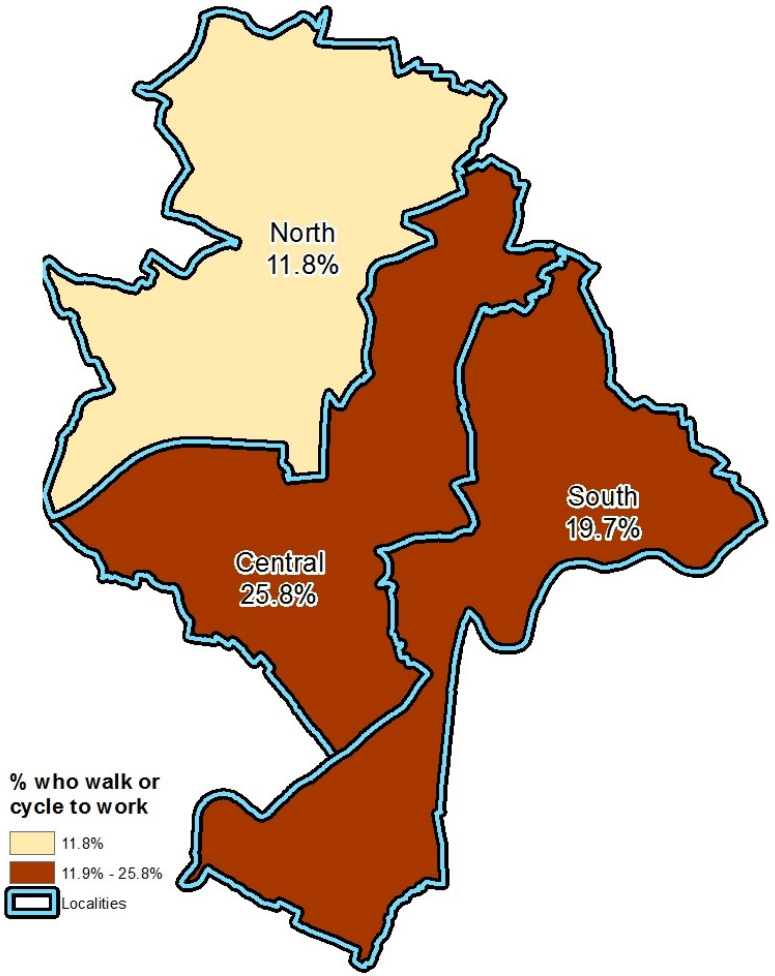
Headline: 25.3% use public transport, 18.8% walk or cycle

Percentage of respondents who travel to work by public transport



Area 1: Bulwell, Bulwell Forest
Area 2: Basford, Bestwood
Area 3: Aspley, Bilborough, Leen Valley
Area 4: Arboretum, Radford & Park, Dunkirk & Lenton
Area 5: Sherwood, Berridge
Area 6: Mapperley, St Ann's, Dales
Area 7: Wollaton West, Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey
Area 8: Bridge, Clifton North, Clifton South

Percentage of respondents who travel to work by bike or on foot

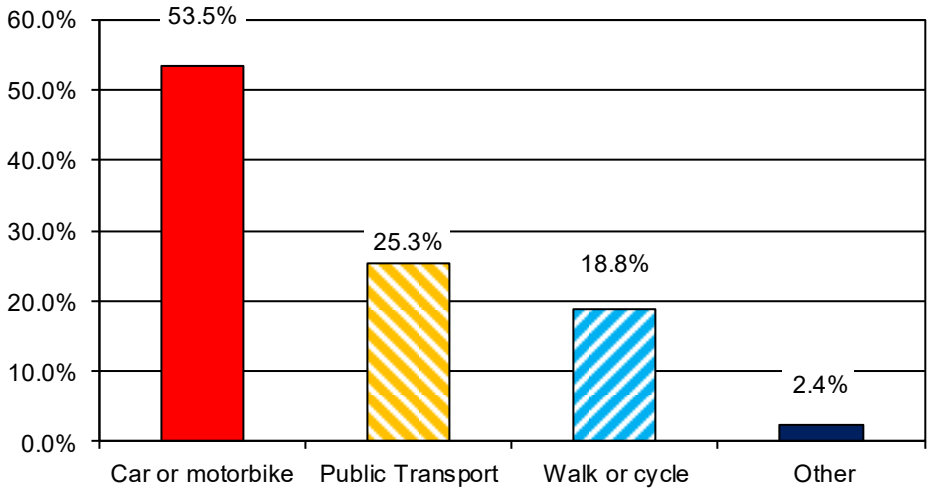


Based on 820 respondents in total who travel to work, respondents who work from home are not included. Figures are subject to confidence limits and small differences between groups may not be statistically significant. See technical appendix for details.

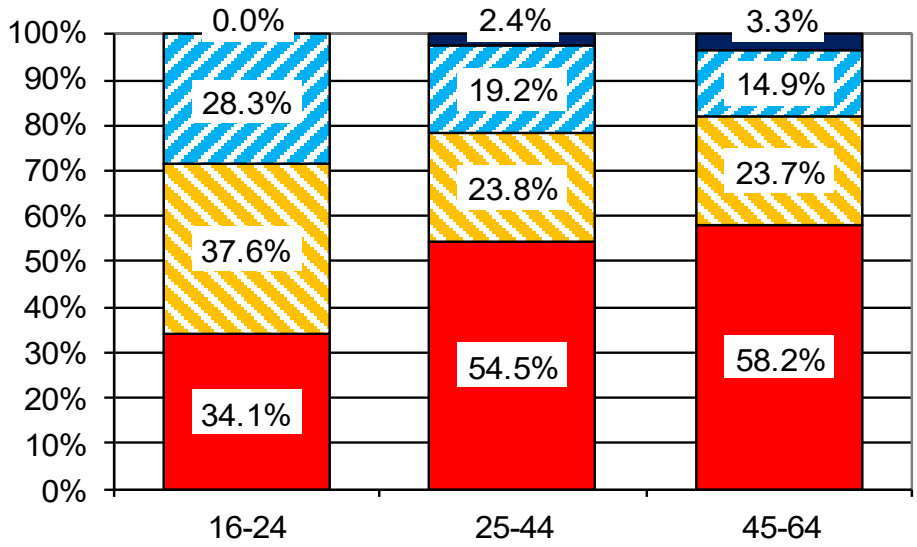
Key Points

- 27.1% of respondents in the North Locality travel to work by public transport. The Central Locality has the highest proportions who walk or cycle to work (25.8%).
- Travelling by car or motorbike either as a driver or passenger is the most frequent option for every group except the 16-24 age group.
- The 16 to 24 age group is the most likely to use public transport to travel to work and people in private rented accommodation are most likely to walk or cycle.

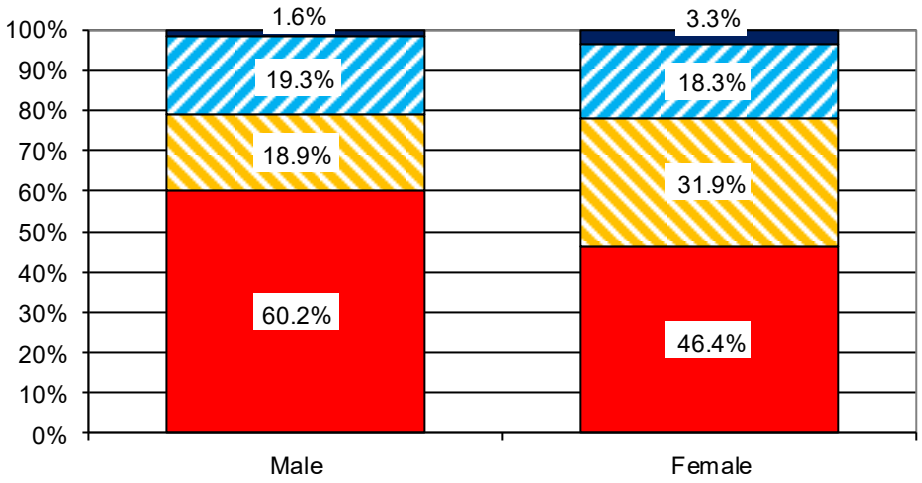
Method of travel to work



Method by age



Method by gender



Method by tenure

